

# **ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED

31 DECEMBER 2011

According to Article 4 of the Law 3556/2007

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*I.* Statement of the members of the Board of Directors (according to the article 4, par. 2 of the Law 3556/2007)



# Statement of the members of the Board of Directors (according to the article 4, par.2 of the Law 3556/2007)

To the best of our knowledge, the financial statements of EFG Eurobank Ergasias S.A. (the Bank) and the consolidated financial statements of the Bank and its subsidiaries (the Group) for the year ended 31 December 2011 comply with applicable accounting standards, and present fairly the financial position and the results of the Bank and the Group.

Furthermore, to the best of our knowledge, the Report of the Directors for the year includes a fair review of the development, the performance and the position of the Bank and the Group, together with a description of the principal risks and uncertainties they face.

Athens, 20 April 2012

Efthymios N. Christodoulou I.D. No AB - 049358 CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS Nicholas C. Nanopoulos I.D. No AE - 586794 CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER Michael H. Colakides I.D. No 486588 DEPUTY CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER II. Directors' Report and Corporate Governance Statement

# **REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS**

The directors present their report together with the audited accounts for the year ended 31 December 2011.

# Profit or Loss Attributable

The loss attributable to shareholders of the EFG Eurobank Ergasias S.A Group (Eurobank EFG or the Group) for 2011 after taking into account the  $\notin$ 5,480m exceptional items ( $\notin$ 4,810m after tax impairment of Greek sovereign exposure and other non recurring valuation losses of  $\notin$ 670m after tax) amounted to  $\notin$ 5,508m (2010:  $\notin$ 68m profit) as set out in the consolidated income statement on page 3.

# Greek sovereign debt exchange programme

On 21 July 2011 the Heads of State of Governments of the Euro-area and European Union (EU) institutions agreed to an integrated assistance plan for Greece, including a voluntary debt exchange programme for the Private Sector and a debt buy back programme (Private Sector Involvement – PSI). The July PSI plan was not implemented and EU authorities formulated a new package to support Greece and enhance its debt sustainability. At the European Summit on 26 October 2011, the Eurozone Heads of State agreed on a comprehensive set of measures, including a voluntary bond exchange with a nominal discount of 50% on the face value of debt held by private investors (the new PSI programme, PSI+) and a new reform programme for the Greek economy supporting growth. On 21 February 2012 the Euro-area finance ministers finalised the second support programme for Greece, including financial assistance from the Official Sector and an agreement with the Private Sector for the voluntary debt exchange forgiving 53.5% of the face value of Greek debt. The new programme aims for debt sustainability and restoring competitiveness, and provides a comprehensive blueprint for putting the public finances and the economy of Greece back on a sustainable basis.

Following these developments, in February 2012 the Group exchanged Greek Government Bonds and other eligible securities of face value  $\in$ 7,336m and, in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, recognized in 2011 an impairment loss of  $\in$ 5,779m before tax (note 5 to the consolidated accounts).

# **Recapitalization Framework and Process**

Given the severity of the Greek bond exchange programme (PSI+), on 21 February 2012 the Euro–area finance ministers allocated a total of €50bn of the second support programme for Greece specifically for the support of the Greek Banking system. These funds will be directed to the Hellenic Financial Stability Fund (HFSF) whose mandate has been extended and enhanced accordingly. The first tranche of these funds was remitted to Greece in April.

# **REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS**

The Bank of Greece (BoG) is currently assessing the viability of each Greek Bank and estimating its capital needs, taking into consideration both the PSI+ impact and the difficult economic environment of the next three years, for which adequate buffers must be set aside. BoG's assessment of capital needs is based on a minimum EBA Equity Tier I ratio of 9% by September 2012 and 10% by June 2013, with also a minimum 7% required under a 3 year adverse stress scenario at end December 2014.

The BoG's and the European Central Bank's initial assessment is that the €50bn is adequate to cover the capital needs, as above, of the viable Greek banks and the resolution of the non viable ones. BoG is expected to communicate its assessment to each bank by 30 April 2012.

Banks considered viable are given the opportunity to apply for and receive EBA Core Tier Ieligible capital from the HFSF under a certain process. Capital may take the form of ordinary shares, contingent convertible bonds or ordinary shares with restricted voting rights. Ordinary shares with restricted voting rights will only be available if private investors contribute at least 10% of the capital raising. Law 4051/2012, which regulates the above, underlines that among its main objectives are to incentivise the participation of private investors and to maintain the business autonomy of the banks.

A Cabinet Council Act, agreed in consultation with the Troika (European Commission, ECB and IMF), will provide the technical details of the banks' recapitalization framework, embodying the above principles, probably by end of May 2012. For more details see also note 6 to the consolidated accounts.

# **Eurobank EFG Capital Requirements**

Excluding the impairment losses on Greek sovereign exposure (PSI+) the bank's requlatory capital would stand at  $\in$ 5.2bn (end 2010 :  $\in$ 5.6bn), its Capital Adequacy Ratio at 12% (2010 : 11.7%) and EBA Core Tier I Ratio at 9.8% (2010 : 9.0%). Proforma with the liability management exercise successfully completed in February 2012, and the disposal of the Turkish operations which was agreed in April 2012 and is expected to be completed in the autumn, the EBA Equity Tier I ratio would increase to 11.0% (note 7.3 to the accounts), equivalent to  $\notin$ 880m additional capital above the September 2012 threshold of 9%.

The regulatory impact of PSI+, including the non-recognition of deferred tax, totals €5.8bn, therefore the Group has obtained HFSF's commitment for a €4.2bn capital support, which would bring the Group's Total Capital Adequacy Ratio above 8%.

The regulatory impact of the 3 year adverse stress scenario is currently being estimated in cooperation with the Bank of Greece and HFSF both on a short term and a medium term basis.

# **REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS**

The Group continues the implementation of its medium term internal capital generating plan, which includes initiatives which generate or release EBA–equity capital and/or reduce Risk Weighted Assets. In addition the Group is preparing for the capital raising that must be completed by end of September 2012.

The Directors have concluded that the Group is viable and have a reasonable expectation that the recapitalization of the Group will be promptly and successfully completed.

# Merger with Alpha Bank S.A.

The merger of Eurobank with Alpha Bank, as announced in August 2011, was approved with a great majority by both shareholders' meetings on 15 November 2011. On 23 January 2012 the last regulatory approval was obtained. Ever since all substansive and formal prerequisites have been fulfilled and only the execution of the notarial deed as legally required is pending. Instead, Alpha Bank on 3 April 2012, following several announcements, has called for a shareholders' meeting for 26 April 2012 with an agenda item to abort the merger procedure. Eurobank has presented with clarity its position and has reserved its legal rights.

# Greek Economy Liquidity Support Program (law 3723/2008)

Eurobank EFG participates in the Greek Government's program to support liquidity in the Greek economy under Law 3723/2008, as amended (note 4 to the consolidated accounts).

# Dividends

Relevant legislation does not allow banks participating in the Greek Economy Liquidity Support Program to declare a cash dividend to the ordinary shareholder for the financial years 2008 to date. Based on the 2011 results, the Directors will not recommend to the Shareholders' Annual General Meeting the distribution of dividends to either ordinary or preference shareholders.

In June 2011, the Annual General Meeting approved, the distribution to the Hellenic Republic of the 10% preference dividend for 2010 amounting to €95m (note 48 to the accounts).

# **Activities and Regional Presence**

Eurobank EFG is a financial services provider engaged in retail, corporate and private banking, asset management, insurance, and treasury and capital markets services. The Group operates through branches, offices and subsidiaries in Greece and the region of Central, Eastern and South-eastern Europe (New Europe). Its regional presence is concentrated primarily in Euro–zone members (Greece, Cyprus, Luxembourg), European Union members (Romania and Bulgaria) and candidate member nations (Serbia and Turkey).

# Strategic Cooperation in Poland

On 4 February 2011, Eurobank EFG announced a strategic cooperation in Poland, whereby 70% of Eurobank EFG's operations in Poland (Polbank EFG) will be transferred to Raiffeisen Bank International (RBI) and the remaining 30% will be exchanged for 13% in the to-becombined Polbank EFG-RBI Poland operations. This initiative, which will be completed in April 2012, enhances significantly the Group's Capital Adequacy Ratio and its liquidity position.

Based on the terms of the Investment Agreement with RBI, in March 2011 Eurobank EFG proceeded with the derecognition of its Polish operations for a total consideration of €718m (note 17 to the consolidated accounts) including the minimum value of the Group's put option on its 13% stake in the combined–with-RBI Polish operations.

# **Disposal of Turkish Operations**

On 9 April 2012 the Group entered into a sale agreement for the transfer of Eurobank Tekfen A.S and its subsidiaries to Burgan Bank of Kuwait. The completion of the sale is expected in the autumn of 2012, subject to regulatory approvals by the competent authorities. The transaction will further increase Eurobank EFG's capital adequacy and improve its liquidity position (note 27 to the consolidated account).

# **Financial Results Review**

The Greek sovereign debt crisis has severely impacted the Greek economy for a second year, and adversely affected the Group's operations. The mounting uncertainty in markets, mainly in Greece but also in the Eurozone, and the negative sentiment among the Group's clients and counterparties, especially in the second half of 2011, have created a very difficult market environment. In this particularly challenging context, and isolating the impact of participating in the restructuring of Greek debt, the Group's operations have shown remarkable resilience adjusting to the prevailing conditions and absorbing the bulk of the negative repercussions. As at 31 December 2011 total assets amounted to  $\epsilon$ 76.8bn (2010:  $\epsilon$ 83.9bn<sup>1</sup>) as a result of the impairment of its exposure to Greek sovereign debt and continuing selective de-leveraging.

During the year the loan book continued moving towards lower risk categories, with loans excluding consumer lending decreasing by  $2.1\%^1$  to  $\notin 44.4bn$ , whereas consumer lending was down by  $\notin 1bn^1$  or  $12\%^1$  to  $\notin 7bn$ . Gross loans reached  $\notin 51.4bn$ , down  $3.6\%^1$ . In the same period, deposits receded significantly in Greece especially in the second quarter of 2011, as a result of persistent recessionary conditions, public uncertainty and the Public Sector's cash needs. The significant deceleration of deposit outflows in the second half of the year and the increase of deposits by  $\notin 0.4bn$  in New Europe contained the impact, with Group deposits at  $\notin 32.5bn$  end of December.

As a result, the loan-to-deposit (L/D) ratio for the Group at the end of 2011 stood at 148%, up from 124% one year ago, whereas New Europe improved its L/D ratio from  $121\%^{1}$  to 117%.

Due to the Greek sovereign debt crisis, Greek banks obtain a significant part of their funding through the European Central Bank (ECB) and the Bank of Greece. As at 31 December 2011, Eurobank EFG's net funding from these sources totaled €31bn (2010: €20bn).

In 2011 the Group recognized gains of €183m from the disposal of its Polish operations. Further to that and in view of the current unfavourable and uncertain macroeconomic conditions, the Group, formed a €130m collective reserve for securities and derivative exposures (not related with Greek sovereign risk) on an aggregate basis. Excluding the above one off items, and within a distressed macroeconomic environment, the Pre-Provision Income (PPI) totalled €1,258m<sup>2</sup> from €1,450m<sup>1</sup> in 2010. Net interest income stood at €2,039m down only  $3\%^1$  year–on–year, with asset repricing compensating for most of the increased cost of funding and the shift towards lower risk assets. Net interest margin stood at a 2.54% (2010: 2.63%<sup>1</sup>). Fees and commissions, affected by weakened economic and credit activity in Greece, reduced from €434m<sup>1</sup> to €351m, whereas non core revenues significantly declined from €194m<sup>1</sup> in 2010 to €66m<sup>2</sup> in 2011. To counter the pressure on revenues, intensive cost containment efforts continued for a third consecutive year. Operating expenses were  $6.4\%^1$  lower year–on–year, and  $15.3\%^1$  lower than 2008, with the cost to income ratio at  $48.8\%^2$  (2010:46.9%<sup>1</sup>).

The containment of the impact of the Greek crisis on PPI enabled the absorption, almost in full, of the loan provisions of  $\notin 1,333$ m or 2.68% of average net loans (2010 :  $\notin 1,273$ m<sup>1</sup>, 2.48%<sup>1</sup>). Non performing loans, following the deteriorating market conditions, especially in the retail business, now stand at 12% of gross loans (end 2010 :  $8.2\%^{1}$ ). In New Europe, the improving macroeconomic conditions and the strengthening of the collection mechanisms resulted in 10%<sup>1</sup> lower bad debt provisions in the region, totaling  $\notin 242$ m.

In the context of the adverse macroeconomic condition in Greece, the Group recognised in 2011 €410m or impairment losses on its equity securities, the majority of which are listed on the Athens Stock exchange, by recycling 100% of the relevant AFS reserve losses. In addition, the Group, with reference to the terms of the agreement signed in April 2012 with Burgan Bank of Kuwait to sell its Turkish operations, proceeded to the full write-off of €200m goodwill for the Eurobank Tekfen Group and to €71m recyclement of foreign currency losses

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Comparable figures have been adjusted to exclude Polish operations

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Excluding the Polish transaction and the collective reserve

related with permanent funding to Eurobank Tekfen A.S., which will be repaid upon completion of its disposal. Finally, goodwill of €35m for Universal Bank Ukraine was fully written off due to the deterioration in the projections used to determine the recoverable amount.

Overall, despite the severely adverse market environment and unprecedented business conditions, the Group maintained Pre–Provision Income at levels sufficient to cover the negative consequences of recession, swiftly adjusting to the new requirements and supported by proven cost containment competencies and the sustainable profitability in New Europe. Net loss attributable to shareholders after accounting for the  $\in$ 4.8bn after tax impact of Hellenic Republic's debt restructuring (PSI+) and of other non recurring valuation losses of  $\notin$ 670m after tax, amounted to  $\notin$ 5,508m (2010 :  $\notin$ 68m profit), while New Europe achieved  $\notin$ 60m profits (2010 :  $\notin$ 32m).

# **Ordinary Share Capital**

As at 31 December 2011, following the merger with DIAS Closed End Investment Fund S.A., and the decrease of the Bank's share capital in order to offset losses from previous years' mergers and losses carried forward, the ordinary share capital amounts to  $\leq 1,227,545,508$ , divided into 552,948,427 ordinary voting shares of a nominal value of  $\leq 2.22$  each (2010: 538,594,955 shares of  $\leq 2.75$  each, totaling  $\leq 1,481,136,126$ ). All ordinary shares are registered, listed on the Athens Stocks Exchange and incorporate all the rights and obligations set by Greek company law (note 37 to the accounts).

# **Preference Share Capital**

As at 31 December 2011, the preference share capital amounts to  $\notin$ 950,125,000 divided into 345,500,000 non-voting, non-listed, non-transferable, 10% preference shares, with nominal value  $\notin$ 2.75 each, issued under Law 3723/2008 on 'Greek Economy Liquidity Support Program', and subscribed to by the Hellenic Republic. This entitles the Government to appoint its representative to the Board of Directors, veto strategic decisions and decisions which alter substantially the legal or financial position of the Bank and require the General Meeting's approval, veto dividend distributions and restrict management remuneration (note 38 to the accounts).

# **Business Outlook and Risks**

In May 2010 the Greek Government entered into an agreement with the European Commission (EC), the European Central Bank (ECB) and the International Monetary Fund (IMF) (collectively the Official Sector) for a three-year €110bn refinancing and restructuring programme designed to cover Greece's funding needs until mid-2012.

By the end of December 2011, five successive Reviews of the implementation of the May 2010 EC/ECB/IMF agreement acknowledged the Greek authorities' achievements, with Greece's primary deficit declining from 10.4% of GDP in 2009 to 2.4% in 2011, and permitted the disbursement of ca €65bn out of the initial €110bn loan.

However, the unfavourable global economic environment, the unprecedented austerity measures, and the delayed or fragmentary implementation of a number of agreed structural and fiscal reforms which would have addressed its chronic uncompetitiveness, led the Greek economy to a worse than anticipated recession. Greece's real GDP contracted 6.9% in 2011, the fourth consecutive year of recession, necessitating the projection for the Greek public debt-to-GDP ratio to be revised upwards to 183% of GDP by 2020, levels which were deemed unsustainable.

These unfavourable developments necessitated a new funding and restructuring programme, agreed with the European Commission the ECB and the eurozone member-states in the Eurogroup meeting of February 21<sup>st</sup> 2012. The programme aims at bringing the country's public debt-to-GDP ratio below 120% by 2020, and includes:

- a) Voluntary debt exchange programme agreed with the Private Sector affecting bonds of €206bn face value aiming at forgiveness of ca €110bn of debt and a significant reduction of nominal interest rates. This was successfully completed in March and April of 2012 (see note 5 to the accounts).
- b) Redirection of the ECB's and euro-area National Central Banks' profits from Greek bonds bought in the secondary market, to the reduction of the Greek debt.
- c) 150 basis points reduction of the interest rate of bilateral loans provided to Greece under the May 2010 initial EC/ECB/IMF agreement.
- d) New funding of €128bn from the Official Sector (bringing the total funding to be provided from now on to €173bn) to address the country's funding needs related to the PSI+, Greek banks' recapitalisation, budget deficits and overdue invoices of the public sector's suppliers.
- e) Legislation and/or implementation of a set of structural reforms (prior actions) which must be completed before the disbursement of the first instalment of the new loan.

In addition the European Commission has taken measures to accelerate the release of EU funds to Greece (including reducing or eliminating state contribution to various projects) and support investments which will kick-start Greece's growth.

As of April 2012 the majority of the prior actions have already been voted by Parliament and their implementation in underway.

The new funding and reform programme is expected to have a significant beneficial effect on the country's financial position and outlook. This is due to the reduction of public debt and the reduction of its servicing costs from 2012 onwards. The programme constitutes a credible opportunity for the Greek economy to remove the uncertainty surrounding it from mid-2010 onwards, ensuring the sustainability of its debt and the stability of the country.

According to the IMF's Report on the 2nd Bailout Programme for Greece released in March 2012, Greek GDP is expected to contract by 4.8% in 2012, and there are concerns the recession could be worse. The outlook for 2013 is for stable GDP while positive growth rates are expected from 2014 onwards. The continued rationalization, restructuring and austerity measures are expected to reduce the budget deficit in 2012 to 7.3% of GDP, from an estimated 9.3% of GDP in 2011, and the primary deficit from 2.4% to 1.0% in 2012 and 1.8% surplus in 2013, with most initiatives already underway. The current account deficit excluding energy payments and debt servicing payments, has already been zeroed in 2011.

In this context, credit demand in 2012 is expected to be weaker than in 2011 when bank credit to domestic private sector contracted by 3.3% year-on-year. The Greek banking system from 2009 onwards, due to the loss of access to the markets, has relied on the ECB and the Bank of Greece for funding and this will continue in 2012. The projected mild recession in the eurozone may also impact tourism and related revenues.

With regard to Central and South-eastern European countries the Group expects positive GDP growth this year, although slower than 2011, for most economies in the region. This view is contingent on the assumptions of a mild recession in the eurozone and absence of significant unforeseen external shocks. The worsening external environment and the tough fiscal austerity policies in Bulgaria and Romania will limit growth to a marginally positive rate. Preelection fiscal slippage adds to the negative impact from the eurozone crisis for Serbia that is edging towards negligible growth. Ukraine has remained on a recovery track in 2011 with domestic demand being the main growth driver, yet is expected to decelerate as it is vulnerable to any swings in the global investor sentiment. Turkey is expected to register a sensible slowdown in economic activity to 2.4-3.0% in 2012 after an estimated expansion of around 8% last year. For Cyprus, early 2011 economic recovery was setback by the lingering euro-area debt crisis and the munitions accident. Output growth is likely to broadly stagnate this year, with a return to more sustained growth expected in 2013, aided by the positive prospects following the discovery of natural gas.

Regarding the outlook for the next 12 months, main risks in Greece stem from the macroeconomic environment, the developments on the eurozone sovereign debt crisis and the success, or otherwise, of the significant fiscal adjustment efforts and their impact on the economy. To date, satisfactory results have been registered, but progress could be

# **REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS**

compromised by external shocks from the global economy as well as implementation risks, reform fatigue and political instability in Greece. The restoration of confidence after the successful implementation of the PSI+ agreement, the attraction of new investments and the revival of economic growth remain key challenges that may be viewed as opportunities if successfully tackled.

Continuation of the recession could adversely affect the region and could lead to lower profitability and deterioration of asset quality. In addition, increased funding cost remains a significant risk, as it is dependent on both the level of sovereign spreads as well as on foreign exchange rate risk, due to the unstable nature of some currencies. Finally, the Group holds positions in the bond, stock and foreign exchange markets and consequently is exposed to the risk of losses if market valuations decrease.

In this very challenging environment, Eurobank EFG's operations, adjust continuously to the new requirements so as to address effectively the emerging credit, liquidity and macroeconomic risks. The shift towards collateralised lending, self funded growth and the more promising markets has been in place for some time. In addition, the Group continues to reduce its cost base in order to increase the efficiency of operations. It also strengthens collection efforts to maximize loan recoveries by redeploying resources where necessary and implements conservative provisioning policies. Finally, the Group improves continuously the effectiveness of balance sheet management and reinforces its capital and liquidity, undertaking significant strategic initiatives in this direction.

The Group continues to support the recovery of the Greek economy and stands by its clients, deepening relationships with them, enhances the engagement of its staff and strengthens the value of its franchise.

# Authority to issue new shares

The only authorities that the Board of Directors has to issue ordinary shares, without further prior approval by the Shareholders' General Meeting, are as follows:

A) In relation to stock options (note 40 to the accounts):

- The Board of Directors had been authorised by the General Meeting to issue stock options to management and staff of the Bank and its subsidiaries, within the framework of an approved stock option program. This authority expired in June 2011. In 2011 no stock options were granted.
- In addition the Board of Directors has been authorised to issue shares to those stock option holders who exercise their rights within the rules set by the stock option program. In 2011 no stock options were exercised.

B) In relation to convertible bonds (note 37 to the accounts):

- As authorised by the General Meeting, the Board of Directors issued and allocated in 2009 €350m of callable bonds convertible to ordinary shares of the Bank after 5 years.
- As authorised by the General Meeting, the Board of Directors may issue either in lump sum or in tranches by July 2014 callable bonds of €150 million or, under certain circumstances, €250 million, convertible to ordinary shares of the Bank.
- In addition the Board of Directors is authorised to issue ordinary shares to bond holders if either they or the Bank exercise their rights in accordance with the terms of the convertible bonds.

# Major Shareholdings

Eurobank EFG is a member of the worldwide EFG Group. The EFG Group consists of credit institutions, financial services and financial holding companies. The operating parent company of the EFG Group is European Financial Group EFG (Luxembourg) S.A., whilst its ultimate parent company is Private Financial Holdings Limited, which is owned and controlled indirectly by members of the Latsis family (note 46 to the accounts).

As of 31 December 2011, the EFG Group held 44.7% (2010: 44.8%) of the ordinary shares and voting rights of the Bank through wholly owned subsidiaries of the ultimate parent company. The remaining ordinary shares and voting rights are held by institutional and retail investors, none of which, to the knowledge of the Bank, holds 5% or more.

The Hellenic Republic holds 100% of the non-voting preference shares.

# **Board Membership**

The Board of Directors of Eurobank EFG is set out in note 47 to the accounts. The Board's term expires at the 2013 Annual General Meeting. Personal details of the Directors are available on our website.

# **Employee Engagement**

Eurobank EFG is committed to ensuring that employees are rewarded based on Group performance. Therefore, it has established a competitive compensation and benefits framework for the attraction and retention of its employees, within the compensation framework established by the authorities. Staff have interests in Eurobank shares.

Employees are systematically kept informed on corporate issues in a variety of print, interpersonal and online ways, including corporate employee magazine, announcements, briefings, intranet and corporate videos, achieving a common awareness of the financial and economic factors affecting the performance of the Group as well as the enhancement of the corporate culture. In addition to the annual performance evaluation of all employees, the

professional growth at all levels is fostered via targeted training on technical knowledge and skills as well as leadership and management development. Moreover, an integrated professional development framework has been implemented in order to support continuous and systematic performance improvement and career development.

The diversity agenda at Eurobank EFG seeks to include customers, colleagues and suppliers. Our objective is to recruit and retain the best people regardless of race, religion, age, gender, sexual orientation or disability. We strive to ensure that our workforce reflects the communities in which we operate and the international nature of the organisation. We recognise that diversity is a key part of responsible business strategy in support of our regional business.

# **Corporate Social Responsibility**

Since its foundation in 1990, the Eurobank EFG Group has combined its business activity with initiatives in social responsibility vis-à-vis its stakeholders, including its employees, clients, shareholders, society as a whole and the environment. Aiming for a more effective implementation of its activities and initiatives, the corporate social responsibility programme of Eurobank EFG is based on three pillars: a) consistency in the strategy of its activities, b) long-term planning and c) development of relationships with renowned institutions and organizations.

In 2011 Eurobank EFG supported entrepreneurship as being a primary factor in exiting from the crisis and contributing to the growth of the economy. In this context and in addition to the existing programmes in Education, Culture and the protection of the Environment, the Bank implemented new initiatives in aid of innovation and entrepreneurial extroversion. During the year, it also presented the first on-line programme on financial literacy in Greece, entitled "moneypedia", which focuses on the understanding of money and financial products, on how the banking system works and on the development of entrepreneurship.

# **Financial Instruments**

The Group's financial risk management objectives and policies, including the policy for hedging each major type of transaction for which hedge accounting is used, and the exposure to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk are set out in notes 2, 7 and 23 to the accounts.

# Sundry information required under L. 3556/2007 (article 4, par.7)

According to the Bank's Articles of Association, other than the preference shares issued to the Greek Government which carry special rights and restrictions (see notes 4 and 38 to the accounts):

# **REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS**

- there are no restrictions on the transfer of the Bank's shares
- there are no shares with special controlling or voting rights
- there are no restrictions on voting rights
- the rules related to the appointment and replacement of directors are in accordance with the provisions of company law.

The Bank is not aware of any shareholders' agreements resulting in restrictions in the transfer of its shares or in the exercise of the shares' voting rights.

There are no significant agreements that enter into force, are amended or expire if there is change in the control of the Bank following a public offer.

There are no agreements between the Bank and the Directors or the staff for compensation in the event of resignation, dismissal without good reason or termination of their term of office or employment as a result of a public offer.

# The Auditors

The Board's Audit Committee reviews the appointment of the external auditors, as well as their relationship with the Group, including monitoring the Group's use of the auditors for non-audit services and the balance of audit and non-audit fees paid to the auditors. Having reviewed the independence and effectiveness of the external auditors, the Committee has recommended to the Board that the existing auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers S.A., be reappointed. PricewaterhouseCoopers have signified their willingness to continue in office, and ordinary resolutions reappointing them as auditors and setting their remuneration in accordance with the Institute of Certified Public Auditors' decisions, will be proposed at the 2012 Annual General Meeting.

So far as each of the Directors is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware. Each of the Directors has taken all the steps that he or she ought to have taken as a Director in order to make himself or herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information. For these purposes, 'relevant audit information' means information needed by the Company's auditors in connection with issuing their report.

# **Related Party Transactions**

All transactions with related parties are entered into the normal course of business on an arm's length basis. There are no material related party transactions. See also note 46 to the accounts.

# **REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS**

# **Corporate Governance Statement**

Eurobank EFG's Corporate Governance Code and Practices are on the website (www.eurobank.gr). The Corporate Governance Statement attached herewith, is an integral part of the Directors' Report.

Efthymios Christodoulou Chairman Nicholas Nanopoulos Chief Executive Officer

20 April 2012

# **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT**

## 1. Corporate Governance Code and Practices

In compliance with the local legislation and based on the international best practices on corporate governance, EFG Eurobank Ergasias S.A. ("the Bank") and its subsidiaries (collectively "Eurobank EFG" or the "Group") have adopted and implement a Corporate Governance Code ("Code"), which is based on the UK Corporate Governance Code.

The Code and relevant corporate governance practices are available on the Bank's website (www.eurobank.gr).

# 2. Board of Directors<sup>1</sup>

The Bank is headed by a Board which is collectively responsible for the long-term success of the Bank. The Board exercises its responsibilities effectively and in accordance with international best practices.

The Board consists of sixteen Directors, five Executive, seven Non Executive and four Independent Non Executive. In addition, one government representative has been appointed as an additional non executive Director in accordance with Law 3723/2008 requirements. The membership and term of the Board are approved by the General Meeting. The current Board was elected by the Annual General Meeting of 25 June 2010, and its term expires at the 2013 Annual General Meeting.

There are no restrictions in the re-election and cessation of Directors. In case of resignation, death or loss of capacity as Director in any other way, the Board, provided there are at least 3 Directors, may elect new members in replacement, or if there remain at least 8 Directors, the Board may continue as is.

The Executive Directors have responsibility for the day-to-day management and control of the Group and the implementation of strategy. The non-Executive Directors are responsible for the overall promotion and safeguarding of the Bank's interests and constructively challenge and help develop proposals on strategy. Each Independent Non-Executive Director has the duty, if he considers it necessary, to submit to the General Meeting his own report on a specific subject.

The Board has nominated the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) as the two persons responsible towards the Bank of Greece according to L. 3601/2007. The Chairman of the Board is responsible for leadership of the Board and ensuring its effectiveness on all aspects of its role. The CEO is accountable for and manages strategy development and implementation in line with the vision of the Bank. He is responsible for leading the organisation to the achievement of its objectives.

The Board meets regularly twice every quarter and on an ad hoc basis given at least two days notice, otherwise a decision is taken only when all members of the Board are present or represented and nobody objects to the taking of decisions. The Board is considered to be in quorum and meets validly when at least nine (half plus one) of its members are present (either physically or through telephone conference) or represented. Decisions of the Board are taken by majority of the Directors present or represented. In case of parity of votes, the vote of the Chairman of the Board does not prevail. During 2011 the Board held 11 meetings and the average ratio of attendance was 88%.

Submissions to the Board are normally circulated together with the agenda. Decisions are taken following discussions which exhaust the issues to the satisfaction of all Directors present. Board meetings minutes are kept by the Secretary of the Board, are approved at subsequent board meetings and signed by all Directors present.

It is forbidden to Directors and members of staff to pursue personal interests if these are in conflict with the Group's interests. All Directors and members of staff have a duty to inform the Board of any personal interests they may derive or any conflict of interest that may occur, in carrying out their duties as Directors.

The Group's remuneration policy aims to align the Executive Directors and employees' objectives with the long-term business objectives and strategy of Eurobank EFG and the long-term value creation for shareholders. The 2011 Board and key management remuneration disclosure is included in note 46 to the accounts.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Information regarding the Board's composition is included in note 47 to the accounts and short biographical details of its members may be found at www.eurobank.gr.

## 3. Board Committees

The Board is assisted in carrying out its duties by Board sub-Committees, to whom it delegates some of its responsibilities, approves their mandate and composition, and whose performance it assesses.

# 3.1 Audit Committee<sup>2</sup>

The primary function of the Audit Committee is to assist the Board in discharging its oversight responsibilities primarily relating to:

- The review of the adequacy of the Internal Control and Risk Management systems and the compliance with rules and regulations monitoring process
- The review of the financial reporting process and satisfaction as to the integrity of the Bank's Financial Statements
- The External Auditors' selection, performance and independence
- The effectiveness and performance of the Internal Audit function and of the Compliance function.

The Audit Committee's members are elected by the General Meeting for a term of 3 years following proposal by the Board. The current Audit Committee consists of six non executive Directors. Two (one of whom independent) have extensive knowledge and experience in accounting and auditing issues, two have recent and relevant financial experience, and two (one of whom independent) have recent and relevant legal experience.

The Audit Committee meets at least eight times per year or more frequently, as circumstances require, reports to the Board on a quarterly basis on its activities, and submits the minutes of its meetings to the Board. The Audit Committee resolutions require a majority vote. In case of a tie of votes, the Chairman has the casting vote. During 2011 the Audit Committee held 11 meetings and the average ratio of attendance was 85%. The Board shall be informed whenever a decision of the Audit Committee is not reached unanimously. In 2011 all decisions were unanimous.

The Audit Committee's Terms of Reference (ToR) are reviewed every three years and revised if necessary, unless significant changes necessitate earlier revision. The ToR are approved by the Board. At least annually the Committee reviews its own performance and the results are discussed with the Board.

### 3.2 Eurobank Risk Committee<sup>2</sup>

The Eurobank Risk Committee's (ERC) role is to approve strategic risk management decisions (e.g. risk appetite, balance sheet profile and risk management structure), monitor the quantitative and qualitative aspects of all market, credit, liquidity and operational risks and assign credit approval authorities to Management.

The ERC members are appointed and approved annually by the Board. The current Risk Committee consists of eight Directors, four executive, three non executive and one independent non executive. The ERC meets at least four times a year and minutes of its meetings are submitted to the Board. Other executives of Eurobank EFG or the EFG Group may be invited to attend. Decisions are unanimous. There is a quorum when a majority of members are in attendance. During 2011 the ERC held 4 meetings and the average ratio of attendance was 94%.

On a quarterly basis, the ERC updates the Board on the adequacy of the risk management structure and reports key risks. Any significant matters of concern are escalated to the Board and to the EFG Group Risk Committee.

At least once every two years the Committee reviews its own performance and Terms of Reference (ToR). Its self assessment and any changes to ToR considered necessary are submitted to the Board for approval.

# 3.3 Remuneration Committee<sup>2</sup>

The Board has delegated to the Remuneration Committee the responsibility to consider matters relating to remuneration policy, employee benefits and long-term incentive schemes of the Bank's employees, including the executive and key management personnel.

The Committee is appointed and approved annually by the Board. The current Committee consists of three Directors the majority of whom are non-executive Directors. The Committee meets at least twice a year, minutes are kept and the Chairman of the Committee presents all relevant decisions to the Board. During 2011 the Remuneration Committee held 3 meetings and the ratio of attendance was 100%.

At least once every two years the Committee reviews its own performance and Terms of Reference (ToR). Its self assessment and any changes to ToR considered necessary are submitted to the Board for approval.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Information regarding the Committee's main duties and responsibilities are included in the Bank's Code. Additionally, information regarding current composition and short biographical details of its members may be found at the Bank's website (www.eurobank.gr).

# 3.4 Nomination Committee<sup>3</sup>

The Board has delegated to the Nomination Committee the responsibility to consider matters related to the Board's adequacy, efficiency and effectiveness, the resolution of any Directors and senior management conflicts of interest and to the appointment of key management personnel.

The Committee is appointed and approved annually by the Board. The current Committee consists of three Directors, two of whom are are non-executive Directors and one is an independent non executive Director. The Committee meets at least twice a year, minutes are kept and the Chairman presents all relevant decisions to the Board. During 2011 the Nomination Committee held 2 meetings and the ratio of attendance was 100%.

At least once every two years the Committee reviews its own performance and Terms of Reference (ToR). Its self assessment and any changes to ToR considered necessary are submitted to the Board for approval.

# 4. Management Committees

The CEO establishes committees to assist him as required, the most important of which are the Executive Committee and the Strategic Planning Group.

### Executive Committee<sup>4</sup>

The Executive Committee ("ExCo") has the responsibility for the day-to-day management of the Bank and the implementation of strategy.

It meets weekly and all meetings are minuted.

Its main duties and responsibilities include:

- implement the Bank's strategy
- plan, direct and control the Bank's activities to ensure high level of performance and customer satisfaction
- take decisions on all material business issues which relate to the Bank as a whole
- establish adequate systems of internal control and ensure they are properly maintained
- scrutinise risk management policies and their application
- ensure that all activities of the Bank are executed in accordance with local, state and EU laws and regulations
- review and approve annual budget and business plan for each business unit and country.

### Strategic Planning Group<sup>4</sup>

The Strategic Planning Group (SPG) meets twice per week and its main duties and responsibilities include:

- Planning the Bank's strategy
- Approving the Bank's annual budget and long term plans before submission to the Board
- Approving and/or executing strategic partnerships, acquisitions and disposals
- Maintaining and taking actions on regulatory and internal capital required to cover all types of risks (incl. strategic and reputational risks, as well as other non quantifiable risks) and ensuring that capital requirements are met at all times
- Monitoring the strategic and the key performance indicators of the Bank, including the segmental view.

Decisions other than the submission of issues to the ExCo or other appropriate committees are minuted.

### 5. Key Control Functions

As part of its overall system of internal controls the Bank has established a number of dedicated control functions whose main responsibility is to act as independent control mechanisms thus reinforcing the control structure of the Bank. The most important functions and their key responsibilities are described below.

### 5.1 Internal Audit

Internal Audit Group ("IAG") is comprised of the "Internal Audit Division", the "Fraud Prevention and Detection Division", the "Inspections Unit" and the "International Audit Division". All IAG's officers are full time employees exclusively dedicated to the Internal Audit function. IAG is a group function responsible for the Bank and all of its subsidiaries.

In order to safeguard its independence, IAG reports directly to the Audit Committee, is independent of the Bank units with operational responsibilities and for administrative purposes reports to the CEO. The Board has delegated the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Information regarding the Committee's main duties and responsibilities are included in the Bank's Code. Additionally, information regarding current composition and short biographical details of its members may be found at the Bank's website (www.eurobank.gr).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Information regarding the Committee's current composition and short biographical details of its members may be found at the Bank's website (www.eurobank.gr).

responsibility for monitoring the activity of the IAG to the Audit Committee of the Bank. The head of IAG is appointed by the Audit Committee who also assesses her performance.

IAG follows a risk-based methodology which examines the existence and adequacy of controls that address specific control objectives. Its main duties and responsibilities indicatively include:

- Provide reasonable assurance, in the form of an independent opinion, as to the adequacy and effectiveness of the internal control framework of the Bank and its subsidiaries. In order to form an opinion, IAG carries out audits based on an annual plan of audits. The required frequency of audits depends on the level of risk in each business unit
- Assist and advise management on the prevention of fraud and defalcation, unethical practices (code of conduct, insider dealing) and undertake such special projects as required
- Assist management in enhancing the system of internal control by making recommendations to address weaknesses and improve existing policies and procedures
- Follow-up to ascertain that appropriate action is taken on reported audit findings within agreed deadlines.

### 5.2 Compliance

The Board has delegated the responsibility for monitoring the activity of the Compliance Division to the Audit Committee of the Bank which appoints the Compliance Division Head and assesses his performance. The Division Head reports directly to the Audit Committee and for administrative purposes to the CEO. The Compliance Division is responsible for the Bank and all of its subsidiaries.

Its duties and responsibilities indicatively include:

- handling issues related to Anti-Money Laundering (AML) and Combat Financing of Terrorism (CFT), in accordance
  with applicable laws and regulations. The Division is responsible for the development of the necessary policies and
  procedures as well as for monitoring adherence to them. Moreover, it is responsible for the provision of AML/CFT
  training and guidance to the staff, as well as, for the cooperation with the relevant Authorities
- providing timely and accurate responses to requests arising from Regulatory and other Authorities as well as, cooperating with them in order to facilitate their work
- setting up internal codes of conduct and monitoring staff adherence to such internal rules
- monitoring adherence to the MiFID related (Markets in Financial Instruments Directives) applicable laws and regulations.

### 6. Principles of Internal Controls

The Group has established a system of internal controls that is based on international good practices and is designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the achievement of objectives in the following categories:

- efficient and effective operations
- reliability and completeness of financial and management information
- compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

The key principles underlying the Group's system of internal controls are described below:

- Control Environment: The control environment is the foundation for all components of internal control system, providing discipline and structure and influencing the control consciousness of employees. Integrity and high ethical values stem from management's philosophy and operating style and appropriate recruitment and training policies ensure the competence of the Group's people. The Group's organisation structure is suitable for its size and complexity with clearly defined responsibilities and reporting lines and clearly specified delegation of authority.
- Risk Management: the Group acknowledges that taking risks is an integral part of its business. It therefore sets mechanisms to identify those risks and assess their potential impact on the achievement of the Group's objectives. Because economic, industry, regulatory and operating conditions will continue to change, risk management mechanisms in place shall be set (and evolve) in a manner that enables to identify and deal with the special and new risks associated with changes.
- Control Activities: Internal control activities are documented in the policies and detailed procedures that are designed to ensure that operations are carried out safely and all transactions are recorded accurately in compliance with Management's directives and regulations. They occur throughout the organisation and business processes, at all levels and in all functions. One of the prime organisational measures to ensure control effectiveness in the Group is segregation of duties. Functions that shall be separated include those of approval (limits, limit excesses, specific transactions), dealing, administration (administrative input, settlement, confirmation checks, transaction approval check, documentation check, file keeping, custody) and controlling (reconciliation, limit monitoring, excess approval check, risk management, compliance checks, physical counts).
- Information and Communication: Information must be identified, captured and communicated in a form and timeframe that enables people to carry out their responsibilities. The Group has set effective communication

channels to ensure that information is communicated down, across and up within the organisation. Mechanisms are also in place to obtain appropriate external information as well as to communicate effectively with outside parties including regulators, shareholders and customers.

Monitoring: the Group has established mechanisms for the ongoing monitoring of activities as part of the normal course of operations. These include regular management and supervisory activities and other actions personnel take in performing their duties that assess the performance of internal control systems. There are also independent evaluations of the internal control system by the Internal Audit function, the scope and frequency of which depend primarily on an assessment of risks and the effectiveness of ongoing monitoring procedures. Internal control deficiencies are reported upstream, with serious matters reported to top management, the Audit Committee and the Board.

### 7. Ordinary Shareholders' General Meeting

The Ordinary Shareholders' General Meeting ("General Meeting") is the supreme body of the Bank, convened by the Board of Directors and entitled to resolve upon any matter concerning the Bank. All ordinary shareholders ("shareholders") have the right to participate either in person or by their legal representatives.

The General Meeting is the only corporate body entitled to approve significant decisions such as amendments to the Articles of Association (L.2190, art.34) and most decisions related to share capital.

The General Meeting is in quorum and meets validly when the shareholders, present or represented, represent at least 20% of the ordinary share capital ("share capital"). Resolutions are reached by absolute majority. Exceptionally, with regard to certain significant decisions such as most decisions related to share capital, mergers etc., the General Meeting is in quorum and meets validly when the shareholders, present or represented, represent at least 66.67% of the share capital. Resolutions are reached by two-thirds majority. In all cases lower quorums are required in repeat General Meetings if initial quorum is not reached.

In accordance with L.3723/2008, the Hellenic State, holders of preference shares issued under law 3723/2008, has the right to attend the Ordinary Shareholders' General Meeting and veto dividend distributions and management remuneration.

The Annual General Meeting is held every year before the end of June. An Extraordinary General Meeting may be convened by the Board when they consider it necessary or when required by law.

The minutes of the General Meeting are signed by the Chairman and the Secretary of the General Meeting.

All persons appearing as shareholders of ordinary shares of the Bank in the registry of the Dematerialized Securities System managed by Hellenic Exchanges S.A. on the Record Date have the right to participate and vote in the General Meeting. For each General Meeting, the Board arranges for the detailed notice, including date, place, record date, issues on the agenda and related papers to be available to shareholders at least 20 days before the meeting, including the proposed resolution on each issue. The detailed notice also defines the procedure to be followed for voting by proxy, the minority shareholders rights and any available documentation relating to the General Meeting.

Standard minority rights, as described in c.l. 2190/1920, apply.

# 8. Preference Shareholders' General Meeting

Shareholders of non-voting preference shares ("preference shareholders") hold their own separate Preference Shareholders General Meeting to resolve on any issue affecting their rights. Other than as noted above, they do not participate in the Ordinary Shareholders' General Meeting.

### 9. Other information required by Directive 2004/25/EU

### • Holders of securities with special control rights

Greek Government's participation in the share capital of the Bank via the preference shares it holds provides it with special control rights which are referred to in notes 4 and 38 to the accounts.

# • Treasury Shares

Shareholders' General Meeting can authorize the Board of Directors, under article 16 of c.l. 2190/1920, to implement a program of acquisition of treasury shares. However, I. 3756/2009 prohibits banks, including Eurobank, participating in the Greek Government Liquidity Program from acquiring treasury shares (note 37 to the accounts).

# For other information required by Directive 2004/25/EU regarding the: a) Major shareholdings, b) Authority to issue new shares, and c) Restrictions of voting rights please refer to the relevant sections of the Directors' Report.

# III. Consolidated Financial Statements for the 2011 Financial Year (Auditor's Report included)



# **CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED

31 DECEMBER 2011

8 Othonos Street, Athens 105 57, Greece www.eurobank.gr, Tel.: (+30) 210 333 7000 Company Registration No: 6068/06/B/86/07

# Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2011

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# **Consolidated Income Statement**



		Year ended 31 December		
	Note	2011 € million	2010 € million	
	Note	<u>e minon</u>		
Interest income	8	5,289	4,949	
Interest expense Net interest income	8	(3,250)	(2,846) 2,103	
		2,039	2,105	
Banking fee and commission income		449	497	
Banking fee and commission expense		(157)	(134)	
Net banking fee and commission income	9	292	363	
Net insurance income		30	37	
Income from non banking services	10	28	34	
Dividend income		6	7	
Net trading income	11	(51)	78	
Gains less losses from investment securities	11	(19)	84	
Other operating income		1	24	
Operating income		2,326	2,730	
Operating expenses	12	(1,198)	(1,280)	
Dualit from an existing before immerity on loops and advances and non				
Profit from operations before impairment on loans and advances and non recurring valuation losses		1,128	1,450	
Impairment losses on loans and advances	25	(1,333)	(1,273)	
Impairment losses on Greek sovereign exposure	5	(6,012)	-	
Impairment losses on goodwill asset	29	(236)	-	
Other non recurring valuation losses	14	(501)	-	
Share of results of associates	30	(1)	(0)	
Profit/(loss) before tax		(6,955)	177	
Income tax	15	1,316	(60)	
Profit/(loss) for the year from continuing operations		(5,639)	117	
Profit/(loss) for the year from discontinued operations	17	143	(33)	
Net profit/(loss) for the year		(5,496)	84	
Net profit for the year attributable to non controlling interest		12	16	
Net profit/(loss) for the year attributable to shareholders		(5,508)	68	
		€	€	
Earnings/(losses) per share			C	
-Basic and diluted earnings/(losses) per share	18	(10.13)	(0.15)	
Earnings/(losses) per share from continuing operations				
-Basic and diluted earnings/(losses) per share	18	(10.39)	(0.08)	
			()	

# **Consolidated Balance Sheet**



		At 31 December 2010		
	Note	<u>€ million</u>	<u>€ million</u>	
ASSETS				
Cash and balances with central banks	19	3,286	3,606	
Loans and advances to banks	21	6,988	5,159	
Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	22	503	638	
Derivative financial instruments	23	1,818	1,440	
Loans and advances to customers	24	48,094	56,268	
Investment securities	26	11,383	16,563	
Property, plant and equipment	28	1,304	1,237	
Intangible assets	29	465	734	
Other assets	30	2,981	1,543	
Total assets		76,822	87,188	
LIABILITIES				
Due to other banks	31	1,043	1,144	
Secured borrowing from banks	32	34,888	25,480	
Derivative financial instruments	23	3,013	2,681	
Due to customers	33	32,459	44,435	
Debt issued and other borrowed funds	34	2,671	5,389	
Other liabilities	35	1,873	1,965	
Total liabilities		75,947	81,094	
EQUITY				
Ordinary share capital	37	1,226	1,478	
Share premium	37	1,439	1,440	
Other reserves		(3,763)	1,113	
Preference shares	38	950	950	
Preferred securities	39	745	791	
Non controlling interest		278	322	
Total		875	6,094	
Total equity and liabilities		76,822	87,188	

**Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income** 



		Year ended 31 December					
	201		2010 € million				
	<u>€ mil</u>	<u>€ million</u>		<u>ion</u>			
Profit/(loss) for the year		(5,496)	=	84			
Other comprehensive income:							
Cash flow hedges							
- net changes in fair value, net of tax	(2)	(47)	(51)	(50)			
- transfer to net profit, net of tax	(15)	(17)	(2)	(53)			
Available for sale securities							
- net changes in fair value, net of tax	(167)		(191)				
<ul> <li>impairment losses on Greek sovereign debt transfer to not profit, not of tay.</li> </ul>	250						
net profit, net of tax - impairment losses on other investment securities	250		-				
transfer to net profit, net of tax	354		5				
- transfer to net profit, net of tax	(13)	424	36	(150)			
-net changes in fair value, net of tax - associated							
undertakings	-		(3)				
- transfer to net profit, net of tax	<u> </u>	-	7	4			
Foreign currency translation							
- net changes in fair value, net of tax	(41)		(28)				
- transfer to net profit, net of tax	79	38	0	(28)			
Other comprehensive income for the year		445	=	(227)			
Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to:							
Shareholders							
- from continuing operations	(5,216)		(128)				
- from discontinued operations	153	(5,063)	(29)	(157)			
Non controlling interest							
- from continuing operations	12	12	14	14			
		(5,051)		(143)			
			-				

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 December 2011



	Ordinary share capital <u>€ million</u>	Share premium <u>€ million</u>	Special reserves <u>€ million</u>	Retained earnings <u>€ million</u>	Preference shares <u>€ million</u>	Preferred securities <u>€ million</u>	Non controlling interest <u>€ million</u>	Total <u>€ million</u>
Balance at 1 January 2010	1,480	1,441	678	699	950	791	275	6,314
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	(225)	-	-	-	(2)	(227)
Profit/(loss) for the year	-	-	-	68	-	-	16	84
Total comprehensive income for the year ended								
31 December 2010		-	(225)	68	-	-	14	(143)
Acquisitions/changes in participating interests in subsidiary and associated undertakings	-	-	-	(0)	-	-	48	48
Purchase/sale of preferred securities	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	0
Preference shares' and preferred securities' dividend paid	-	-	-	(108)	-	-	-	(108)
Dividends distributed by subsidiaries attributable to non controlling interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	(15)	(15)
Share-based payment:								
- Value of employee services	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	4
Purchase of treasury shares/arising from acquisitions	(3)	(1)	-	-	-	-	-	(4)
Sale of treasury shares, net of tax and related expenses	1	0	-	(3)	-	-	-	(2)
Transfers between reserves			187	(187)		-	-	
	(2)	(1)	191	(298)	<u> </u>	0	33	(77)
Balance at 31 December 2010	1,478	1,440	644	469	950	791	322	6,094
Balance at 1 January 2011	1,478	1,440	644	469	950	791	322	6,094
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	445	-	-	-	0	445
Profit/(loss) for the year	<u> </u>	-	-	(5,508)	-	-	12	(5,496)
Total comprehensive income for the year ended 31 December 2011		<u> </u>	445	(5,508)	<u> </u>	-	12	(5,051)
Acquisitions/changes in participating interests in subsidiary and associated undertakings	73	(2)	-	(28)	-	-	(46)	(3)
Share capital decrease by reducing the ordinary shares' par value	(326)	-	79	247	-	-	-	
Purchase/sale of preferred securities	-	-	-	21	-	(46)	-	(25)
Preference shares' and preferred securities' dividend paid	-	-	-	(124)	-	-	-	(124)
Dividends distributed by subsidiaries attributable to non controlling interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	(10)	(10)
Share-based payment:								
- Value of employee services	-	-	(1)	-	-	-	-	(1)
Purchase of treasury shares	(4)	1	-	-	-	-	-	(3)
Sale of treasury shares, net of tax and related expenses	5	0	-	(7)	-	-	-	(2)
Transfers between reserves		-	109	(109)	-	-	-	-
	(252)	(1)	187	0	<u> </u>	(46)	(56)	(168)
Balance at 31 December 2011	1,226	1,439	1,276	(5,039)	950	745	278	875
	Note 37	Note 37	Note 41		Note 38	Note 39		

# Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31 December 2011



		Year ended 31 December		
		2011	2010	
Cook flows from an existing activities	<u>Note</u>	<u>€ million</u>	<u>€ million</u>	
Cash flows from operating activities Interest received and net trading receipts		4,008	3,744	
Interest paid		(2,403)	(1,985)	
Fees and commissions received		561	(1,500)	
Fees and commissions paid		(151)	(91)	
Other income received		0	(01)	
Cash payments to employees and suppliers		(1,042)	(1,175)	
Income taxes paid		(60)	(126)	
Cash flows from continuing operating profits before changes in operating assets and liabilities		913	1,021	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities				
Net (increase)/decrease in cash and balances with central banks		(1,016)	157	
Net (increase)/decrease in financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss		145	86	
Net (increase)/decrease in loans and advances to banks		1,106	(397)	
Net (increase)/decrease in loans and advances to customers		1,697	(524)	
Net (increase)/decrease in derivative financial instruments		(300)	(121)	
Net (increase)/decrease in other assets		(232)	(169)	
Net increase/(decrease) in due to other banks and secured borrowing from banks		8,466	7,067	
Net increase/(decrease) in due to customers		(8,882)	(3,130)	
Net increase/(decrease) in other liabilities		(140)	(158)	
Net cash from/(used in) continuing operating activities		1,757	3,832	
Cash flows from investing activities				
Purchases of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets		(218)	(153)	
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets		15	17	
(Purchases)/sales and redemptions of investment securities		188	(1,320)	
Acquisition of subsidiary undertakings net of cash acquired and associated undertakings		(1)	(1)	
Disposal of foreign operations, net of cash and cash equivalents disposed		388	-	
Dividends from investment securities and associated undertakings		5	9	
Net cash from/(used in) continuing investing activities		377	(1,448)	
Cash flows from financing activities				
Proceeds from debt issued and other borrowed funds		16	389	
Repayments of debt issued and other borrowed funds		(2,865)	(2,697)	
Purchase of preferred securities		(26)	(94)	
Proceeds from sale of preferred securities		2	94	
Preference shares' and preferred securities' dividend paid		(145)	(108)	
Purchase of treasury shares		(3)	(2)	
Proceeds from sale of treasury shares		5	(1)	
Net contributions by non controlling interest		(10)	(17)	
Net cash from/(used in) continuing financing activities		(3,026)	(2,436)	
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		(35)	(5)	
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents from continuing operations		(927)	(57)	
Net cash flows from discontinued operating activities		36	(312)	
Net cash flows from discontinued investing activities		(29)	286	
Net cash flows from discontinued financing activities			(55)	
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents from discontinued operations		7	(81)	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	20	4,044	4,182	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	20	3,124	4,044	
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### Independent auditor's report

### To the Shareholders of EFG Eurobank Ergasias S.A.

### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of EFG Eurobank Ergasias (the "Bank") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") set out on pages 3 to 7 and 9 to 51 which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as of 31 December 2011 and the consolidated income statement, statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, as adopted by the European Union, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### Opinion

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Group as of 31 December 2011, and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, as adopted by the European Union.

### Emphasis of matter

Without qualifying our opinion, we draw attention to the disclosures made in notes 2, 5 and 6 to the financial statements, which refer to the impact of the impairment losses resulting from the Greek sovereign debt restructuring on the Group's regulatory capital, the planned actions to restore the capital adequacy of the Group and the existing uncertainties that could adversely affect the going concern assumption until the completion of the recapitalisation process.

### **Reference on Other Legal Matters**

- (a) Included in the Board of Directors' Report is the corporate governance statement that contains the information that is required by paragraph 3d of article 43a of Codified Law 2190/1920.
- (b) We verified the conformity and consistency of the information given in the Board of Directors' report with the accompanying financial statements in accordance with the requirements of articles 43a, 108 and 37 of Codified Law 2190/1920.

Athens, 20 April 2012

The Certified Auditor-Accountant

Marios Psaltis SOEL Reg. No. 38081



PricewaterhouseCoopers 268 Kifissias Avenue 15 232 Halandri SOEL Reg. No. 113

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements



### 1. General information

EFG Eurobank Ergasias S.A. (the "Bank") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") are active in retail, corporate and private banking, asset management, insurance, treasury, capital markets and other services. The Bank is incorporated in Greece and its shares are listed on the Athens Stock Exchange. The Group operates mainly in Greece and in Central, Eastern and Southeastern Europe (New Europe).

These consolidated financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 20 April 2012.

### 2. Principal accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements are set out below:

### (a) Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the IASB, as adopted by the European Union, and in particular with those IFRS standards and IFRIC interpretations issued and effective or issued and early adopted as at the time of preparing these statements.

### Going concern considerations

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. In making its assessment of the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, the Board of Directors has taken into consideration the impact of the following factors:

### Solvency risk

The Group has incurred substantial impairment losses as a result of the Hellenic Republic's debt restructuring (PSI+). Such losses had a respective impact on the accounting and regulatory capital of the Group as of 31 December 2011, which has fallen below the minimum capital requirements as determined by the Bank of Greece, as further explained in notes 5 and 6 of the financial statements and page 1 of the Directors' Report.

Bank of Greece is currently in the process of assessing the capital needs of the Group in order to be able to reach the level of Core Tier I capital of 9% at 30 September 2012 and 10% at 30 June 2013. This assessment will take into account, inter alia, the PSI impairment losses, the results of Blackrock's diagnostic review and the Group's business plan which also include certain capital strengthening actions.

HFSF (Hellenic Financial Stability Fund) already committed for a capital support of € 4.2 bn. In the event that capital needs, as eventually determined by BoG, are higher, any remaining capital shortfall following the private investor contribution, would need to be covered by the second tranche of the recapitalisation facility which is conditional on the next EC/ECB/IMF review report on the program implementation by the Greek government.

### Liquidity risk

The inability of the Greek banks to gain access to the international capital and money markets and the reduction of deposits due to heightened sovereign risk and deterioration of the Greek economy led to an increased reliance of the Group to Eurosystem financing facilities. These conditions pose a significant ongoing liquidity challenge for the Group and the Greek Banking system in general. The Group expects that the ECB and Bank of Greece facilities will continue to be available, until the normalization of market conditions.

### Other economic uncertainties

The continued deterioration of the Greek economy throughout 2011 has adversely affected the Group's operations and presents significant risks and challenges for the years ahead. Currently, there are a number of material economic, political and market risks and uncertainties that impact the Greek banking system. The main risks stem from the adverse macroeconomic environment, the developments on the eurozone sovereign debt crisis and the success, or otherwise, of the significant fiscal adjustment efforts and their impact on the Greek economy. The progress made to date could be compromised by external shocks from the global economy as well as implementation of confidence after the successful implementation of the PSI+ agreement, the attraction of new investments and the revival of economic growth remain the key challenges of the Greek economy.

Continuation of the recession could adversely affect the region and could lead to lower profitability, deterioration of asset quality and further reduction of deposits. In addition, increased funding cost remains a significant risk, as it is dependent on both the level of sovereign spreads as well as on foreign exchange rate risk, due to the unstable nature of some currencies.

Notwithstanding the conditions and uncertainties mentioned above, the Directors, having considered the mitigating factors set out below, have a reasonable expectation that the recapitalisation of the Group will be promptly and successfully completed and hence are satisfied that the financial statements of the Group can be prepared on a going concern basis:

- (a) Bank of Greece (BoG) recommendation of 18 April 2012 for the Group's accession to the provisions of Law 3864/2010 as amended (Establishment of the Hellenic Financial Stability Fund-HFSF and Recapitalisation of Greek financial institutions),
- (b) the HFSF's commitment of 20 April 2012, following the relevant application submitted by the Group and the confirmation received by the BoG about the viability and credibility of the Group's business plan, that it will provide capital as described in (a) above, in order to ensure that the Group is sufficiently capitalized to the current minimum level of 8% (Total Capital Adequacy Ratio),
- (c) the availability of additional recapitalisation funds from the official sector that can support any capital needs on top of the amounts already committed by HFSF,
- (d) the existence of the comprehensive financial support program of the EC/ECB/IMF as described in the Directors' report (including the € 50 bn recapitalisation facility), aiming to correct Greece's competitiveness gap and restore growth, employment and public debt sustainability and secure the banking system stability,
- (e) the Greek authorities' commitment to support the banking system and create a viable and well capitalised private banking sector, and
- (f) the Group's continued access to Eurosystem funding (ECB and ELA liquidity facilities) over the foreseeable future.

The policies set out below have been consistently applied to the years 2011 and 2010. Where necessary, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation in the current year.

(a) Amended and new standards and interpretations effective in 2011

- IAS 24, Amendment Related Party Disclosures
- IAS 32, Amendment Classification of Rights Issues
- IFRIC 14, Amendment Prepayments of a Minimum Funding Requirement
- IFRIC 19, Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments
- Amendments to various Standards that form part of IASB's 2010 Annual Improvement Project



## 2. Principal accounting policies (continued)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

### (a) Basis of preparation (continued)

(b) Standards and interpretations issued but not yet effective

- IAS 1, Amendment Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income (effective 1 January 2013, not yet endorsed by EU)
- IAS 12, Amendment Deferred tax: Recovery of Underlying Assets (effective 1 January 2012, not yet endorsed by EU)
- IAS 19, Amendment Employee Benefits (effective 1 January 2013, not yet endorsed by EU)
- IAS 27, Amendment Separate Financial Statements (effective 1 January 2013, not yet endorsed by EU)
- IAS 28, Amendment Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures (effective 1 January 2013, not yet endorsed by EU)
- IAS 32, Amendment Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities (effective 1 January 2014, not yet endorsed by EU)
- IFRS 7, Amendment Disclosures, Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities (effective 1 January 2013, not yet endorsed by EU)
- IFRS 7, Amendment -Disclosures, Transfers of Financial Assets (effective 1 January 2012)
- IFRS 9, Financial Instruments (effective 1 January 2015, not yet endorsed by EU)
- IFRS 9 and IFRS 7, Amendment Mandatory Effective Date and Transition Disclosures (effective 1 January 2015, not yet endorsed by EU)
- IFRS 10, Consolidated Financial Statements (effective 1 January 2013, not yet endorsed by EU)
- IFRS 11, Joint Arrangements (effective 1 January 2013, not yet endorsed by EU)
- IFRS 12, Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities (effective 1 January 2013, not yet endorsed by EU)
- IFRS 13, Fair Value Measurement (effective 1 January 2013, not yet endorsed by EU)

IFRS 9 is part of IASB's project to replace IAS 39 Financial Instruments which has not been finalised yet and as a result, it is not practicable to quantify its impact. The application of the other above mentioned standards and interpretations is not expected to have a material impact on the Group's financial statements in the period of the initial application.

The consolidated financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of available-for-sale financial assets and of financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative instruments) at fair-value-through-profit-or-loss.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the use of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results ultimately may differ from those estimates.

The Group's presentation currency is the Euro (€) being the functional currency of the parent Company. Except as indicated, financial information presented in Euro has been rounded to the nearest million.

### (b) Consolidation

#### (i) Subsidiaries

Subsidiary undertakings are entities over which the Group, directly or indirectly, has the power to exercise control over their financial and operating policies generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one half of the voting rights. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Group controls another entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group and are no longer consolidated from the date that control ceases. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

The purchase method of accounting is used to account for the acquisition of subsidiaries by the Group. The consideration transferred for an acquisition is measured at the fair value of the assets given, equity instruments issued or exchanged and liabilities undertaken at the date of acquisition, including the fair value of assets or liabilities resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. Acquisition related costs are expensed as incurred. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date irrespective of the extent of any non-controlling interest. Any previously held interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date with any gain or loss recognised in the income statement. The Group recognises on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis any non-controlling interest in the acquiree either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquiree's net assets.

The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identifiable net assets of the subsidiary acquired is recorded as goodwill. If this is less than the fair value of the net assets of the acquiree, the difference is recognised directly in the income statement. Financial assets or financial liabilities resulting from contingent consideration arrangements are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value included in the income statement.

Intercompany transactions, balances and intragroup gains on transactions between Group companies are eliminated; intragroup losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of impairment of the asset transferred.

Commitments to purchase non controlling interests through derivative financial instruments with the non-controlling interests, as part of a business combination are accounted for as a financial liability, with no non-controlling interest recognised for reporting purposes. The financial liability is measured at fair value, using valuation techniques based on best estimates available to management. Any difference between the fair value of the financial liability upon initial recognition and the nominal non-controlling interest's share of net assets is recognised as part of goodwill. Subsequent revisions to the valuation of the derivatives are recognised in the income statement, except for business combinations with an acquisition date up to 31 December 2009, where such changes adjust the carrying amount of goodwill.

The Group sponsors the formation of special purpose entities, which may or may not be directly owned subsidiaries for the purpose of asset securitisation (accounting policy (x) below). The entities may acquire assets directly from the Bank. These companies are bankruptcy-remote entities and are consolidated in the Group's Financial Statements when the substance of the relationship between the Group and the entity indicates that the entity is controlled by the Group.

Where necessary, accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed to ensure consistency with the policies of the Group.

A listing of the Bank's subsidiaries is set out in note 27.

### (ii) Transactions with non-controlling interests

Changes in the Group's ownership interest in subsidiaries that do not result in a loss of control are recorded as equity transactions and any difference between the consideration and the share of the new net assets acquired is recorded directly in equity. Gains or losses arising from disposals of ownership interest that do not result in a loss of control by the Group are also recorded directly in equity. For disposals of ownership interests that result in a loss of control, the Group recognises gains and losses in the income statement. When the Group ceases to have control, any retained interest in the equity is remeasured to its fair value, with any changes in the carrying amount recognised in the income statement.

### (iii) Associates

Investments in associated undertakings are accounted for by the equity method of accounting in the consolidated financial statements. These are undertakings over which the Group exercises significant influence but which are not controlled.

### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements



### 2. Principal accounting policies (continued)

### (b) Consolidation (continued)

### (iii) Associates (continued)

Equity accounting involves recognising in the income statement the Group's share of the associate's profit or loss for the year. The Group's interest in the associate is carried on the balance sheet at an amount that reflects its share of the net assets of the associate and any goodwill identified on acquisition net of any accumulated impairment losses. If the Group's share of losses of an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate. When the Group obtains or ceases to have significant influence, any previously held or retained interest in the entity is remeasured to its fair value, with any change in the carrying amount recognised in the income statement. Where necessary the accounting policies used by the associates have been changed to ensure consistency with the policies of the Group.

A listing of the Group's associated undertakings, which are accounted for using the equity method, is set out in note 30.

### (iv) Joint ventures

The Group's interest in jointly controlled entities are accounted for by the equity method of accounting in the consolidated financial statements and are treated as associates. Where necessary the accounting policies used by the joint ventures have been changed to ensure consistency with the policies of the Group.

A listing of the Group's joint ventures is set out in note 30.

### (c) Foreign currencies

### (i) Translation of foreign subsidiaries

In the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of foreign subsidiaries are translated into the Group's presentation currency using the exchange rate ruling at the Balance Sheet date. Income and expenses are translated at the average rates of exchange for the reporting period.

Exchange differences arising from the retranslation of the net investment in foreign subsidiaries including exchange differences of monetary items receivable or payable to a foreign operation for which settlement is neither planned nor likely to occur, that form part of the net investment in foreign subsidiaries, are taken to "Other comprehensive income". Such exchange differences are released to the income statement on disposal of the foreign operation or for monetary items that form part of the net investment in the foreign operation, on repayment or when settlement is expected to occur.

### (ii) Transactions in foreign currency

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognised in the income statement.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies have been translated into the functional currency at the market rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date and exchange differences are accounted for in the income statement, except when deferred in equity as qualifying cash flow hedges and qualifying net investment hedge.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities have been translated into the functional currency at the exchange rates ruling at initial recognition, except for non-monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that are stated at fair value which have been translated using the rate of exchange at the date the fair value was determined. The exchange differences relating to these items are treated as part of the change in fair value and they are recognised in the income statement or recorded directly in equity depending on the classification of the non-monetary item.

### (d) Derivative financial instruments and hedging

Derivative financial instruments, including foreign exchange contracts, forward currency agreements and interest rate options (both written and purchased), currency and interest rate swaps, and other derivative financial instruments, are initially recognised in the balance sheet at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and subsequently are re-measured at their fair value. Fair values are obtained from quoted market prices, including recent market transactions, discounted cash flow models and options pricing models, as appropriate. All derivatives are carried as assets when fair value is positive and as liabilities when fair value is negative.

The best evidence of the fair value of a derivative at initial recognition is the transaction price (i.e., the fair value of the consideration given or received) unless the fair value of that instrument is evidenced by comparison with other observable current market transactions in the same instrument (i.e., without modification or repackaging) or based on a valuation technique whose variables include only data from observable markets.

Certain derivatives, embedded in other financial instruments, are treated as separate derivatives when their risks and characteristics are not closely related to those of the host contract and the host contract is not carried at fair value through profit or loss. These embedded derivatives are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in the income statement.

The method of recognising the resulting fair value gain or loss depends on whether the derivative is designated and qualifies as a hedging instrument, and if so, the nature of the item being hedged. The Group designates certain derivatives as: (a) hedges of the exposure to changes in fair value of recognised assets or liabilities or unrecognised firm commitments (fair value hedge), (b) hedges of the exposure to variability in cash flows of recognised assets or liabilities or highly probable forecasted transactions (cash flow hedge); or, (c) hedges of the exposure to variability in the value of a net investment in a foreign operation associated with the translation of the investment's carrying amount in the Group's functional currency. Hedge accounting is used for derivatives designated in this way, provided certain criteria are met.

The Group documents, at the inception of the transaction, the relationship between hedging instruments and hedged items, as well as its risk management objective and strategy for undertaking various hedge transactions. The Group also documents its assessment, both at hedge inception and on an ongoing basis, of whether the derivatives that are used in hedging transactions are highly effective in offsetting changes in fair values or cash flows of hedged items.

### (i) Fair value hedge

Changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges are recorded in the income statement, together with any changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or liability that are attributable to the hedged risk.

If the hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting, the adjustment to the carrying amount of a hedged item for which the effective interest method is used is amortised to profit or loss over the period to maturity. The adjustment to the carrying amount of a hedged item for which the effective interest method is not used remains until the disposal of the equity security.

### (ii) Cash flow hedge

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges are recognised in other comprehensive income. The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognised immediately in the income statement.

Amounts accumulated in equity are recycled to the income statement in the periods in which the hedged item will affect profit or loss (for example, when the forecast sale that is hedged takes place).

When a hedging instrument expires or is sold, or when a hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting, any cumulative gain or loss existing in equity at that time remains in equity and is recognised when the forecast transaction is ultimately recognised in the income statement.

When a forecast transaction is no longer expected to occur, the cumulative gain or loss that was reported in equity is immediately transferred to the income statement.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements



### 2. Principal accounting policies (continued)

### (d) Derivative financial instruments and hedging (continued)

### (iii) Net investment hedge

Hedges of net investments in foreign operations, including hedges of monetary items that form part of the net investments in the foreign operations, are accounted for similarly to cash flow hedges. Any gain or loss on the hedging instrument relating to the effective portion of the hedge is recognised in equity; the gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognised immediately in the income statement. Gains and losses accumulated in equity are included in the income statement when the foreign operation is disposed of as part of the gain or loss on the disposal.

### (iv) Derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting

Certain derivative instruments do not qualify for hedge accounting. Changes in the fair value of any derivative instrument that does not qualify for hedge accounting are recognised immediately in the income statement.

The fair values of derivative instruments held for trading and hedging purposes are disclosed in note 23.

### (e) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is presented in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

### (f) Income statement

### (i) Interest income and expenses

Interest income and expenses are recognised in the income statement for all interest bearing instruments on an accruals basis, using the effective interest rate method. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument or, when appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or financial liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Group estimates cash flows considering all contractual terms of the financial instrument but does not consider future credit losses. The calculation includes all fees and points paid or received between parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs, and all other premiums or discounts.

Once a financial asset or a group of similar financial assets has been written down as a result of an impairment loss, interest income is recognised using the rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss.

#### (ii) Fees and commissions

Fees and commissions are generally recognised on an accruals basis. Commissions and fees relating to foreign exchange transactions, imports-exports, remittances, bank charges and brokerage activities are recognised on the completion of the underlying transaction.

### (g) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. Subsequent expenditure is recognised in the asset's carrying amount only when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the Group and the cost of the asset can be measured reliably. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in income statement as expenses as occurred.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method to write down the cost of property, plant and equipment, to their residual values over their estimated useful life as follows:

- Land: No depreciation
- Freehold buildings: 40-50 years
- Leasehold improvements: over the lease term or the useful life of the asset if shorter
- Computer hardware and software: 4-10 years
- Other furniture and equipment: 4-20 years
- Motor vehicles: 5-7 years

Property, plant and equipment are periodically reviewed for impairment, with any impairment charge being recognised immediately in the income statement.

Property held for rental yields and/or capital appreciation that is not occupied by the companies of the Group is classified as investment property. Investment property is carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

### (h) Intangible assets

### (i) Goodwill

For business combinations completed from 1 January 2010, goodwill represents the excess of the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest and the fair value of any previously held equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the net identifiable assets of the acquired undertaking at the date of acquisition. Goodwill on acquisitions of subsidiaries is included in 'intangible assets'. Goodwill on acquisitions of associates is included in 'investments in associates'.

Goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated impairment losses. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to cash generating units or groups of cash generating units. The allocation is made to those cash generating units or groups of cash generating units that are expected to benefit from the business combination in which goodwill arose. The carrying amount of goodwill is re-assessed annually as well as whenever a trigger event has been observed for impairment. Gains and losses on the disposal of an entity include the carrying amount of goodwill relating to the entity sold.

### (ii) Computer software

Costs associated with the maintenance of existing computer software programs are expensed as incurred. Development costs associated with the production of identifiable and unique products controlled by the Group, that will probably generate economic benefits exceeding costs beyond one year, are recognised as intangible assets and are amortised using the straight-line method over 4 years, except for core systems whose useful life may extend up to 10 years.

### (iii) Other intangible assets

Other intangible assets are assets that are separable or arise from contractual or other legal rights and are amortised over their estimated useful lives. These include intangible assets acquired in business combinations.



## 2. Principal accounting policies (continued)

## (i) Financial assets

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following IAS 39 categories: financial assets at fair-value-through-profit-or-loss, loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments, and available-for-sale financial assets. Management determines the classification of its financial instruments at initial recognition.

#### (i) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

This category has two sub-categories: financial assets held for trading, and those designated at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition. A financial asset is classified as held for trading if acquired principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the short term or if it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that are managed together and for which there is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking. Derivatives are also categorised as held for trading unless they are designated and effective as hedging instruments.

The Group designates certain financial assets upon initial recognition as at fair-value-through-profit-or-loss when any of the following apply:

- a) it eliminates or significantly reduces measurement or recognition inconsistencies; or
- b) financial assets share the same risks with financial liabilities and those risks are managed and evaluated on a fair value basis ; or
- c) structured products containing embedded derivatives that could significantly modify the cash flows of the host contract.

#### (ii) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market, other than those that the Group upon initial recognition designates as at fair-value-through-profit-or-loss and those that the Group upon initial recognition designates as available-for-sale. Securities classified in this category are presented in Investment Securities under Debt Securities Lending portfolio.

## (iii) Held-to-maturity

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities that the Group's management has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity. If the Group were to sell other than an insignificant amount of held-to-maturity assets, the entire category would be tainted and reclassified as available-for-sale.

#### (iv) Available-for-sale

Available-for-sale investments are those intended to be held for an indefinite period of time, which may be sold in response to needs for liquidity or changes in interest rates, exchange rates or equity prices.

#### Accounting treatment and calculation

Purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade-date, the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Loans originated by the Group are recognised when cash is advanced to the borrowers. Financial assets are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs for all financial assets not carried at fair-value-through-profit-or-loss. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or where the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

Available-for-sale financial assets and financial assets at fair-value-through-profit-or-loss are subsequently carried at fair value. Loans and receivables and held-to-maturity investments are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the 'financial assets at fair-value-through-profit-or-loss' category are included in the income statement in the period in which they arise. Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of available-for-sale financial assets are recognised directly in equity, until the financial asset is derecognised or impaired at which time the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in equity is recognised in profit or loss. However, interest calculated using the effective interest rate method is recognised in the income statement.

Dividends on equity instruments are recognised in the income statement when the entity's right to receive payment is established.

The fair values of quoted investments in active markets are based on current bid prices. If the market for a financial asset is not active (and for unlisted securities), the Group establishes fair value by using valuation techniques. These include the use of recent arm's length transactions, reference to the current fair value of another instrument that is substantially the same, discounted cash flow analysis, option pricing models and other valuation techniques commonly used by market participants.

## (j) Impairment of financial assets

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired and impairment losses are incurred if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a 'loss event') and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated. Objective evidence that a financial asset or group of assets is impaired includes observable data that comes to the attention of the Group about the following loss events:

- a) significant financial difficulty of the issuer or obligor;
- b) a breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;
- c) the Group granting to the borrower, for economic or legal reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, a concession that the lender would not otherwise consider;
- d) it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation;
- e) the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties; or
- f) observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows from a group of financial assets since the initial recognition of those assets, although the decrease cannot yet be identified with the individual financial assets in the group, including:
   adverse changes in the payment status of borrowers in the group; or
  - national or local economic conditions that correlate with defaults on the assets in the group.

#### (i) Assets carried at amortised cost

The Group first assesses whether objective evidence of impairment exists individually for financial assets that are individually significant, and individually or collectively for financial assets that are not individually significant. If the Group determines that no objective evidence of impairment exists for an individually assessed financial asset, whether significant or not, it includes the asset in a group of financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics and collectively assesses them for impairment. Assets that are individually assessed for impairment and for which an impairment loss is or continues to be recognised are not included in a collective assessment of impairment.

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on loans and receivables or held-to-maturity investments carried at amortised cost has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account and the amount of the loss is recognised in the income statement. If a loan or held-to-maturity investment has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract. As a practical expedient, the Group may measure impairment on the basis of an instrument's fair value using an observable market price.

The calculation of the present value of the estimated future cash flows of a collateralised financial asset reflects the cash flows that may result from foreclosure less costs for obtaining and selling the collateral, whether or not foreclosure is probable.



## 2. Principal accounting policies (continued)

## (j) Impairment of financial assets (continued)

#### (i) Assets carried at amortised cost (continued)

For the purposes of a collective evaluation of impairment, financial assets are grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics (i.e., on the basis of the Group's grading process that considers asset type, industry, geographical location, collateral type, past-due status and other relevant factors). Those characteristics are relevant to the estimation of future cash flows for groups of such assets by being indicative of the debtors' ability to pay all amounts due according to the contractual terms of the assets being evaluated.

Future cash flows in a group of financial assets that are collectively evaluated for impairment are estimated on the basis of the contractual cash flows of the assets in the group and historical loss experience for assets with credit risk characteristics similar to those in the group. Historical loss experience is adjusted on the basis of current observable data to reflect the effects of current conditions that did not affect the period on which the historical loss experience is based and to remove the effects of conditions in the historical period that do not exist currently.

Estimates of changes in future cash flows for groups of assets should reflect and be directionally consistent with changes in related observable data from period to period (for example, changes in unemployment rates, property prices, payment status, or other factors indicative of changes in the probability of losses in the group and their magnitude). The methodology and assumptions used for estimating future cash flows are reviewed regularly by the Group to reduce any differences between loss estimates and actual loss experience.

When a loan is uncollectible, it is written off against the related provision for loan impairment. Such loans are written off after all the necessary procedures have been completed and the amount of the loss has been determined. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off decrease the amount of the provision for loan impairment in the income statement.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised (such as an improvement in the debtor's credit rating), the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed by adjusting the allowance account. The amount of the reversal is recognised in the income statement.

## (ii) Available-for-sale assets

In case of equity and debt investments classified as available-for-sale, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the security below its cost is considered in determining whether the assets are impaired. If any such evidence exists for available-for-sale financial assets, the cumulative loss – measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognised in profit or loss – is removed from equity and recognised in the income statement. Impairment losses recognised in the income statement on equity investments are not reversed through the income statement. If, in a subsequent period, the fair value of a debt instrument classified as available-for-sale increases and the increase can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised in profit or loss, the impairment loss is reversed through the income statement.

## (k) Sale and repurchase agreements and securities lending

#### (i) Sale and repurchase agreements

Securities sold subject to repurchase agreements ('repos') continue to be recorded in the Group's Balance Sheet while the counterparty liability is included in amounts due to other banks or due to customers, as appropriate. Securities purchased under agreements to resell ("reverse repos") are recorded as loans and advances to other banks or customers as appropriate. The difference between the sale and repurchase price is treated as interest and accrued over the period of the repo agreements using the effective interest method.

#### (ii) Securities lending

Securities lent to counterparties are retained in the financial statements. Securities borrowed are not recognised in the financial statements, unless these are sold to third parties, in which case the purchase and sale are recorded with the gain or loss included in trading income. The obligation to return them is recorded at fair value as a trading liability.

## (I) Financial liabilities

The Group classifies its financial liabilities in the following categories: financial liabilities measured at amortised cost and financial liabilities at fair-value-through-profit-orloss. Financial liabilities at fair-value-through-profit-or-loss have two sub categories: financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated at fair-value-through-profit-or-loss upon initial recognition.

- The Group designates financial liabilities at fair-value-through-profit-or-loss when any of the following apply:
- a) it eliminates or significantly reduces measurement or recognition inconsistencies; or
- b) financial liabilities share the same risks with financial assets and those risks are managed and evaluated on a fair value basis; or
- c) structured products containing embedded derivatives that could significantly modify the cash flows of the host contract.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

#### (m) Leases

#### (i) Accounting for leases as lessee

#### Finance leases:

Leases of property, plant and equipment where the Group has substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalised at the inception of the lease at the lower of the fair value of the leased asset or the present value of the minimum lease payments. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance charges so as to achieve a constant rate on the finance balance outstanding. The interest element of the finance cost is charged to the income statement over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period. The property, plant and equipment acquired under finance leases is depreciated over the shorter of the useful life of the asset or the lease term.

#### Operating leases:

Leases where a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to the income statement on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

#### (ii) Accounting for leases as lessor

#### Finance leases:

When assets are leased out under a finance lease, the present value of the lease payments is recognised as a receivable. The difference between the gross receivable and the present value of the receivable is recognised as unearned finance income. Lease income is recognised over the term of the lease using the net investment method, which reflects a constant periodic rate of return.

#### Operating leases:

Assets leased out under operating leases are included in property, plant and equipment in the balance sheet. They are depreciated over their expected useful lives on a basis consistent with similar owned property, plant and equipment. Rental income (net of any incentives given to lessees) is recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements



## 2. Principal accounting policies (continued)

#### (n) Income tax

## (i) Current income tax

Income tax payable on profits, based on the applicable tax law in each jurisdiction is recognised as an expense in the period in which profits arise. The tax effects of income tax losses available for carry forward are recognised as an asset when it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which these losses can be utilised.

#### (ii) Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. The principal temporary differences arise from impairment of financial assets, depreciation of fixed assets, pension and other retirement benefit obligations, and revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities, including derivative instruments.

Deferred tax assets are recognised where it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. Deferred tax related to changes in fair values of available-for-sale investments and cash flow hedges which are recognised to other comprehensive income is also recognised to other comprehensive income, and is subsequently recognised in the income statement together with the deferred gain or loss.

#### (o) Employee benefits

## (i) Pension obligations

The Group provides a number of defined contribution pension plans where annual contributions are invested and allocated to specific asset categories. Eligible employees are entitled to the overall performance of the investment. The Group's contributions are recognised as employee benefit expense in the year in which they are paid.

#### (ii) Standard legal staff retirement indemnity obligations (SLSRI)

In accordance with the local labour legislation, the Group provides for staff retirement indemnity obligation for employees which are entitled to a lump sum payment based on the number of years of service and the level of remuneration at the date of retirement, if they remain in the employment of the Group until normal retirement age. Provision has been made for the actuarial value of the lump sum payable on retirement (SLSRI) using the projected unit credit method. Under this method the cost of providing retirement indemnities is charged to the income statement so as to spread the cost over the period of service of the employees, in accordance with the actuarial valuations which are performed every year. The SLSRI obligation is calculated as the present value of the estimated future cash outflows using interest rates of government securities which have terms to maturity approximating the terms of the related liability. Actuarial gains and losses that arise in calculating the Group's obligation in respect of the SLSRI obligations are charged directly in the profit and loss for the year.

In addition, the Group has enhanced the above provision by taking into consideration potential separations before normal retirement based on the terms of previous voluntary separation schemes. The Group recognises separation indemnity when it is demonstrably committed to separations either according to detailed formal plans which are announced and cannot be withdrawn or as a result of mutually agreed termination terms. Benefits payable in more than 12 months from the balance sheet date are discounted to present value.

#### (iii) Performance-based cash payments

The Group's Management awards high performing employees with bonuses in cash, from time to time, on a discretionary basis. Cash payments requiring only Management approval are recognised as employee benefit expenses on an accrual basis. Cash payments requiring General Meeting approval as distribution of profits to staff are recognised as employee benefit expense in the accounting period that they are approved by the Group's shareholders.

#### (iv) Performance-based share-based payments

The Group's Management awards employees with bonuses in the form of shares and share options on a discretionary basis. Non-performance related shares vest in the period granted. Share based payments that are contingent upon the achievement of a performance and service condition, vest only if both conditions are satisfied.

The fair value of the shares granted is recognised as an employee benefit expense with a corresponding increase in share capital (par value) and share premium.

The fair value of the options granted is recognised as an employee benefit expense with a corresponding increase in a non-distributable reserve over the vesting period. The proceeds received net of any directly attributable transaction costs are credited to share capital (par value) and share premium when the options are exercised, with a transfer of the non distributable reserve to share premium.

## (p) Insurance activities

#### (i) Revenue recognition

For casualty, property and short-duration life insurance contracts, premiums are recognised as revenue (earned premiums) proportionally over the period of coverage. The portion of premium received on in-force contracts that relates to unexpired risks at the balance sheet date is reported as the unearned premium liability. Premiums are shown before deduction of commission or reinsurance premium ceded.

For long-term insurance contracts, premiums are recognised as revenue when they become payable by the contract holder. Premiums are shown before deduction of commission. A liability for contractual benefits that are expected to be incurred in the future is recorded when the insurance contract is in force and the premiums are recognised.

#### (ii) Insurance liabilities

Insurance reserves are classified as follows:

#### Mathematical reserves

Mathematical reserves represent insurance provisions for long-term life insurance contracts. They are calculated in accordance with actuarial techniques, after taking into account the technical assumptions imposed by supervisory authorities (mortality tables and the technical interest rate), in effect at the contract's inception, as the difference between the actuarial present value of the contract's liabilities and the present value of the premiums to be received.

## Unearned premium and unexpired risk reserves

Unearned premiums' reserves represent the part of the premium written for short term life, and property and casualty insurance contracts, that relates to the period beyond the reporting date until the termination of the period covered by the respective premium of the contract. An additional provision for unexpired risks is made when it is anticipated that unearned premiums will be insufficient to meet future losses and loss adjustment expenses of business in force at the reporting date.

#### Outstanding claims' reserves

Outstanding claims' reserves are set for liabilities on claims incurred and reported but not fully settled by the end of the reporting period. The specified liabilities are examined on a case-by-case basis by professional valuers, based on existing information (loss adjustors' reports, medical reports, court decisions etc). The Group recognises additional provisions regarding claims incurred but not reported (IBNR) by the end of the reporting period. The calculation of these provisions is based on statistical methodologies.



#### 2. Principal accounting policies (continued)

## (p) Insurance activities (continued)

## (iii) Liability adequacy

At each reporting date, the Group performs a liability adequacy test ('LAT') to assess whether its recognised insurance liabilities are adequate by using current estimates of future cash flows including related handling costs. If that assessment shows that the carrying amount of its insurance liabilities is inadequate in the light of the estimated future cash flows, the entire deficiency is recognised in the income statement.

## (iv) Reinsurance

Contracts entered into by the Group with reinsurers under which the Group is compensated for losses on one or more contracts issued by the Group and that meet the classification requirements for insurance contracts are classified as reinsurance contracts held.

The benefits to which the Group is entitled under its reinsurance contracts held are recognised as reinsurance assets. These assets consist of short-term balances due from reinsurers, as well as longer term receivables that are dependent on the expected claims and benefits arising under the related reinsured insurance contracts. Amounts recoverable from or due to reinsurers are measured consistently with the amounts associated with the reinsured insurance contracts and in accordance with the terms of each reinsurance contract. Reinsurance liabilities are primarily premiums payable for reinsurance contracts and are recognised as an expense when due.

The Group assesses its reinsurance assets for impairment at each reporting date. If there is objective evidence that the reinsurance asset is impaired, the Group reduces the carrying amount of the reinsurance asset to its recoverable amount and recognises that impairment loss in the income statement.

## (q) Repossessed properties

Land and buildings repossessed through an auction process to recover impaired loans are, except where otherwise stated, included in "Other Assets". Assets acquired from an auction process are held temporarily for liquidation and are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Any gains or losses on liquidation are included in "Other operating income".

#### (r) Related party transactions

Related parties include associates, fellow subsidiaries, directors and key management personnel, their close families, companies owned or controlled by them and companies whose financial and operating policies they can influence. Transactions of similar nature are disclosed on an aggregate basis. All banking transactions entered into with related parties are in the normal course of business and on an arm's length basis.

## (s) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and reliable estimates of the amount of the obligation can be made.

#### (t) Segment reporting

A segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenue and incur expenses within a particular economic environment. Operating segments are identified on the basis of internal reports about components of the entity that are regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision maker in order to allocate resources to the segment and to assess its performance. The chief operating decision maker has been identified as the Strategic Planning Group (SPG) that makes strategic decisions. The Group is organised into five main business segments. Segment revenue, segment expenses and segment performance include transfers between business segments. Such transfers are accounted for at competitive prices in line with charges to unaffiliated customers for similar services.

## (u) Share capital

Ordinary shares and preference shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction from the proceeds, net of tax.

Dividend distribution on shares is recognised as a deduction in the Group's equity when approved by the Group's shareholders. Interim dividends are recognised as a deduction in the Group's equity when approved by the Board of Directors.

Where any Group company purchases the Company's equity share capital (treasury shares), the consideration paid including any directly attributable incremental costs (net of income taxes), is deducted from shareholders' equity until the shares are cancelled, reissued or disposed of. Where such shares are subsequently sold or reissued, any consideration received is included in shareholders' equity.

#### (v) Preferred securities

Preferred securities issued by the Group are classified as equity when there is no contractual obligation to deliver to the holder cash or another financial asset.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new preferred securities are shown in equity as a deduction from the proceeds, net of tax.

Dividend distribution on preferred securities is recognised as a deduction in the Group's equity on the date it is due.

Where preferred securities, issued by the Group, are repurchased, the consideration paid including any directly attributable incremental costs (net of income taxes), is deducted from shareholders' equity. Where such securities are subsequently called or sold, any consideration received is included in shareholders' equity.

#### (w) Financial guarantees

Financial guarantee contracts are contracts that require the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payments when due, in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. Such financial guarantees are given to banks, financial institutions and other bodies on behalf of customers to secure loans, overdrafts and other banking facilities.

Financial guarantees are initially recognised in the financial statements at fair value on the date the guarantee was given. Subsequent to initial recognition, the Group's liabilities under such guarantees are measured at the higher of the initial measurement, less amortisation calculated to recognise in the income statement the fee income earned on a straight line basis over the life of the guarantee and the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle any financial obligation arising at the balance sheet date. These estimates are determined based on experience of similar transactions and history of past losses, supplemented by the judgment of Management. Any increase in the liability relating to guarantees is taken to the income statement.

#### (x) Securitisations

The Group securitises financial assets, which generally results in the sale of the assets to special purpose entities (accounting policy b (i)), which, in turn issue debt securities to investors and in some instances to Group companies. These securitisations are all consolidated by the Group as it is exposed to the majority of risks and rewards of ownership in the special purpose entities.

#### (y) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank drafts.



## 3. Critical accounting estimates and judgments in applying accounting policies

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, the Group's Management makes various judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities recognised in the financial statements within the next financial year. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

#### (a) Impairment losses on loans and advances

The Group reviews its loan portfolios to assess impairment continuously. In determining whether an impairment loss should be recorded in the income statement, the Group makes judgments as to whether there is any observable data indicating there is measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows from a portfolio of loans before the decrease can be identified with an individual loan in that portfolio. This evidence may include observable data indicating that there has been an adverse change in the payment status of borrowers in a group, or national or local economic conditions that correlate with defaults on assets in the group. Management uses estimates based on historical loss experience for assets with credit risk characteristics and objective evidence of impairment similar to those in the portfolio when scheduling its future cash flows. The methodology and assumptions used for estimating both the amount and timing of future cash flows are reviewed regularly to reduce any differences between loss estimates and actual loss experience.

## (b) Estimated impairment of goodwill

The Group assesses annually whether there is an indication of goodwill impairment in accordance with the accounting policy stated in note 2 h (i). The recoverable amounts of cash-generating units are determined based on value in use calculations. These calculations are based on profitability and cash flow projections, which require the use of estimates such as growth rates for revenues and expenses and profit margins.

## (c) Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of financial instruments that are not quoted in an active market are determined by using valuation techniques. In these cases, the fair values are estimated from observable data in respect of similar financial instruments or using models. Where market observable inputs are not available, they are estimated based on appropriate assumptions. Where valuation techniques are used to determine fair values, they are validated and periodically reviewed by qualified personnel independent of the personnel that created them. All models are certified before they are used, and models are calibrated to ensure that outputs reflect actual data and comparative market prices. To the extent practicable, models use only observable data, however areas such as credit risk (both own and counterparty), volatilities and correlations require management to make estimates. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

#### (d) Impairment of available-for-sale equity investments

The Group determines that available-for-sale equity investments are impaired when there has been a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the equity investments below their cost. In determining what is significant or prolonged the Group's management exercises judgment. In making this judgment, the Group evaluates among other factors, the normal volatility in share price. In addition, impairment may be appropriate when there is objective evidence of deterioration in the financial health of the investee, industry and sector performance, changes in technology, and operational and financing cash flows.

## (e) Securitisations and consolidation of special purpose entities

The Group sponsors the formation of special purpose entities (SPEs) for various purposes including asset securitisation. The Group may or may not directly own the SPEs and consolidates those SPEs that it controls. In determining whether the Group controls an SPE, it makes judgments about its exposure to the risks and rewards related to the SPE and about its ability to make operational decisions for the SPE in question.

## (f) Income taxes

The Group is subject to income taxes in various jurisdictions and estimates are required in determining the provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Group recognizes liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

## (g) Retirement benefit obligations

The present value of the retirement benefit obligations depends on a number of factors that are determined on an actuarial basis using a number of assumptions. Any changes in these assumptions will impact the carrying amount of pension obligations.

The assumptions used in determining the net cost (income) for pensions include the discount rate, future salary increases and inflation rate. The Group determines the appropriate discount rate at the end of each year. In determining the appropriate discount rate the Group uses interest rates of government securities which have terms to maturity approximating the terms of the related liability. Other key assumptions for pension obligations are based in part on current market conditions.

## (h) Share-based payments

The Group grants shares and share options to the employees as a common feature of employee remuneration. IFRS 2 requires recognition of an expense for those shares and share options at the fair value on the grant date (equity-settled plans). For shares granted to employees, the fair value is measured directly at the market price of the entity's shares, adjusted to take into account the terms and conditions upon which the shares were granted. For share options granted to employees, in many cases market prices are not available because the options granted are subject to terms and conditions that do not apply to traded options. If this is the case, the Group estimates the fair value of the equity instruments granted using a valuation technique, which is consistent with generally accepted valuation methodologies.

## 4. Greek Economy Liquidity Support Program

The Bank participates in the Greek Government's plan to support liquidity in the Greek economy under Law 3723/2008, as amended by Laws 3844/2010, 3845/2010, 3872/2010 and 3965/2011 and extended by Ministerial decision 57863/B.2535/29.12.2011, as follows:

- (a) First stream preference shares 345,500,000 non-voting preference shares with nominal value of € 950 million were subscribed to by the Hellenic Republic on 21 May 2009 (note 38).
- (b) Second stream bonds guaranteed by the Hellenic Republic During the year, the Bank issued an additional amount of bonds of € 5,726 million. As at 31 December 2011, the government guaranteed bonds, totalling to € 17,776 million, were fully retained by the Bank and its subsidiaries (note 34).

#### Post Balance Sheet event

In February 2012, government guaranteed bonds of € 3,844 million, matured. Upon their maturity, the Bank proceeded with the issuance of government guaranteed bonds of equivalent value (note 34).

(c) Third stream - lending of Greek Government bonds

Liquidity obtained under this stream must be used to fund mortgages and loans to small and medium-size enterprises. As at 31 December 2011, the special Greek Government bonds borrowed by the Bank matured and have not been renewed.



#### 4. Greek Economy Liquidity Support Program (continued)

Under Law 3723/2008, as amended by Law 3965/2011, for the period the Bank participates in the program through the preference shares or the guaranteed bonds (streams (a) and (b) above), the Government is entitled to appoint its representative to the Board of Directors, veto strategic decisions, decisions which alter substantially the legal or financial position of the Bank and require the General Assembly's approval and dividend distributions as well as restrict management remuneration.

In addition, under Law 3756/2009, as amended by Laws 3844/2010, 3965/2011 and 4063/2012, banks participating in the Greek Economy Liquidity Support Program are not allowed to declare a cash dividend to their ordinary shareholders for 2008 to date, and are not allowed to acquire treasury shares under article 16 of the Company Law.

## 5. Credit exposure to Greek sovereign debt

## Greek Government bonds exchanged under PSI+ in 2012

As at 30 June 2011, the Group recognized an impairment loss of € 830 million, before tax, on Greek Government Bonds (GGBs) maturing prior to 31 December 2020, which were eligible for exchange under the voluntary debt exchange programme for the Private Sector (Private Sector Involvement-PSI), as agreed at the Eurozone Summit of the 21st July 2011. The exchange was originally scheduled for October 2011.

The July PSI plan was not implemented and EU authorities begun formulating a new package to support Greece and enhance its debt sustainability. At the European Summit on 26 October 2011, the European Heads of State agreed to set up a new reform programme for the Greek economy, supporting growth and including a voluntary bond exchange with a nominal discount of 50% on notional Greek debt held by private investors.

Efforts to resolve the Euro Area sovereign debt crisis entered a new phase on 21 February 2012, when Euro Area finance ministers agreed on the second bail out programme for Greece, including financial assistance from the official sector and a voluntary debt exchange agreed with the Private Sector.

The key terms and conditions of the final voluntary debt exchange package (PSI+) are as follows:

- (a) For every bond selected to participate in PSI+, 53.5% of the face amount will be forgiven, 31.5% of the face amount will be exchanged with new bonds of equal face amount issued by Greece and the remaining 15% will be exchanged with short-term securities issued by the European Financial Stability Facility (EFSF).
- (b) The coupon on the new Greek Government Bonds (nGGBs) will be 2% from 2012 to 2015, rising to 3% from 2015 to 2020, 3.65% for 2021 and 4.3% until 2042.
- (c) Accrued interest on the exchanged bonds will be settled through the issue of short-term EFSF securities.
- (d) The nGGBs will be issued in 20 separate tranches with staggered bullet maturities commencing in 2023 and ending in 2042 to replicate an amortisation of 5% per annum on the aggregate amount of the nGGBs.
- (e) The nGGBs will rank pari passu with the EFSF € 30 bn loan to Greece contributing to the PSI+ exercise.
- (f) nGGBs will be subject to English Law.
- (g) Each new bond will be accompanied by a detachable GDP-linked security of the same notional amount as the face amount of the new bond.

The second support programme aims at ensuring debt sustainability and restoring competitiveness, allowing Greece to achieve strict fiscal consolidation targets and the implementation of privatization plans and structural reforms. Furthermore, the respective contributions from the private and official sector should ensure that Greece's public debt ratio is brought on a downward path reaching 120.5% of GDP by 2020.

The invitation for tender was launched on 24 February 2012 and the bonds invited to participate in PSI+ had an aggregate outstanding face amount of approximately € 206 bn. Following the invitation deadline of 8 March 2012 and the subsequent activation of collective action clauses for the bonds governed by Greek law, bonds of approximately € 197 bn were exchanged on 12 March 2012, while the settlement for holders of Foreign law bonds and bonds guaranteed by Hellenic Republic took place in April.

Under Law 4046/2012, the tax losses arising from the bond exchange under the PSI+ program will be tax deductible in equal instalments over the life of the new bonds received.

The exchange programme of Greek Government bonds and other eligible securities (PSI+) provides evidence of a concession granted to the borrower (the Greek State) by the lender relating to the borrower's financial difficulty that the lender would not otherwise consider. Therefore, following the Bank's participation in the programme, the Group recognised an impairment loss of  $\notin$  5,779 million before tax, as of 31 December 2011, for GGBs and other securities of face value  $\notin$  7,336 million exchanged in 2012 under PSI+, of which  $\notin$  830 million was recognized as of 30 June 2011.

The impairment loss of  $\notin$  5,156 million for the Debt Securities Lending portfolio and Loans to Greek State entities and  $\notin$  608 million for the Held-to-maturity portfolio, has been calculated by discounting the nGGBs' estimated future cash flows at the securities' original effective interest rate and includes losses of  $\notin$  292 million before tax, previously recognised in other comprehensive income, for securities reclassified from the Available-for-sale portfolio. The impairment loss on the Available-for-sale portfolio of  $\notin$  15 million is based on the 31 December 2011 market values.

As at 31 December 2011, the carrying value after impairment of debt securities exchanged in 2012 under the PSI+ amounted to € 1,945 million (Debt Securities Lending and Loans to Greek State entities € 1,679 million, Held-to-maturity € 257 million and Available-for-sale € 9 million). Trading positions of € 13 million are carried at 31 December 2011 market values.

#### Other Greek sovereign exposure

The Group has also assessed for impairment all other exposure to Greek government and quasi-governmental bodies, such as loans to Local and Regional Authorities and loans guaranteed by the Greek State. As a result, an impairment loss of € 233 million before tax as at 31 December 2011 was recognised.

As at 31 December 2011, the total carrying value of other Greek Sovereign Exposure after impairment amounted to € 4,155 million. This includes Treasury Bills of € 2,204 million, maturing within six months, and GGBs of € 903 million maturing in 2014 and issued for the Greek State's subscription to the Preference Shares issued under Law 3723/2008 "Greek Economy Liquidity Support Program". These Treasury Bills and GGBs were excluded from PSI+ and are expected to be repaid in full under IMF's Debt Sustainability Assessment.

## 6. Greek Banks' recapitalisation

#### Recapitalisation framework and process

Given the severity of the impact of the Greek Bond exchange programme (PSI+), on 21 February 2012 the Euro Area finance ministers allocated a total of € 50 bn of the second support programme for Greece specifically for the recapitalisation of the Greek Banking system. These funds will be directed to the Hellenic Financial Stability Fund (HFSF) whose mandate has been extended and enhanced accordingly. The first tranche of these funds was remitted to Greece in April 2012, while the rest, according to IMF "Request for extended arrangement under the extended fund facility", will be made available in June 2012.

The Bank of Greece (BoG) is currently assessing the viability of each Greek Bank and estimating its capital needs, taking into consideration both the PSI+ impact and the difficult economic environment of the next three years, for which adequate buffers must be set aside. BoG's assessment of capital needs is based in a minimum EBA Equity Tier I ratio of 9% by September 2012, and 10% by June 2013, with also a minimum 7% required under a 3 year adverse stress scenario as at December 2014.



## 6. Greek Banks' recapitalisation (continued)

## Recapitalisation framework and process (continued)

The BoG is assessing the capital needs of each bank based on, inter alia, the impact of its participation in the PSI+ programme, the results from the BlackRock loan diagnostic exercise, the viability of its business plan, and a detailed timetable of mitigating actions to restore solvency. BoG's and the European Central Bank's initial assessment is that the € 50 bn is adequate to cover the capital needs, as above, of the viable Greek Banks and the resolution of the non viable ones. BoG is expected to communicate its assessment to each bank by 30 April 2012.

In the meantime, the impact of Greek banks participation in the Greek Government Bonds exchange programme (PSI+) is such that they may require a temporary financial support from the Hellenic Financial Stability Fund (HFSF-see below), subject to the requirements provided by law.

The HFSF was established in 2010, in order to maintain the stability of the Greek banking system through ensuring that adequate resources are available to support viable banks' recapitalization needs and participating to the capital increases for any non- subscribed part.

Banks considered viable will be given the opportunity to apply for and receive EBA- Core Tier I- eligible capital from the HFSF under a certain process. Capital may take the form of ordinary shares, contingent convertible bonds or ordinary shares with restricted voting rights. Ordinary shares with restricted voting rights will only be available if private investors contribute at least 10% of the capital raising. The Law 4051/2012, which stipulates the above, underlines that among its main objectives are to incentivise the participation of private investors and to maintain the business autonomy of the banks.

The Government will ensure that Greek banks have business autonomy both de jure and de facto. The voting rights of the HFSF for the common shares it holds, subject to the 10% threshold mentioned above, will be strictly limited to specific strategic decisions on the condition that the bank adheres to its restructuring plan.

Private shareholders will be given incentives to purchase HFSF-held shares. The HFSF will decide on the disposal process of the ordinary shares and the contingent convertible bonds the latest within 5 years from its participation in the capital increase.

A Cabinet Council Act agreed in consultation with the Troika (European Commission, ECB and IMF) shall provide the technical details of the banks' recapitalization framework, embodying these principles, by end of May 2012.

Non viable Banks will be resolved by the HFSF, in an orderly manner and at the lowest cost to the State, in a way that ensures financial stability.

To ensure that the system remains well-capitalized, by the second quarter of 2013, the Bank of Greece will conduct a follow-up stress-test exercise, based on end of 2012 market values and using a methodology determined in consultation with the Troika (EC, ECB, IMF).

#### Eurobank EFG's capital requirements

Excluding the impairment losses on Greek sovereign exposure (PSI+) the Group's regulatory capital stands at  $\in$  5.2 bn (end 2010:  $\in$  5.6 bn), its Capital Adequacy Ratio at 12% (2010: 11.7%) and EBA Core Tier I Ratio at 9.8% (2010: 9.0%). Proforma with the liability management exercise successfully completed in February 2012, and the disposal of the Turkish operations which was agreed in April 2012 and is expected to be completed in the autumn, the EBA Equity Tier I ratio would increase to 11.0% (note 7.3), equivalent to  $\notin$  880 million additional capital above the September 2012 threshold of 9%.

The regulatory impact of PSI+, including the non recognition of deferred tax, totals  $\in$  5.8 bn, therefore the Group has obtained HFSF's commitment for a  $\in$  4.2 bn capital support, which would bring the Group's Total Capital Adequacy Ratio above 8%.

The regulatory impact of the 3 year adverse stress scenario is currently being estimated in cooperation with the Bank of Greece and HFSF, both on a short term and a medium term basis.

The Group continues the implementation of its medium term internal capital generating plan, which includes initiatives which generate or release EBA equity capital and/or reduce Risk Weighted Assets. In addition the Group is preparing for the capital raising that must be completed by end of September 2012.

The Directors have concluded that the Group is viable and have a reasonable expectation that the recapitalization of the Group will be promptly and successfully completed.

## 7. Financial risk management

#### 7.1 Use of financial instruments

By their nature the Group's activities are principally related to the use of financial instruments including derivatives. The Group accepts deposits from customers, at both fixed and floating rates, and for various periods and seeks to earn above average interest margins by investing these funds in high quality assets. The Group seeks to increase these margins by consolidating short-term funds and lending for longer periods at higher rates, while maintaining sufficient liquidity to meet all claims that might fall due.

The Group also seeks to raise its interest margins by obtaining above average margins, net of provisions, through lending to commercial and retail borrowers within a range of credit standing. Such exposures include both on-balance sheet loans and advances and off-balance sheet guarantees and other commitments such as letters of credit.

The Group also trades in financial instruments where it takes positions in traded and over the counter instruments including derivatives, to take advantage of short-term market movements in the equity and bond markets and in currency and interest rates. The Eurobank's Risk Committee places trading limits on the level of exposure that can be taken in relation to overnight and intra-day market positions as well as limits in longer durations. With the exception of specific hedging arrangements, foreign exchange and interest rate exposures associated with these derivatives are normally concluded to hedge outstanding positions, thereby controlling the variability in the net cash amounts required to offset market positions.

### 7.2 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: credit risk, market risk (including currency risk and interest rate risk) and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management policies focus on the unpredictability of financial markets and seek to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance, financial position and cash flows.

## 7.2.1 Credit risk

The Group takes on exposure to credit risk, which is the risk that a counterparty will be unable to pay amounts in full when due. Impairment provisions are recognised for losses that have been incurred at the balance sheet date. Significant changes in the economy, or in the health of a particular industry segment that represents a concentration in the Group's portfolio, could result in losses that are different from those provided for at the balance sheet date. Management therefore carefully manages its exposure to credit risk.

The Group structures the levels of credit risk it undertakes by placing limits on the amount of risk accepted in relation to one borrower, or groups of borrowers, and to geographical and industry segments. Such risks are monitored on a revolving basis and are subject to an annual or more frequent review. The level of credit risk by product, industry sector and by country are reviewed quarterly by Eurobank's Risk Committee. The exposure to any one borrower including banks and brokers is further restricted by sub limits covering on and off-balance sheet exposures, and daily delivery risk limits in relation to trading items such as forward foreign exchange contracts. Actual exposures against limits are monitored on a daily basis.



# 7. Financial risk management (continued)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

## 7.2 Financial risk factors (continued)

## 7.2.1 Credit risk (continued)

The Group is active in the corporate and retail lending markets. Credit risk is well spread over a diversity of personal and commercial customers. Exposure to credit risk is managed through regular analysis of the ability of borrowers and potential borrowers to meet interest and capital repayment obligations and by changing the lending limits where appropriate. The Group reduces its credit risk associated with loans and advances to customers by entering into collateralised arrangements. The types of collateral that the Group obtains are cash deposits and other cash equivalents, real estate, receivables, securities, vessels and bank guarantees.

## (a) Derivatives

The Group maintains control limits on net open derivative positions i.e., the difference between purchase and sale contracts, by both amount and term. At any one time, the amount subject to credit risk is limited to the current fair value of instruments that are favourable to the Group (i.e., derivatives with a positive fair value) which in relation to derivatives is only a small proportion of the contract notional amount used to express the volume of instruments outstanding. The credit risk exposure is managed as part of the overall lending limits with customers together with potential exposures from market movements. Collateral or other security is not usually obtained for credit risk exposures on these instruments, except where the Group requires margin deposits from counterparties. Further details of the Group's derivative instruments are provided in note 23.

#### (b) Master netting arrangements

The Group further restricts its exposure to credit losses by entering into master netting arrangements with counterparties with which it undertakes a significant volume of transactions. Master netting arrangements do not generally result in an offset of balance sheet assets and liabilities, as transactions are usually settled on a gross basis. However, the credit risk is reduced by a master netting agreement to the extent that if an event of default occurs, all amounts with the counterparty are terminated and settled on a net basis. The Group's overall exposure to credit risk on derivative instruments subject to master netting arrangements can change substantially within a short period, as it is affected by each transaction subject to the arrangement.

## (c) Credit related commitments

The primary purpose of credit related commitments is to ensure that funds are available to a customer as required. Guarantees and standby letters of credit carry the same credit risk as loans since they represent irrevocable assurances that the Group will make payments in the event that a customer cannot meet its obligations to third parties. Documentary and commercial letters of credit, which are written undertakings by the Group on behalf of a customer authorising a third party to draw drafts on the Group up to a stipulated amount under specific terms and conditions, are secured by the underlying shipment of goods to which they relate and therefore carry less risk than a loan. Commitments to extend credit represent contractual commitments to extend credit in the form of loans, guarantees or letters of credit for which the Group usually receives a commitment fee. Such commitments are irrevocable over the life of the facility or revocable only in response to a material adverse effect.

## 7.2.1.1 Maximum exposure to credit risk before collateral held

	2011	2010
	<u>€ million</u>	<u>€ million</u>
Credit risk exposures relating to on-balance sheet assets are as follows:		
Loans and advances to banks	6,988	5,159
Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss:		
- Debt securities	260	287
Derivative financial instruments	1,818	1,440
Loans and advances to customers:		
- Wholesale lending	22,485	23,557
- Mortgage lending	14,029	17,119
- Consumer lending	7,048	8,926
- Small business lending	7,929	8,995
Less: Provision for impairment losses	(3,397)	(2,329)
Investment securities:		
- Debt securities	11,058	15,942
Other assets	878	754
Credit risk exposures relating to off-balance sheet items (note 43)	2,400	2,734
	71,496	82,584
	71,430	02,004

The above table represents the maximum credit risk exposure to the Group at 31 December 2011 and 2010, without taking account of any collateral held or other credit enhancements that do not qualify for offset in the Group's financial statements.

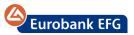
For on-balance sheet assets, the exposures set out above are based on net carrying amounts as reported in the balance sheet. Off-balance sheet items mentioned above include letters of guarantee, standby letters of credit, commitments to extend credit and documentary credits.

## 7.2.1.2 Loans and advances to customers

Loans and advances are summarised as follows:

	2011 <u>€ million</u>	2010 <u>€ million</u>
Neither past due nor impaired	34,742	44,529
Past due but not impaired	8,896	8,377
Impaired:		
- collectively assessed	4,113	3,379
- individually assessed	3,740	2,312
Gross	51,491	58,597
Less: allowance for impairment	(3,397)	(2,329)
Net	48,094	56,268
Included in gross loans and advances are:		
Past due more than 90 days	7,898	5,635
Of which non-performing loans	6,224	4,534

The wholesale and small business loans as at 31 December 2011 are covered by collaterals at 48% and 70%, respectively (2010: 48% and 70%, respectively). Consumer loans are not collateralised, except for car loans where the Group retains ownership until full loan repayment. Mortgage loans are fully collateralised.



# 7. Financial risk management (continued)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

## 7.2 Financial risk factors (continued)

#### 7.2.1 Credit risk (continued)

## 7.2.1.2 Loans and advances to customers (continued)

## (a) Loans and advances neither past due nor impaired

The credit quality of the portfolio of loans and advances that were neither past due nor impaired at 31 December 2011 and 2010 can be assessed by reference to the Group's standard grading system. The following information is based on that system:

	2011	2010
	€ million	<u>€ million</u>
Grades:		
Satisfactory risk	33,749	43,865
Watch list and special mention	993	664
Total	34,742	44,529

(b) Loans and advances past due but not impaired

		31 December 2011				
	Wholesale	Mortgage	Consumer	Small business	Total	
	<u>€ million</u>	€ million	<u>€ million</u>	<u>€ million</u>	€ million	
Past due up to 29 days	1,219	1,733	1,104	1,077	5,133	
Past due 30 - 89 days	1,274	628	386	812	3,100	
Past due 90 - 180 days	427	236	-	-	663	
Total	2,920	2,597	1,490	1,889	8,896	
Fair value of collateral	1,889	5,287	-	1,250	8,426	
		31	December 2010	)		
	Wholesale	Mortgage	Consumer	Small business	Total	
	<u>€ million</u>	€ million	<u>€ million</u>	<u>€ million</u>	<u>€ million</u>	
Past due up to 29 days	1,424	1,528	1,262	1,019	5,233	
Past due 30 - 89 days	991	548	548	567	2,654	
Past due 90 - 180 days	269	221	-		490	
Total	2,684	2,297	1,810	1,586	8,377	
Fair value of collateral	1,730	3,980	-	970	6,680	

Based on past experience, consumer and small business loans less than 90 days past due, and mortgage loans and fully collateralised wholesale loans less than 180 days past due, are not considered impaired, unless specific information indicates to the contrary.

#### (c) Impaired loans and advances collectively assessed

For collectively assessed accounts, loans are treated as impaired based on historical loss data for groups of loans with similar characteristics. The criteria used by the Group to determine that there is objective evidence of impairment are provided in Group's accounting policy 2 (j).

The collectively assessed loans and advances to customers before taking into consideration the cash flows from collateral held are € 4,113 million (2010: € 3,379 million). The breakdown of the gross amount of collectively assessed loans and advances by class, along with the fair value of related collateral held by the Group as security, are as follows:

	31 December 2011			31 December 2010				
	Mortgage	Consumer	Small business	Total	Mortgage	Consumer	Small business	Total
	<u>€ million</u>							
Collectively assessed								
loans	1,193	1,999	921	4,113	815	1,536	1,028	3,379
Fair value of collateral	1,898	-	436	2,334	1,292	-	499	1,791

(d) Impaired loans and advances individually assessed

For individually assessed accounts, loans are treated as impaired as soon as there is objective evidence that an impairment loss has been incurred. The criteria used by the Group to determine that there is objective evidence of impairment are provided in Group's accounting policy 2 (j).

The individually assessed loans and advances to customers before taking into consideration the cash flows from collateral held are € 3,740 million (2010: € 2,312 million). The breakdown of the gross amount of individually assessed loans and advances by class, along with the fair value of related collateral held by the Group as security, are as follows:

	31 December 2011			31 [	December 2010	
	Small				Small	
	Wholesale	business	Total	Wholesale	business	Total
	<u>€ million</u>					
Individually assessed loans	2,264	1,476	3,740	1,623	689	2,312
Fair value of collateral	1,119	914	2,033	816	400	1,216

#### (e) Non-performing loans

Non-performing loans are defined as the loans delinquent for a given period determined in accordance with the Group's policy. Mortgages are considered as non-performing when they are delinquent for more than 180 days and consumer loans for more than 90 days. Loans to corporate entities are considered as non-performing when they are transferred to non accrual status which occurs when the loans are delinquent for more than 180 days or earlier in the case of a material credit event.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements



## 7. Financial risk management (continued)

# 7.2 Financial risk factors (continued)

7.2.1 Credit risk (continued)

# 7.2.1.2 Loans and advances to customers (continued)

(e) Non-performing loans (continued)

	2011	2010
	<u>€ million</u>	<u>€ million</u>
- Wholesale lending	1,261	924
- Mortgage lending	1,127	760
- Consumer lending	1,975	1,511
- Small business lending	1,861	1,339
Total	6,224	4,534

## 7.2.1.3 Debt Securities

The following table presents an analysis of debt securities by rating agency designation at 31 December 2011 and 2010, based on Moody's ratings or their equivalent:

		31 December 2011			
	Trading securities € million	Available- -for-sale securities <u>€ million</u>	Debt securities lending portfolio <u>€ million</u>	Held-to- -maturity securities <u>€ million</u>	Total <u>€ million</u>
Aaa	-	599	-	453	1,052
Aa1 to Aa3 A1 to A3	- 0	19 259	83 281	192 71	294 611
Lower than A3 Unrated	259 1	1,914 69	5,617 11	1,490 -	9,280 81
Total	260	2,860	5,992	2,206	11,318
			31 December 2010		

	Trading securities € million	-for-sale securities <u>€ million</u>	lending portfolio <u>€ million</u>	-maturity securities <u>€ million</u>	Total <u>€ million</u>
Aaa	25	609	-	811	1,445
Aa1 to Aa3	-	51	198	166	415
A1 to A3	5	513	169	92	779
Lower than A3	224	1,483	9,351	2,360	13,418
Unrated	33	92	47	0	172
Total	287	2,748	9,765	3,429	16,229

Available-

Debt securities

Held-to-

€ 5,871 million included in securities rated Lower than A3, relates to Greek sovereign debt (2010: € 9,553 million), € 85 million relates to Irish and Portuguese sovereign debt (2010: € 19 million), while € 2,652 million relates to sovereign debt issued mainly by other Euro-zone members, European Union members and candidate members (2010: € 3,101 million).

## 7.2.1.4 Concentration of credit risk

## (a) Geographical sectors

The following table breaks down the Group's main credit exposure at their gross carrying amounts, as categorised by geographical region as at 31 December 2011 and 2010. For this table, the Group has allocated exposures to regions based on the country of domicile of its counterparties:

	31 December 2011				
		Other			
		Western			
		European	New Europe	Other	
	Greece	countries	countries	countries	Total
	<u>€ million</u>	<u>€ million</u>	<u>€ million</u>	<u>€ million</u>	€ million
Loans and advances to banks	93	4,588	2,099	208	6,988
Derivative financial instruments	740	678	32	368	1,818
Loans and advances to customers:					
- Wholesale lending	15,347	913	5,880	345	22,485
- Mortgage lending	11,793	67	2,150	19	14,029
- Consumer lending	5,568	0	1,470	10	7,048
- Small business lending	6,683	0	1,246	0	7,929
Debt securities	6,208	1,947	2,976	187	11,318
Other assets	740	35	102	1	878
Total	47,172	8,228	15,955	1,138	72,493

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements



## 7. Financial risk management (continued)

## 7.2 Financial risk factors (continued)

## 7.2.1 Credit risk (continued)

## 7.2.1.4 Concentration of credit risk (continued)

(a) Geographical sectors (continued)

		31 December 2010				
		Other				
		Western				
		European	New Europe	Other		
	Greece	countries	countries	countries	Total	
	<u>€ million</u>					
Loans and advances to banks	984	3,638	318	219	5,159	
Derivative financial instruments	392	813	44	191	1,440	
Loans and advances to customers:						
- Wholesale lending	16,718	769	5,894	176	23,557	
- Mortgage lending	11,413	68	5,617	21	17,119	
- Consumer lending	6,398	1	2,517	10	8,926	
- Small business lending	7,039	0	1,946	10	8,995	
Debt securities	9,788	2,752	3,265	424	16,229	
Other assets	621	29	101	3	754	
Total	53,353	8,070	19,702	1,054	82,179	

## (b) Industry sectors

The following table breaks down the Group's main credit exposure at their gross carrying amounts, as categorised by the industry sectors of its counterparties as of 31 December 2011 and 2010:

		31 December 2011						
	Commerce and services <u>€ million</u>	Private individuals <u>€ million</u>	Manufacturing <u>€ million</u>	Shipping <u>€ million</u>	Construction <u>€ million</u>	Other <u>€ million</u>	Total <u>€ million</u>	
Loans and advances to banks	6,988	-	-	-	-	-	6,988	
Derivative financial instruments Loans and advances to customers:	1,014	1	50	77	60	616	1,818	
- Wholesale lending	12,918	548	4,922	1,033	2,294	770	22,485	
- Mortgage lending	-	14,029	-	-	-	-	14,029	
- Consumer lending	-	7,048	-	-	-	-	7,048	
<ul> <li>Small business lending</li> </ul>	6,563	257	631	-	414	64	7,929	
Debt securities	1,502	-	11	0	54	9,751	11,318	
Other assets	435	3	0	-	0	440	878	
Total	29,420	21,886	5,614	1,110	2,822	11,641	72,493	

		31 December 2010					
	Commerce and services <u>€ million</u>	Private individuals <u>€ million</u>	Manufacturing <u>€ million</u>	Shipping <u>€ million</u>	Construction <u>€ million</u>	Other <u>€ million</u>	Total <u>€ million</u>
Loans and advances to banks	5,159	-	-	-	-	-	5,159
Derivative financial instruments Loans and advances to customers:	1,062	1	40	65	34	238	1,440
- Wholesale lending	13,430	538	5,264	1,295	2,305	725	23,557
<ul> <li>Mortgage lending</li> </ul>	-	17,119	-	-	-	-	17,119
- Consumer lending	-	8,926	-	-	-	-	8,926
<ul> <li>Small business lending</li> </ul>	7,448	137	806	-	506	98	8,995
Debt securities	2,123	-	76	-	68	13,962	16,229
Other assets	320	8	1	-	1	424	754
Total	29,542	26,729	6,187	1,360	2,914	15,447	82,179

Credit exposure to other industry sectors includes mainly sovereign assets.

## 7.2.2 Market risk

The Group takes on exposure to market risks. Market risks arise from exposure on interest rate, currency and equity products or combination of them, all of which are exposed to general and specific market movements. Specifically, the market risks the Group is exposed to are the following:

## (a) Interest rate risk

The Group takes on exposure to the effects of fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates on its financial positions and cash flows. Cash flow interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Fair value interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Eurobank's Risk Committee sets limits on the level of interest rate risk that may be undertaken and exposures are monitored daily.

## (b) Currency risk

The Group takes on exposure to the effects of fluctuations in the prevailing foreign currency exchange rates on its financial position and cash flows. The Eurobank's Risk Committee sets limits on the level of exposures which are monitored daily.



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## 7. Financial risk management (continued)

#### 7.2 Financial risk factors (continued)

## 7.2.2 Market risk (continued)

## (c) Equity risk

Equity price risk is the risk of the decrease of fair values as a result of changes in the levels of equity indices and the value of individual stocks. The equity risk that the Group undertakes, arises mainly from the investment portfolio. The Eurobank's Risk Committee sets limits on the level of the exposures which are monitored daily.

Market risk in Greece and Cyprus is managed and monitored using Value at Risk (VaR) methodology. Market risk in New Europe is managed and monitored using mainly sensitivity analyses. Information from New Europe is presented separately as it originates from significantly different economic environments with different risk characteristics.

#### (i) VaR summary for 2011 and 2010

VaR is a methodology used in measuring financial risk by estimating the potential negative change in the market value of a portfolio at a given confidence level and over a specified time horizon. The VaR that the Group measures is an estimate based upon a 99% confidence level and a holding period of 1 day and the methodology used for the calculation is Monte Carlo simulation (full repricing).

The VaR models are designed to measure market risk in a normal market environment. It is assumed that any changes occurring in the risk factors affecting the normal market environment will follow a normal distribution.

Although VaR is an important tool for measuring market risk, the assumptions on which the model is based do give rise to certain limitations. Given this, actual outcomes are monitored regularly, via back testing process, to test the validity of the assumptions and the parameters used in the VaR calculation.

Since VaR constitutes an integral part of the Group's market risk control regime, VaR limits have been established for all (trading and investment portfolios) operations and actual exposure is reviewed daily by management. However, the use of this approach does not prevent losses outside of these limits in the event of extraordinary market movements.

Average VaR by risk type (Trading and Investment portfolios<sup>(1)</sup>) - Greece and Cyprus

	2011	2010
	<u>€ million</u>	<u>€ million</u>
Interest Rate Risk	32	45
Foreign Exchange Risk	3	2
Equities Risk	9	12
Total VaR	36	52

<sup>(1)</sup> Interest rate volatility applied to all portfolios. Credit spread volatility applied to Trading and Available-for-sale positions.

The aggregate VaR of the interest rate, foreign exchange and equities VaR benefits from diversification effects.

## (ii) Sensitivity analysis for 2011 and 2010

Sensitivity analyses used for monitoring market risk stemming from New Europe operations, excluding Cyprus, do not represent worst case scenarios.

	<b>3</b> 1	December 2011		3	1 December 2010	
	Sensitivity of income statement <u>€ million</u>	Sensitivity of equity <u>€ million</u>	Total sensitivity <u>€ million</u>	Sensitivity of income statement <u>€ million</u>	Sensitivity of equity <u>€ million</u>	Total sensitivity <u>€ million</u>
Interest Rate: +100 bps parallel shift Equities / Equity Indices / Mutual Funds: -10% decrease on	(3)	(8)	(11)	(4)	(5)	(9)
prices Foreign exchange: -10% depreciation of functional currency	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)
over foreign currencies	5	(92)	(87)	(0)	(93)	(93)

## 7.2.3 Liquidity risk

The Group is exposed to daily calls on its available cash resources due to deposits withdrawals, maturity of medium or long term notes, loan draw-downs and guarantees. Furthermore, margin calls on secured funding transactions (with ECB and the market) and on risk mitigation contracts (CSAs, GMRAs) result in liquidity exposure. The Group maintains cash resources to meet all of these needs. The Eurobank's Risk Committee sets liquidity limits to ensure that sufficient funds are available to meet such contingencies.

Past experience shows that liquidity requirements to support calls under guarantees and standby letters of credit are considerably less than the amount of the commitment. This is also the case with credit commitments where the outstanding contractual amount to extend credit does not necessarily represent future cash requirements, as many of these commitments will expire or terminate without being funded.

The matching and controlled mismatching of the maturities and interest rates of assets and liabilities is fundamental to the management of the Group. It is unusual for banks to be completely matched, as transacted business is often of uncertain term and of different types. An unmatched position potentially enhances profitability, but also increases the risk of losses.

The maturities of assets and liabilities and the ability to replace, at an acceptable cost, interest bearing liabilities as they mature, are important factors in assessing the liquidity of the Group.

## Liquidity Risk Management Framework

The Group's Liquidity Risk Management Policy defines the following supervisory and control structure:

- Eurobank Risk Committee's role is to approve all strategic liquidity risk management decisions and monitor the quantitative and qualitative aspects of liquidity risk.

- Group Assets and Liabilities Committee has the mandate to form and implement the liquidity policies and guidelines in conformity with Group's risk appetite, and to review monthly the overall liquidity position of the Group.

- Group Treasury is responsible for the implementation of the Group's liquidity strategy, the daily management of the Group's liquidity and for the preparation and monitoring of the Group's liquidity budget.

- Global Market and Counterparty Risk Sector is responsible for measuring, monitoring and reporting the liquidity of the Group.

The following list summarises the reports which are produced on a periodic basis:

(a) The regulatory liquidity gap report along with the regulatory liquidity ratios

(b) Stress test scenarios. These scenarios evaluate the impact of a number of systemic stress events on the Group's liquidity position

(c) Liquidity warning indicators



## 7. Financial risk management (continued)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

## 7.2 Financial risk factors (continued)

## 7.2.3 Liquidity risk (continued)

## Assets held for managing liquidity risk

The Group holds a diversified portfolio of cash and high liquid assets to support payment obligations and contingent deposit withdrawals in a stressed market environment. The Group's assets held for managing liquidity risk comprise:

(a) Cash and balances with central banks

(b) Eligible bonds and other financial assets for collateral purposes

(c) Interbank placings maturing within one month

The unutilised assets, containing highly liquid and central banks eligible assets, provide a contingent liquidity reserve of  $\notin$  4.9 bn as at 31 December 2011 (2010:  $\notin$  6 bn). In addition the Group holds other types of highly liquid assets, as defined by the regulator, amounting to  $\notin$  1.9 bn (cash value) (2010:  $\notin$  2.5 bn). The market value of highly liquid assets, following the repricing of collaterals by ECB, has been considerably increased during the first quarter of 2012.

#### Maturity analysis of liabilities

The amounts disclosed in the table below are the contractual undiscounted cash flows for the years 2011 and 2010. Liabilities without contractual maturities (sight and saving deposits) are presented in the "less than 1 month" time bucket. The Group has established credit risk mitigation contracts with its interbank counterparties (ISDA/CSA). Due to these contracts the Group has already posted collateral equal with the valuation of its net liabilities from interbank derivatives. For derivative liabilities not covered by ISDA/CSA agreements the negative valuation is presented at fair value in the "less than 1 month" time bucket.

It should be noted that this table represents the worst case scenario since it is based on the assumption that all liabilities will be paid earlier than expected (all term deposits are withdrawn at their contractual maturity). The recent experience shows that even in a period of a systemic financial crisis the likelihood of such an event is remote.

	31 December 2011				
					Gross nominal
	Less than	1 - 3	3 months	Over	(inflow)/
	1 month	months	to 1 year	1 year	outflow
	€ million	€ million	€ million	€ million	€ million
Non-derivative liabilities:					
- Due to other banks & secured borrowing from banks	24,962	4,641	575	5,989	36,167
- Due to customers	18,536	5,450	6,739	2,052	32,777
- EMTNs	6	529	181	1,618	2,334
- Securitizations (redemptions and coupons) <sup>(1)</sup>	12	24	108	657	801
- Other liabilities	137	268	467	1,001	1,873
	43,653	10,912	8,070	11,317	73,952
Derivative financial instruments:	137			-	137

<sup>(1)</sup>Outflow from securitisations is fully covered by respective inflows from mortgage loans with matched maturity repayments.

## Off-balance sheet items

1 year 1	year
<u>€ million</u> <u>€ m</u>	llion
Credit related commitments 1,420	980
Capital expenditure 7	-
Operating lease commitments32	36
1,459 1	,016

	31 December 2010				
					Gross nominal
	Less than	1 - 3	3 months	Over	(inflow)/
	1 month	months	to 1 year	1 year	outflow
	<u>€ million</u>				
Non-derivative liabilities:					
- Due to other banks & secured borrowing from banks	15,303	10,373	407	748	26,831
- Due to customers	27,683	7,878	8,030	1,038	44,629
- EMTNs	5	640	890	2,960	4,495
<ul> <li>Securitizations (redemptions and coupons)<sup>(1)</sup></li> </ul>	35	72	1,075	566	1,748
- Other liabilities	202	248	399	1,116	1,965
	43,228	19,211	10,801	6,428	79,668
Derivative financial instruments:	64	-	-	-	64

<sup>(1)</sup>Out of securitizations amounting to € 1.2 bn included in the up to 1 year range, € 0.4 bn outflow is covered by respective inflows from mortgage loans with matched maturity repayments.

Off-balance sheet items

	Less than	Over
	1 year	1 year
	<u>€ million</u>	<u>€ million</u>
Credit related commitments	1,273	1,461
Capital expenditure	9	-
Operating lease commitments	52	75
	1,334	1,536

Due to the Greek sovereign debt crisis, Greek banks obtained part of their funding through the ECB and the Bank of Greece. As at 31 December 2011, the Bank's net funding from these sources totalled € 31 bn (2010: € 20 bn).

21 December 2010



## 7. Financial risk management (continued)

## 7.2 Financial risk factors (continued)

## 7.2.3 Liquidity risk (continued)

International Monetary Fund (IMF) in its report, prepared in the context of Request for Extended Fund Facility (9 March 2012), stresses the support of Troika (European Commission, European Central Bank and International Monetary Fund) and the Greek State to the banking system's liquidity and reiterates the need that dependence on the Eurosystem should be extricated gradually and in an orderly fashion. To this end, medium-term funding plans will be updated after the completion of the recapitalisation exercise to ensure that the gradual unwinding of exceptional liquidity support proceeds at a pace consistent with the macroeconomic, fiscal and financial framework.

Funds from recapitalisation, gradual recovery of private sector deposits, as a result of return to a sustainable path, and restoration of market access over the next two or three years (IMF notes that banks are expected to be able to re-access markets before the sovereign, mainly due to their high capitalisation and low sovereign exposures post-recapitalisation), enhanced by the Bank's undertaken initiatives to strengthen its liquidity position, establish the conditions for a substantial reduction of Eurosystem exposure in the medium term.

## 7.3 Capital management

Capital position pro-forma before impairment losses on Greek sovereign exposure

	2011	2010
	€ million	<u>€ million</u>
Ordinary and Preferred shareholders' equity	5,406	5,772
Add: Regulatory non-controlling interest	210	232
Less: Goodwill	(299)	(533)
Less: Other regulatory adjustments	(310)	(384)
Total Tier I capital	5,007	5,087
Tier II capital-subordinated debt	468	799
Less: Other regulatory adjustments	(259)	(253)
Total Regulatory Capital	5,216	5,633
Risk Weighted Assets	43,647	47,968
Ratios:	%	%
Core Tier I	9.3	9.1
Tier I	11.5	10.6
Capital Adequacy Ratio	12.0	11.7
EBA Equity Tier I Ratio	9.8	9.0

Other than the risks related to Greek sovereign exposure and capital erosion resulting from their impairment (PSI+), the Group has sought to maintain an actively managed capital base to cover risks inherent in the business. The adequacy of the Group's capital is monitored using, among other measures, the rules and ratios established by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision ("BIS rules/ratios") and adopted by the European Union and the Bank of Greece in supervising the Bank.

The Group, excluding the impact of PSI+, has complied with all externally imposed capital requirements throughout the year.

During the last two years the Group focused on the organic strengthening of its capital position and, excluding the impact of PSI+, managed to maintain capital ratios at levels comfortably above minimum required. This was achieved by generating and retaining profits and by active derisking of lending portfolios through tighter credit policies and change in the portfolio mix in favour of more secured loans. In addition, it proceeded to two strategic initiatives, namely the partnership in Poland (note 17) and the merger with Dias S.A., which increased Capital Adequacy and Tier I ratios by more than 100 bps.

## Impairment losses on Greek sovereign exposure

Please see note 5 for the Group's exposure to Greek sovereign debt and note 6 for the Group's capital requirements and recapitalisation process.

## Post Balance sheet events

In February 2012, the Group successfully completed a liability management exercise buying back preferred securities and Lower Tier II notes, which generated a gain for the Group and increased Core Tier I capital by € 250 million (note 34 and note 39).

In April 2012 the Group announced the agreement for the sale of its Turkish operations to Burgan Bank S.A. This transaction, which is expected to complete in the autumn of 2012, will increase Core Tier I ratio by 60 bps (capital equivalent of approximately € 300 million, note 27).

Pro-forma with the liability management and the disposal of Turkish operations, the EBA Equity Tier I ratio would increase to 11%, equivalent to € 880 million additional capital above the September 2012 threshold of 9%.

Regulatory disclosures regarding capital adequacy and risk management, based on Bank of Greece Acts 2592/2007 and 2632/2010 (Basel II, Pillar 3), will be available at the Bank's website as of 15 June 2012.

#### 7.4 Fair values of financial assets and liabilities

Fair value is the amount for which an asset or liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction. A market price, where an active market (such as a recognised stock exchange) exists, is the best evidence of the fair value of a financial instrument. Where market prices are not available, the fair value of financial assets and liabilities is estimated using present value or other estimation and valuation techniques where all significant inputs are observable. These inputs are mainly related to interest rate curves, fx rates, equity prices, credit spreads and implied volatilities obtained from internationally recognised market data providers. The values derived using these techniques are significantly affected by underlying assumptions concerning both the amounts and timing of future cash flows and the discount rates used. In addition, the fair values reported, may be materially different from the values actually realised upon sale or settlement.

The assumptions and methodologies underlying the calculation of fair value of financial instruments at the balance sheet date are as follows:

- a) Trading assets, derivatives and other transaction undertaken for trading purposes as well as treasury bills, available for sale securities and assets and liabilities designated at fair-value-through-profit-or-loss are measured at fair value (notes 22, 23, 26, 33, 34 and 35) by reference to quoted market prices when available. If quoted prices are not available, then the fair values are estimated using valuation techniques.
- b) Investment securities carried at amortised cost: the fair value of financial investments is determined using prices quoted in an active market when these are available. In other cases, fair value is determined using a valuation technique (note 26).
- c) Loans and advances to customers: for loans and advances to customers quoted market prices are not available as there are no active markets where these instruments are traded. The fair value is determined using generally accepted valuation techniques with current market parameters. For short term loans, the carrying amount represents a reasonable estimate of the fair value. For long-term loans the fair value is estimated by discounting future expected cash flows over the time period they are expected to be recovered, using risk-adjusted rates.

At the balance sheet date the fair value of the loans and advances to customers is marginally higher than their carrying values.



## 7. Financial risk management (continued)

## 7.4 Fair values of financial assets and liabilities (continued)

- d) Debt issued and other borrowed funds: the fair value of the debt issued and other borrowed funds is determined using quoted market prices, if available. If quoted prices are not available, the fair value is determined by discounting the remaining contractual cash flows at a discount rate adjusted for own credit spread, where appropriate (note 34).
- e) Other financial instruments, which are short term or re-price at frequent intervals, their carrying value represents a reasonable estimate of fair value.

All financial instruments that are measured at fair value are categorised in one of the three fair value hierarchy levels at year-end; based on whether the inputs to the fair values are observable or non-observable:

i) Level 1 – Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities. Quoted prices must be readily and regularly available from an exchange or active index/market location and prices must represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

ii) Level 2 - Financial instruments measured using valuation techniques where all significant inputs are market observable.

iii) Level 3 - Financial instruments measured using valuation technique with significant non observable inputs.

## 7.4.1 Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value

The classification of the Group's financial assets and liabilities using the fair value hierarchy is presented in the following table:

	31 December 2011			
	Quoted	Valuation	Valuation	
	prices in	technique	technique non	
	active	observable	observable	
	market	parameters	parameters	
	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	Total
	<u>€ million</u>	<u>€ million</u>	<u>€ million</u>	<u>€ million</u>
assets measured at fair value:				
nd advances to banks	-	212	-	212
cial instruments held for trading	259	15	-	274
ruments designated at fair value through profit or loss	229	-	-	229
inancial instruments	7	1,811	-	1,818
estment securities	3,043	142	-	3,185
ets	3,538	2,180		5,718
al liabilities measured at fair value:				
ative financial instruments	6	3,007	-	3,013
ers:				
sits	-	67	-	67
ts	236	335	-	571
her borrowed funds:				
1	-	15	-	15
ligations	-	154	-	154
	4	14	-	18
bilities	246	3,592	-	3,838

As at 31 December 2011, GGBs included in Financial instruments held for trading and Available-for-sale securities amounting to € 13 million and € 9 million, respectively, were classified in Level 2 (note 5).

	31 December 2010				
	Quoted prices in active market (Level 1)	Valuation technique observable parameters (Level 2)	Valuation technique non observable parameters (Level 3)	Total	
	€ million	€ million	€ million	€ million	
Financial assets measured at fair value:					
Financial instruments held for trading	312	38	-	350	
Financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss	283	5	-	288	
Derivative financial instruments	7	1,433	-	1,440	
Available-for-sale investment securities	3,155	214	-	3,369	
Total financial assets	3,757	1,690	-	5,447	
Financial liabilities measured at fair value:					
Derivative financial instruments	6	2,675	-	2,681	
Due to customers:					
- Structured deposits	-	192	-	192	
- Unit linked products	293	362	-	655	
Debt issued and other borrowed funds:					
- Structured notes	-	318	-	318	
Acquisition obligations	-	128	-	128	
Trading liabilities	58	-	-	58	
Total financial liabilities	357	3,675		4,032	

## 7.5 Fiduciary activities

The Group provides custody, trustee, corporate administration, investment management and advisory services to third parties. This involves the Group making allocation, purchase and sale decisions in relation to a wide range of financial instruments. Those assets that are held in a fiduciary capacity are not included in these financial statements.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements



## 8. Net interest income

	2011	2010
	<u>€ million</u>	<u>€ million</u>
Interest income		
Customers	3,130	3,019
Banks	125	88
Trading securities	54	20
Other securities	811	766
Derivatives	1,169	1,056
	5,289	4,949
Interest expense		
Customers	(1,118)	(1,043)
Banks	(709)	(330)
Debt issued and other borrowed funds	(106)	(151)
Derivatives	(1,317)	(1,322)
	(3,250)	(2,846)
Total from continuing operations	2,039	2,103
		,
Total from discontinued operations	38	151
Total	2,077	2,254

## 9. Net banking fee and commission income

	2011	2010
	€ million	<u>€ million</u>
Lending related fees and commissions	138	161
Mutual funds and assets under management related fees	39	50
Capital markets related fees	39	65
Other fees	76	87
Total from continuing operations	292	363
Total from discontinued operations	9	41
Total	301	404

# 10. Income from non banking services

Income from non banking services includes rental income from investment properties and other recurring income from services provided by the Group (e.g. payroll services, e-commerce).

## 11. Net trading income and gains less losses from investment securities

	2011 <u>€ million</u>	2010 <u>€ million</u>
Debt securities and other financial instruments	121	193
Equity securities and mutual funds	0	1
Gains/(losses) on derivative financial instruments	(107)	(45)
Impairment allowance for investment securities	(91)	(4)
Revaluation on foreign exchange positions	7	17
Total from continuing operations	(70)	162
Total from discontinued operations Total	<u> </u>	4

In response to adverse macroeconomic conditions the Group recognised in March 2011 an impairment allowance on a collective basis of € 130 million for corporate securities and derivative exposures. By 31 December 2011, the major amount of this impairment allowance had been allocated to specific corporate securities and other financial instruments.

## 12. Operating expenses

	2011 <u>€ million</u>	2010 <u>€ million</u>
Staff costs (note 13)	674	714
Administrative expenses	322	347
Depreciation and impairment of property, plant and equipment	83	87
Amortisation and impairment of intangible assets	30	28
Operating lease rentals	89	104
Total from continuing operations	1,198	1,280
Total from discontinued operations	39	146
Total	1,237	1,426

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

13. Staff costs



	2011 <u>€ million</u>	2010 <u>€ million</u>
Wages, salaries and performance remuneration	500	520
Social security costs	99	102
Additional pension and other post employment costs	27	29
Other	48	63
Total from continuing operations	674	714
Total from discontinued operations	16	58
Total	690	772

The average number of employees of the Group during the year was 19,659. The average number of employees for 2010 was 20,289, excluding the employees of Polish subsidiaries.

## 14. Other non recurring valuation losses

	2011 <u>€ million</u>	2010 <u>€ million</u>
Impairment losses on corporate bonds and equities	423	-
Release of exchange differences to net profit	71	-
Losses from disposal of associated undertakings (note 30)	7	-
Total	501	-

As a result of adverse macroeconomic conditions in Greece, the Group recognised impairment losses on equity securities, the main part of which are listed in the Athens Stock Exchange, amounting to € 410 million, for which the decline in their fair value below cost is considered to be significant or prolonged.

Release of exchange differences to net profit relates to permanent funding to Eurobank Tekfen A.S., which will be repaid on completion of its disposal (note 27).

## 15. Income tax

	2011 <u>€ million</u>	2010 <u>€ million</u>
Current tax	6	64
Deferred tax (note 16)	(1,342)	(69)
Overseas taxes	20	20
Special tax contribution (see below)	-	45
Total tax charge/(income) from continuing operations	(1,316)	60
Total tax charge/(income) from discontinued operations Total	<u> </u>	(8) 52

The deferred tax asset in relation to the 53.5% of the notional value forgiven on the bonds participating in the PSI+ program (note 5), was calculated on the basis that the Bank is expected to have sufficient taxable profits over the five year period following the crystallisation of the tax loss, as stipulated by the tax legislation that existed on 31 December 2011. On 14 February 2012, Law 4046/2012 was enacted and provided that the tax losses arising from the bond exchange under the PSI+ program (note 5) will be tax deductible in equal instalments over the life of the new bonds received.

Under Law 3943/2011, the nominal Greek corporate tax rate as of January 2011 reduced from 24% to 20% (2010: 24%). In addition, dividends distributed as of 2012 are subject to a 25% withholding tax (21% withholding tax for dividends distributed within 2011).

Income tax expense for the year 2010 includes the amount of € 45 million, being a special tax contribution imposed by Law 3845/2010 on legal entities' net revenues of year 2009.

The tax on the Group's profit before tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the applicable tax rates as follows:

	2011 <u>€ million</u>	2010 <u>€ million</u>
Profit/(loss) before tax from continuing operations	(6,955)	177
Tax at the applicable tax rates	(1,391)	42
Tax effect of: - income and expenses not subject to tax - effect of different tax rates in different countries - change in applicable tax rate - special tax contribution and other special taxes introduced in Greece <b>Total tax charge/(income) from continuing operations</b>	56 (1) 4 <u>16</u> (1,316)	(8) (31) 9 48 60
Total tax charge/(income) from discontinued operations <b>Total</b>	<u> </u>	(8) 52

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements



## 16. Deferred income taxes

Deferred income taxes are calculated on all temporary differences under the liability method at the rate in effect at the time the reversal is expected to take place.

	2011 <u>€ million</u>	2010 <u>€ million</u>
Balance at 1 January	487	375
Impairment on Greek sovereign exposure	1,202	-
Other income statement credit/(charge)	140	76
Available for sale investment securities:		
- fair value measurement (note 26.3)	18	18
- transfer to net profit	(108)	(8)
Cash flow hedges	(4)	17
Disposal of foreign operations	(45)	-
Other	18	9
Balance at 31 December	1,708	487

Deferred income tax asset/liability is attributable to the following items:

The movement on the deferred income tax account is as follows:

	2011	2010
	<u>€ million</u>	<u>€ million</u>
Changes in fair value accounted directly to available-for-sale revaluation reserve	20	110
Changes in fair value accounted through the income statement	1,173	(75)
Cash flow hedges	23	27
Sale of treasury and other shares	34	41
Fixed assets	(38)	(21)
Pensions and other post retirement benefits	11	19
Loan impairment	407	311
Unused tax losses	25	33
Other	53	42
Net deferred income tax	1,708	487

The net deferred income tax is analysed as follows:

	2011 <u>€ million</u>	2010 <u>€ million</u>
Deferred income tax asset (note 30)	1,726	503
Deferred income tax liability (note 35)	(18)	(16)
Net deferred income tax	1,708	487
Deferred income tax (credit)/charge in the income statement is attributable to the following items:		
	2011	2010
	€ million	<u>€ million</u>
Changes in fair value	(1,248)	29
Fixed assets	17	7
Pensions and other post retirement benefits	8	7
Loan impairment	(105)	(106)
Other	(14)	(13)
Deferred income tax (credit)/charge	(1,342)	(76)

## 17. Discontinued operations

Based on the terms of the Investment Agreement signed with Raiffeisen Bank International AG (RBI) in February 2011, the Group has recorded the disposal of its Polish operations as of 31 March 2011 for a total consideration of € 718 million. The consideration receivable will be subject to adjustments based on the Net Asset Value of Polbank EFG at the closing of the transaction and includes the minimum value of the Group's put option on its 13% stake in the combined-with-RBI Polish operations. Total consideration receivable has been increased to € 952 million as of 31 December 2011, to include amounts contributed to Polbank EFG by the Group prior to the closing date, which under the agreement are receivable by the acquirer. The last of regulatory approvals was received on 17 April 2012 and the transfer of shares is expected to take place on 30 April 2012. The put option will continue to be valued in the Group's Income Statement based on the business performance of the combined entity. The results of the Group's Polish operations presented as a discontinued operation are set out below. The income statement distinguishes discontinued operations from continuing operations. Comparative figures have been restated.

	Year ended 31 December	
	2011 € million	2010 € million
Net interest income	38	151
Net banking fee and commission income	9	41
Other income from discontinued operations	(0)	2
Operating expenses	(39)	(146)
Impairment losses on loans and advances	(18)	(89)
Profit/(loss) before tax from discontinued operations until 31 March 2011	(10)	(41)
Income tax	2	8
Profit/(loss) before gain on disposal	(8)	(33)
Gain on disposal before tax	183	-
Tax on gain on disposal	(32)	-
Profit/(loss) for the year from discontinued operations attributable to		
shareholders	143	(33)



## 17. Discontinued operations (continued)

## Effect of disposal on the Group's balance sheet

The major classes of assets and liabilities of the disposed Polish operations as at 31 March 2011 are as follows:

	<u>€ million</u>
Loans and advances to banks	819
Loans and advances to customers	5,011
Other assets	662
Total assets disposed	6,492
Due to other banks	2,277
Due to customers	3,548
Other liabilities	192
Total liabilities disposed	6,017

## 18. Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year, excluding the average number of ordinary shares purchased by the Group and held as treasury shares.

The diluted earnings per share is calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding to assume conversion of all potentially dilutive ordinary shares. The Group has two categories of potentially dilutive ordinary shares: share options and convertible, subject to certain conditions, preferred securities. In order to adjust the weighted average number of shares for the share options a calculation is done to determine the number of shares that could have been acquired at fair value (determined as the average market price of the Bank's shares for the year) based on the monetary value of the subscription rights attached to outstanding share options. The number of shares calculated as above is added to the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue in order to determine the weighted average number of ordinary shares used for the calculation of the diluted earnings per share.

		Year ended 3	1 December
		2011	2010
Net profit/(loss) for the year attributable to ordinary shareholders (after deducting dividend attributable to preference shares, preferred securities holders, non recurring valuation losses and special tax contribution and after including gains/(losses) on preferred securities)	€ million	(5,531)	(78)
Net profit/(loss) for the year from continuing operations (after deducting dividend attributable to preference shares, preferred securities holders, non recurring valuation losses and special tax contribution and after including gains/(losses) on preferred securities)	€ million	(5,674)	(45)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue Weighted average number of ordinary shares for diluted earnings per share	Number of shares Number of shares	546,113,385 546,113,385	537,991,864 537,991,864
Earnings/(losses) per share			
- Basic and diluted earnings/(losses) per share	€	(10.13)	(0.15)
Earnings/(losses) per share from continuing operations			
- Basic and diluted earnings/(losses) per share	€	(10.39)	(0.08)
Regio and diluted cornings per chere from discentinued operations for 2011 amount to 5.0.26 (2010) loss per che	$r_{0} \in 0.06$		

Basic and diluted earnings per share from discontinued operations for 2011 amount to € 0.26 (2010: loss per share € 0.06).

The dividend attributable to preference shares was not included in the EPS calculation for 2011 (note 38).

Share options did not have an effect on the diluted earnings per share, as their exercise price exceeded the average market price of the Bank's shares for the year. The Series D and Series E of preferred securities (note 39), issued in July and November 2009 respectively, were not included in the calculation of diluted earnings per share, as their effect would have been anti-dilutive. The scheme of contingently (performance based) issuable shares was terminated within 2011.

## 19. Cash and balances with central banks

	2011 <u>€ million</u>	2010 <u>€ million</u>
Cash in hand	499	586
Balances with central banks	2,787	3,020
	3,286	3,606
of which: Mandatory and collateral deposits with central banks	2,262	1,414

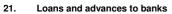
Mandatory deposits with central banks represent the minimum level of average monthly deposits which the Group is required to maintain. Balances with central banks can be withdrawn at any time provided the average monthly minimum deposits are maintained.

## 20. Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise the following balances with less than 90 days maturity:

	2011	2010
	<u>€ million</u>	<u>€ million</u>
Cash and balances with central banks (excluding mandatory and collateral deposits with central banks)	1,024	2,192
Loans and advances to banks	1,868	1,739
Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	232	113
	3,124	4,044

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements





	2011 <u>€ million</u>	2010 <u>€ million</u>
Pledged deposits with banks	4,697	3,159
Current accounts and settlement balances with banks	249	249
Placements with banks	1,782	741
Reverse repos with banks	260	1,010
	6,988	5,159

The fair value of financial assets that the Group accepted as collateral and may be sold or repledged was € 294 million (2010: € 1,168 million). The majority of the securities received were repledged under repurchase and other collateral agreements with central banks or other banks.

#### 22. Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss (including trading)

Trading portfolio	2011 <u>€ million</u>	2010 <u>€ million</u>
Issued by public bodies:	254	257
- government - other public sector	254	257
	255	258
Issued by other issuers:		
- banks	4	35
- other	15	57
	19	92
	274	350
Other financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss		
- unit linked products	229	283
- hedge funds	-	5
	229	288
Total	503	638
Equity securities	14	63
Debt securities	260	287
Other financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	229	288
Total	503	638

Trading securities with fair value of € 113 million (2010: € 99 million) were pledged under repurchase and other collateral agreements.

## 23. Derivative financial instruments and hedge accounting

#### 23.1 Derivative financial instruments

The Group utilises the following derivative instruments for both hedging and non-hedging purposes:

Currency forwards represent commitments to purchase or sell foreign and domestic currency. Foreign currency and interest rate futures are contractual obligations to receive or pay a net amount based on changes in currency rates or interest rates or to buy or sell foreign currency or a financial instrument on a future date at a specified price established in an organized financial market. Since future contracts are collateralised by cash or marketable securities and changes in the futures contract value are settled daily with the exchange, the credit risk is negligible.

Currency and interest rate swaps are commitments to exchange one set of cash flows for another. Swaps result in an economic exchange of currencies or interest rates (for example, fixed rate for floating rate) or a combination of all these (i.e. cross-currency interest rate swaps). Except for certain currency swaps, no exchange of principal takes place. The Group's credit risk represents the potential cost to replace the swap contracts if counterparties fail to perform their obligation. This risk is monitored on an ongoing basis with reference to the current fair value, a proportion of the notional amount of the contracts and the liquidity of the market. To control the level of credit risk undertaken, the Group assesses counterparties using the same techniques as for its lending activities and/or marks to market with bilateral collateralisation agreements over and above an agreed threshold.

Foreign currency and interest rate options are contractual agreements under which the seller (writer) grants the purchaser (holder) the right, but not the obligation, either to buy (a call option) or sell (a put option) at or by a set date or during a set period, a specific amount of a foreign currency or a financial instrument at a predetermined price. In consideration for the assumption of foreign exchange or interest rate risk, the seller receives a premium from the purchaser. Options may be either exchange-traded or negotiated between the Group and a customer (OTC). The Group is exposed to credit risk on purchased options only, and only to the extent of their carrying amount, which is their fair value.

The notional amounts of certain types of financial instruments provide a basis for comparison with instruments recognised on the balance sheet but do not necessarily indicate the amounts of future cash flows involved or the current fair value of the instruments and, therefore, do not indicate the Group's exposure to credit or price risks. The derivative instruments become favourable (assets) or unfavourable (liabilities) as a result of fluctuations in market interest rates or foreign exchange rates relative to their terms. The aggregate contractual or notional amount of derivative financial instruments on hand, the extent to which instruments are favourable or unfavourable and, thus the aggregate fair values of derivative financial assets and liabilities can fluctuate significantly from time to time. The fair values of derivative instruments held are set out in the following table:



## 23. Derivative financial instruments and hedge accounting (continued)

## 23.1 Derivative financial instruments (continued)

	31 December 2011			31 December 2010		
	Contract/ notional amount € million	Fair v Assets € million	alues Liabilities € million	Contract/ notional amount € million	Fair va Assets € million	alues Liabilities € million
Derivatives held for trading	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u>e ( , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	<u></u>	<u></u>
<i>OTC currency derivatives</i> - Currency forwards - Currency swaps - OTC currency options bought and sold	1,264 10,330 2,112	42 15 65	26 69 55	926 9,073 7,459	16 19 243	13 295 241
OTC interest rate derivatives - Interest rate swaps - Cross-currency interest rate swaps - Forward rate agreements	26,765 4,045 418	122 1,369 104 0	150 1,189 122	32,555 3,283 1,318	278 817 173 0	549 971 106 0
- OTC interest rate options	14,375	141 1,614	<u>173</u> 1,484	15,931	41 1,031	56 1,133
Exchange traded interest rate futures Exchange traded interest rate options	61 95	7 0 1,621	6 0 1,490	105 323	7 0 1,038	6 0 1,139
Other derivatives Forward security contracts Other derivative contracts (see below)	740	- 8 8		13 688	0 4 4	0 4 4
Total derivative assets/liabilities held for trading	-	1,751	1,650		1,320	1,692
Derivatives designated as fair value hedges						
Interest rate swaps Cross-currency interest rate swaps	4,742 59	33 0 33	1,180 31 1,211	6,867 66	57 0 57	714 22 736
Derivatives designated as cash flow hedges						
Interest rate swaps Cross-currency interest rate swaps	7,479 4,142	20 13 33	113 32 145	8,693 3,912	41 4 45	109 134 243
Derivatives designated as net investment hedges						
Currency forwards/currency swaps	494	1	7	601	18	10
Total derivative assets/liabilities held for hedging purposes	-	67	1,363		120	989
Total derivatives assets/liabilities	-	1,818	3,013	-	1,440	2,681

Other derivative contracts include credit default swaps, over-the-counter equity options, exchange traded index futures, exchange traded index options bought and sold and commodity swaps.

## 23.2 Hedge accounting

The Group uses derivatives for hedging purposes in order to reduce its exposure to market risks and non-derivative financial instruments to manage foreign currency risk. The hedging practices and accounting treatment are disclosed in Note 2 (d).

#### (a) Fair value hedges

The Group hedges a proportion of its existing interest rate risk resulting from any potential decrease in the fair value of fixed rate financial assets denominated both in local and foreign currencies using interest rate and cross currency interest rate swaps. The net fair value of these swaps at 31 December 2011 was  $\in$  1,178 million liability (2010:  $\in$  679 million liability). The Group recognized a loss of  $\in$  4 million (2010:  $\in$  4 million loss) from changes in the fair value of the hedged items attributable to the hedged risk, net of the changes in the fair value of the hedging instruments.

## (b) Cash flow hedges

The Group hedges a proportion of its existing interest rate risk resulting from any cash flow variability associated with future interest rate changes on variable rate assets or liabilities or unrecognised highly probable forecast transactions using interest rate swaps. At 31 December 2011, interest rate swaps had a net fair value of  $\in$  112 million liability (2010:  $\in$  198 million liability). In 2011, the ineffectiveness recognised in income statement that arose from cash flow hedges was  $\in$  nil (2010:  $\in$  0.03 million gain).

#### (c) Net investment hedges

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The Group hedges part of the currency translation risk of net investments in foreign operations through derivative financial instruments and borrowings designated as hedging instruments, the results of which have been deferred in the translation reserve component of equity.

Borrowings and derivative financial instruments amounting to € 785 million (2010: € 797 million), analysed in RON 1.3 bn (2010: RON 1.1 bn), RSD nil (2010: RSD 5.6 bn) and TRY 995 million (2010: TRY 920 million), gave rise to currency gains for the year of € 13 million (2010: € 9.8 million losses), which affected positively the currency translation reserve.

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

# 24. Loans and advances to customers



2011

(116)

1,942

(89)

2,039

€ million

2010

€ million

	<u></u>	<u></u>
Wholesale lending	22,485	23,557
Mortgage lending	14,029	17,119
Consumer lending	7.048	8,926
Small business lending	7,929	8,995
Gross loans and advances to customers	51,491	58,597
Less: Provision for impairment losses (note 25)	(3,397)	(2,329)
	48,094	56,268
The loans and advances to customers include the following amounts:		
	2011	2010
	<u>€ million</u>	<u>€ million</u>
- securitised loans	5,691	9,590
- pledged loans under third stream of Greek economy liquidity support program (note 4)	- · · ·	2,605
- pledged loans under covered bond program (note 34)	6,867	5,430
- pledged loans with central and other banks	16,651	2,378
- maturing after 1 year	32,594	37,663
Loans and advances to customers include finance lease receivables as detailed below:		
	2011	2010
	€ million	€ million
Gross investment in finance leases receivable:		
Not later than 1 year	397	401
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	1,024	997
Later than 5 years	1,136	1,241
	2,557	2,639
Unearned future finance income on finance leases	(499)	(511)
Net investment in finance leases	2,058	2,128
Less: provision for impairment losses	(116)	(89)
	1,942	2,039
The net investment in finance leases is analysed as follows:		
Not later than 1 year	325	328
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	829	803
Later than 5 years	904	997
	2,058	2,128
	(110)	(00)

Less: provision for impairment losses

## 25. Provision for impairment losses on loans and advances to customers

The movement of the provision for impairment losses on loans and advances by class is as follows:

		31 December 2011			
	Wholesale	Mortgage	Consumer	Small business	Total
	<u>€ million</u>	<u>€ million</u>	<u>€ million</u>	<u>€ million</u>	<u>€ million</u>
Balance at 1 January	560	161	988	620	2,329
Impairment losses on loans and advances charged in the year	233	131	636	333	1,333
Additional collective provision for Greek sovereign risk	157	-	-	1	158
Amounts recovered during the year	33	0	27	4	64
Loans written off during the year as uncollectible	(44)	(6)	(125)	(25)	(200)
Foreign exchange differences and other movements	(35)	(14)	(109)	(43)	(201)
Disposal of foreign operations	(1)	(4)	(61)	(20)	(86)
Balance at 31 December	903	268	1,356	870	3,397
		2	1 December 2010	1	
	Wholesale	Mortgage	Consumer	Small business	Total
	€ million	€ million	<u>€ million</u>	€ million	<u>€ million</u>
Balance at 1 January	397	83	819	443	1,742
Impairment losses on loans and advances charged in the year from	175	75	796	227	1 079
continuing operations Impairment losses on loans and advances charged in the year from	175	75	796	221	1,273
discontinued operations		3	69	17	89
Amounts recovered during the year	3	0	27	1	31
Loans written off during the year as uncollectible	(7)	(0)	(638)	(60)	(705)
			(000)	(00)	(. 50)
Foreign exchange differences and other movements		0	(85)	(8)	(101)
Foreign exchange differences and other movements Balance at 31 December	<u>(8)</u> 560	<u> </u>	<u>(85)</u> 988	<u>(8)</u> 620	(101) 2,329

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

### 26. Investment securities



2011 <u>€ million</u>	2010 <u>€ million</u>
3,185	3,369
5,992	9,765
2,206	3,429
11,383	16,563
7.222	13.362

Available-for-sale investment securities Debt securities lending portfolio Held-to-maturity investment securities

## Debt securities maturing after 1 year

Investment securities of € 8,771 million (2010: € 13,280 million) were pledged under repurchase and other collateral agreements.

As at 31 December 2011, the fair value of "Debt securities lending" and "Held-to-maturity investment securities" was € 5,593 million and € 1,839 million, respectively.

In 2008 and 2010 in accordance with the amendments to IAS 39, the Group reclassified eligible debt securities from the "Available-for-sale" portfolio to "Debt securities lending" portfolio carried at amortised cost. Interest on the reclassified securities continued to be recognised in interest income using the effective interest rate method. As at 31 December 2011, the carrying amount of the reclassified securities was  $\in$  3,113 million. If the financial assets had not been reclassified a) changes in the fair value of non impaired reclassified securities for the period from the reclassification date until 31 December 2011, would have resulted in  $\notin$  443 million losses, net of tax, which would have been recognized in available-for-sale revaluation reserve and b) changes in the fair value of impaired reclassified securities would have affected positively 2011 profit or loss.

As of 2011, the fair value of the reclassified Greek Government Bonds has been estimated using a valuation technique. In accordance with the Group's policy, valuation models are used where the market for specific financial instruments is highly illiquid. This may be evidenced by various market indicators such as low frequency of trades, significantly low trading volumes, and exchanges that do not represent orderly market transactions. As at 31 December 2011, following the 21 February 2012 Euroarea finance ministers' agreement on the second support package for Greece and on the final terms of the voluntary exchange program (PSI+) (note 5), and considering the substantial credit enhancement of the new GGBs and the high private sector participation in the PSI+, significantly contributing to Greece's debt sustainability improvement, the Group has re-affirmed the use of 9% as discount rate for its GGBs valuation model.

## 26.1 Classification of investment securities by type

		31 Decembe	er 2011	
	Available-	Debt securities	Held-to-	
	-for-sale	lending	-maturity	
	securities	portfolio	securities	Total
	<u>€ million</u>	€ million	€ million	€ million
Issued by public bodies:				
- government	2,639	5,657	1,074	9,370
- other public sector	69	· -	· -	69
	2,708	5,657	1,074	9,439
Issued by other issuers:		· · · · ·	· · · ·	· · ·
- banks	68	148	431	647
- other	409	187	701	1,297
	477	335	1,132	1,944
Total	3,185	5,992	2,206	11,383
Listed	2,839	5,570	2,084	10,493
Unlisted		422	122	890
	3,185	5,992	2,206	11,383
Equity	325			325
Debt	2,860	- 5,992	2,206	525 11,058
Debi				· · · · ·
	3,185	5,992	2,206	11,383
		31 Decembe		
	Available-	Debt securities	Held-to-	
	-for-sale	Debt securities lending	Held-to- -maturity	
	-for-sale securities	Debt securities lending portfolio	Held-to- -maturity securities	Total
	-for-sale	Debt securities lending	Held-to- -maturity	Total <u>€ million</u>
Issued by public bodies:	-for-sale securities <u>€ million</u>	Debt securities lending portfolio <u>€ million</u>	Held-to- -maturity securities <u>€ million</u>	<u>€ million</u>
- government	-for-sale securities € million 2,391	Debt securities lending portfolio	Held-to- -maturity securities	<u>€ million</u> 13,677
	-for-sale securities € million 2,391 36	Debt securities lending portfolio € million 9,235	Held-to- -maturity securities <u>€ million</u> 2,051	<u>€ million</u> 13,677 36
- government - other public sector	-for-sale securities € million 2,391	Debt securities lending portfolio <u>€ million</u>	Held-to- -maturity securities <u>€ million</u>	<u>€ million</u> 13,677
- government - other public sector Issued by other issuers:	-for-sale securities € million 2,391 36 2,427	Debt securities lending portfolio € million 9,235 - 9,235	Held-to- -maturity securities €million 2,051 - 2,051	<u>€ million</u> 13,677 <u>36</u> 13,713
- government - other public sector Issued by other issuers: - banks	-for-sale securities € million 2,391 36 2,427 330	Debt securities lending portfolio € million 9,235 - 9,235 - 308	Held-to- -maturity           securities           € million           2,051           -           2,051           520	<u>€ million</u> 13,677 <u>36</u> 13,713 1,158
- government - other public sector Issued by other issuers:	-for-sale securities € million 2,391 36 2,427 330 612	Debt securities lending portfolio € million 9,235 - 9,235 - 308 222	Held-to- -maturity           securities           € million           2,051           -           2,051           -           520           858	€ million 13,677 36 13,713 1,158 1,692
- government - other public sector Issued by other issuers: - banks - other	-for-sale securities € million 2,391 36 2,427 330 612 942	Debt securities           lending           portfolio           € million           9,235           -           9,235           308           222           530	Held-to- -maturity           securities           € million           2,051	€ million 13,677 36 13,713 1,158 1,692 2,850
- government - other public sector Issued by other issuers: - banks	-for-sale securities € million 2,391 36 2,427 330 612	Debt securities lending portfolio € million 9,235 - 9,235 - 308 222	Held-to- -maturity           securities           € million           2,051           -           2,051           -           520           858	€ million 13,677 36 13,713 1,158 1,692
- government - other public sector Issued by other issuers: - banks - other Total	-for-sale securities € million 2,391 36 2,427 330 612 942 3,369	Debt securities           lending           portfolio           € million           9,235           -           9,235           308           222           530           9,765	Held-to- -maturity           securities           € million           2,051	€ million 13,677 <u>36</u> 13,713 1,158 1,692 2,850 16,563
- government - other public sector Issued by other issuers: - banks - other Total Listed	-for-sale securities € million 2,391 36 2,427 330 612 942 3,369 2,893	Debt securities           lending           portfolio           € million           9,235           9,235           9,235           308           222           530           9,765           9,623	Held-to- -maturity           securities           € million           2,051           -           2,051           -           2,051           -           2,051           -           3,429           3,333	€ million 13,677 <u>36</u> 13,713 1,158 1,692 2,850 16,563 15,849
- government - other public sector Issued by other issuers: - banks - other Total	-for-sale securities € million 2,391 36 2,427 330 612 942 3,369 2,893 476	Debt securities           lending           portfolio           € million           9,235           9,235           308           222           530           9,765           9,623           142	Held-to- -maturity           securities           € million           2,051           2,051           2,051           1,378           3,429           3,333           96	€ million 13,677 36 13,713 1,158 1,692 2,850 16,563 15,849 714
- government - other public sector Issued by other issuers: - banks - other Total Listed	-for-sale securities € million 2,391 36 2,427 330 612 942 3,369 2,893	Debt securities           lending           portfolio           € million           9,235           9,235           9,235           308           222           530           9,765           9,623	Held-to- -maturity           securities           € million           2,051           -           2,051           -           2,051           -           2,051           -           3,429           3,333	€ million 13,677 <u>36</u> 13,713 1,158 1,692 2,850 16,563 15,849
- government - other public sector Issued by other issuers: - banks - other Total Listed Unlisted	-for-sale securities € million 2,391 36 2,427 330 612 942 3,369 2,893 476	Debt securities           lending           portfolio           € million           9,235           9,235           308           222           530           9,765           9,623           142	Held-to- -maturity           securities           € million           2,051           2,051           2,051           1,378           3,429           3,333           96	€ million 13,677 36 13,713 1,158 1,692 2,850 16,563 15,849 714
- government - other public sector Issued by other issuers: - banks - other Total Listed	-for-sale securities € million 2,391 36 2,427 330 612 942 3,369 2,893 476 3,369	Debt securities           lending           portfolio           € million           9,235           9,235           308           222           530           9,765           9,623           142	Held-to- -maturity           securities           € million           2,051           2,051           2,051           1,378           3,429           3,333           96	€ million 13,677 <u>36</u> 13,713 1,158 1,692 2,850 16,563 15,849 714 16,563
- government - other public sector Issued by other issuers: - banks - other Total Listed Unlisted Equity	-for-sale securities € million 2,391 36 2,427 330 612 942 3,369 2,893 476 3,369 621	Debt securities           lending           portfolio           € million           9,235           9,235           9,235           308           222           530           9,765           9,623           142           9,765	Held-to- -maturity           securities           € million           2,051           -           2,051           -           2,051           -           3,205           3,333           96           3,429	€ million 13,677 <u>36</u> 13,713 1,158 1,692 2,850 16,563 15,849 714 <u>16,563</u> 621



## 26. Investment securities (continued)

# 26.2 Movement of investment securities

		31 December 2011		
	Available-	Debt securities	Held-to-	
	-for-sale	lending	-maturity	
	securities	portfolio	securities	Total
	<u>€ million</u>	€ million	€ million	<u>€ million</u>
Balance at 1 January	3,369	9,765	3,429	16,563
Additions, net of disposals and redemptions	85	375	(562)	(102)
Net gains/(losses) from changes in fair value for the year	(206)	-	-	(206)
Reclassification from trading portfolio (absorption of Dias S.A.)	50	-	-	50
Reclassification from loans and advances to customers	-	239	-	239
Amortisation of premiums/discounts and interest	108	118	(20)	206
Amortisation of mark-to-market of reclassified securities	-	59	13	72
Changes in fair value due to hedging	-	384	-	384
Impairment losses	(92)	(4,954)	(601)	(5,647)
Exchange adjustments	(10)	6	(53)	(57)
Disposal of foreign operations	(119)	-	-	(119)
Balance at 31 December	3,185	5,992	2,206	11,383

	31 December 2010			
	Available- -for-sale	Debt securities lending	Held-to- -maturity	
	securities	portfolio	securities	Total
	<u>€ million</u>	<u>€ million</u>	<u>€ million</u>	<u>€ million</u>
Balance at 1 January	6,955	4,663	3,625	15,243
Arising from acquisitions	28	-	-	28
Additions, net of disposals and redemptions	209	1,248	(350)	1,107
Net gains/(losses) from changes in fair value for the year	(247)	-	-	(247)
Reclassifications	(3,620)	3,518	102	-
Amortisation of premiums/discounts and interest	(37)	109	1	73
Amortisation of mark-to-market of reclassified securities	-	74	15	89
Changes in fair value due to hedging	-	122	-	122
Exchange adjustments	81	31	36	148
Balance at 31 December	3,369	9,765	3,429	16,563

# 26.3 Equity reserve : revaluation of the available-for-sale investments

Gains and losses arising from the changes in the fair value of available-for-sale investments are recognised in a revaluation reserve for available for sale financial assets in equity. The movement of the reserve is as follows:

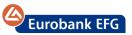
	2011 <u>€ million</u>	2010 <u>€ million</u>
Balance at 1 January	(618)	(473)
Net gains/(losses) from changes in fair value	(185)	(211)
Deferred income taxes	18	18
Non controlling interest's share of changes in fair value	0	0
	(167)	(193)
Net (gains)/losses transferred to net profit on disposal	(87)	(70)
Impairment losses on Greek sovereign debt transfer to net profit, net of tax	250	-
Impairment losses on other investment securities transfer to net profit, net of tax	354	5
Deferred income taxes	14	15
	531	(50)
Net (gains)/losses transferred to net profit from fair value hedges/amortisation		
of mark-to-market	67	121
Deferred income taxes	(7)	(23)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	60	98
Balance at 31 December	(194)	(618)



# 27. Shares in subsidiary undertakings

The following is a listing of the Bank's subsidiaries at 31 December 2011:

Name         Notice         Incorporation         Uncorporation           Detaileres Charges S.A.         100.00         Greese         Learners A.           Endex Charges S.A.         100.00         Greese         Learners A.           Endex CHA Asset Maragement Mulai Farul Mraj Company         b         100.00         Greese         Learners A.           Endex CHA Sections S.A.         100.00         Greese         Learners A.         Management Actions Participae Actions Partions Participae Actions Participae Actions Partions Par			Percentage	Country of	
Ber Dinrish A.         100.00         Creece         Surdy services           EPG Lincher Agenation Lange S.A.         100.00         Creece         Instrume services           EPG Lincher Agenation Lange S.A.         100.00         Creece         Instrume services           Er Barden E. Instrume S.A.         100.00         Creece         Instrume services           Errotant FEG Jasses Sarves S.A.         100.00         Creece         Created read advectory services           Errotant FEG Jasses Sarves S.A.         100.00         Creece         Created read advectory services           Errotant FEG Jasses Sarves S.A.         100.00         Creece         Factring           Errotant FEG Jasses S.A.         100.00         Basses         Earrotant FEG Jasses           Errotant FEG Jasses S.A.         100.00         Basses         Earrotant FEG Jasses           Dietant ED Jasses         A.         100.00         Earrotant FEG Jasses	Name	Note	holding	incorporation	Line of business
EPC Extracts Capasite LakeringCaseringLakeringEPG Extracts Care Networks S.A.10000CoreeceInsurance SociesEPG Extracts Care Networks S.A.10000CoreeceInsurance SociesExtracts Care Networks S.A.10000CoreecePayrel and abs/org arevitaceExtracts CFO Extracts Socies10000CoreeceExplained abs/org arevitaceExtracts CFO Extracts Socies10000CoreeceCapability and abs/org arevitaceExtracts CFO Extracts Socies10000CoreeceExplained abs/org arevitaceExtracts CFO Extracts Socies10000CoreeceHangement of IncovableExtracts CFO Extracts Socies10000CoreeceManagement of IncovableExtracts CFO Extracts Socies10000CoreeceManagement of IncovableExtracts CFO Extracts Socies10000CoreeceManagement of IncovableExtracts CFO Extracts Socies10000BuginsBasingExtracts CFO Extracts Socies10000BuginsBasingExtracts CFO Extracts Socies10000BuginsBasingExtracts CFO Extracts Socies10000BuginsCale Intracts SociesExtracts CFO Extracts Socies10000BuginsBasingExtracts CFO Extracts Socies <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
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## 27. Shares in subsidiary undertakings (continued)

Name	Note	Percentage Holding	Country of incorporation	Line of business
Anaptyxi 2006-1 Plc		-	United Kingdom	Special purpose financing vehicle (SIC 12)
Anaptyxi APC Ltd		-	United Kingdom	Special purpose financing vehicle (SIC 12)
Anaptyxi Holdings Ltd <sup>(2)</sup>		-	United Kingdom	Special purpose financing vehicle (SIC 12)
Anaptyxi II Holdings Ltd (2)	S	-	United Kingdom	Special purpose financing vehicle (SIC 12)
Anaptyxi II Plc	S	-	United Kingdom	Special purpose financing vehicle (SIC 12)
Anaptyxi Options Ltd (2)		-	United Kingdom	Special purpose financing vehicle (SIC 12)
Anaptyxi SME I Holdings Ltd (2)		-	United Kingdom	Special purpose financing vehicle (SIC 12)
Anaptyxi SME I Plc		-	United Kingdom	Special purpose financing vehicle (SIC 12)
Anaptyxi SME II 2009-1 Plc		-	United Kingdom	Special purpose financing vehicle (SIC 12)
Anaptyxi SME II APC Ltd		-	United Kingdom	Special purpose financing vehicle (SIC 12)
Anaptyxi SME II Holdings Ltd (2)		-	United Kingdom	Special purpose financing vehicle (SIC 12)
Andromeda Leasing I Holdings Ltd (2)		-	United Kingdom	Special purpose financing vehicle (SIC 12)
Andromeda Leasing I Plc		-	United Kingdom	Special purpose financing vehicle (SIC 12)
Daneion 2007-1 Plc		-	United Kingdom	Special purpose financing vehicle (SIC 12)
Daneion APC Ltd		-	United Kingdom	Special purpose financing vehicle (SIC 12)
Daneion Holdings Ltd <sup>(2)</sup>		-	United Kingdom	Special purpose financing vehicle (SIC 12)
EFG Hellas Plc		100.00	United Kingdom	Special purpose financing vehicle
Karta 2005-1 Plc		-	United Kingdom	Special purpose financing vehicle (SIC 12)
Karta APC Ltd		-	United Kingdom	Special purpose financing vehicle (SIC 12)
Karta Holdings Ltd <sup>(2)</sup>		-	United Kingdom	Special purpose financing vehicle (SIC 12)
Karta II Holdings Ltd <sup>(2)</sup>	t	-	United Kingdom	Special purpose financing vehicle (SIC 12)
Karta II Pic	t	-	United Kingdom	Special purpose financing vehicle (SIC 12)
Karta LNI 1 Ltd		-	United Kingdom	Special purpose financing vehicle (SIC 12)
Karta Options Ltd <sup>(2)</sup>		-	United Kingdom	Special purpose financing vehicle (SIC 12)
Themeleion II Mortgage Finance Plc		-	United Kingdom	Special purpose financing vehicle (SIC 12)
Fhemeleion III Holdings Ltd <sup>(2)</sup>		-	United Kingdom	Special purpose financing vehicle (SIC 12)
Themeleion III Mortgage Finance Plc		-	United Kingdom	Special purpose financing vehicle (SIC 12)
Themeleion IV Holdings Ltd <sup>(2)</sup>		-	United Kingdom	Special purpose financing vehicle (SIC 12)
Themeleion IV Mortgage Finance Plc		-	United Kingdom	Special purpose financing vehicle (SIC 12)
Themeleion Mortgage Finance Plc		-	United Kingdom	Special purpose financing vehicle (SIC 12)

<sup>(1)</sup> dormant/under liquidation entities not consolidated as of 31 December 2011 due to immateriality

(2) not consolidated due to immateriality

## (a) EFG Eurobank Ergasias Leasing S.A., Greece

In June 2011, EFG Eurobank Ergasias Leasing S.A. merged with Eurobank EFG Fin and Rent S.A.

# (b) Eurobank EFG Asset Management Mutual Fund Mngt Company S.A., Greece

In November 2011, Eurobank EFG Mutual Funds Mngt Company S.A. merged with Eurobank EFG Asset Management Investment Firm S.A. The merged entity was renamed to Eurobank EFG Asset Management Mutual Fund Mngt Company S.A.

## (c) Eurobank Properties R.E.I.C., Greece

During the year, the Group increased its participation in Eurobank Properties R.E.I.C. from 55.92% to 55.94%.

# (d) IMO 03 E.A.D. (previously EFG Securities Bulgaria E.A.D.), Bulgaria

In June 2011, the name and activity of EFG Securities Bulgaria E.A.D. were changed. The new name of the entity is IMO 03 E.A.D. and it provides real estate services.

## (e) IMO Central Office E.A.D. and IMO Rila E.A.D., Bulgaria

In January 2011, the Group established, as 100% subsidiaries, IMO Central Office E.A.D. and IMO Rila E.A.D., real estate services companies incorporated in Bulgaria.

## (f) Eurobank EFG Cyprus Ltd, Cyprus

In December 2011, Eurobank EFG Cyprus Ltd merged with Eurocredit Retail Services Ltd.

## (g) Chamia Enterprises Company Ltd, Cyprus

In November 2011, the Group acquired, through its newly acquired subsidiary "Chamia Enterprises Company Ltd", a minority equity position 3% in MLS Multimedia S.A., a company active in the electronic navigation market.

## (h) NEU II Property Holdings Ltd and NEU III Property Holdings Ltd, Cyprus In February 2011, the Group established, as 100% subsidiaries, NEU II Property Holdings Ltd and NEU III Property Holdings Ltd, holding companies incorporated in Cyprus.

## (i) Bancpost S.A., Romania

During the year, the Group increased its participation in Bancpost S.A. from 99.02% to 99.11%.

## (j) Eliade Tower S.A., Romania

Following the increased participation in Eurobank Properties R.E.I.C., the Group increased its participation in Eliade Tower S.A. from 55.92% to 55.94%.

# (k) IMO-II Property Investments S.A., Romania

In November 2011, the Group increased its participation in IMO-II Property Investments S.A. from 99.89% to 100%.

# (I) Retail Development S.A., Romania

Following the increased participation in Eurobank Properties R.E.I.C., the Group increased its participation in Retail Development S.A. from 55.92% to 55.94%.

## (m) Seferco Development S.A., Romania

Following the increased participation in Eurobank Properties R.E.I.C., the Group increased its participation in Seferco Development S.A. from 55.92% to 55.94%.

## (n) Reco Real Property A.D., Serbia

Following the increased participation in Eurobank Properties R.E.I.C., the Group increased its participation in Reco Real Property A.D. from 55.92% to 55.94%.



## 27. Shares in subsidiary undertakings (continued)

#### (o) Eurobank Tekfen A.S., Turkey

The Group increased its participation in Eurobank Tekfen A.S. from 99.24% to 99.26% following the corresponding increase of Tekfen Holding's A.S. percentage in Eurobank Tekfen A.S. share capital from 29.24% to 29.26%. Tekfen Holding's A.S. current holding of 29.26% is included in the Group's participation, as, under the shareholders' agreement, it is subject to put and call options whose exercise price is based on future events.

#### (p) EFG Finansal Kiralama A.S., Turkey

Following the increased participation in Eurobank Tekfen A.S., the Group increased its participation in EFG Finansal Kiralama A.S. from 99.23% to 99.26%.

## (q) EFG Istanbul Equities Menkul Degerler A.S., Turkey

Following the increased participation in Eurobank Tekten A.S., the Group increased its participation in EFG Istanbul Equities Menkul Degerler A.S. from 99.24% to 99.26%.

#### (r) EFG Istanbul Portfoy Yonetimi A.S., Turkey

In November 2011, the Group established EFG Istanbul Portfoy Yonetimi A.S., a mutual fund management company incorporated in Turkey.

## (s) Anaptyxi II Holdings Ltd and Anaptyxi II Plc, United Kingdom

In November 2011, the Group established Anaptyxi II Holdings Ltd and Anaptyxi II Plc, special purpose entities, for the issuance of small business loan asset backed securities.

## (t) Karta II Holdings Ltd and Karta II Plc, United Kingdom

In August 2011, the Group established Karta II Holdings Ltd and Karta II Plc, special purpose entities, for the issuance of credit card asset backed securities.

#### (u) Dias S.A., Greece

The Bank merged on 8 February 2011 with Dias S.A., the latter being absorbed by the former. The share exchange ratio was determined at 5.3 Dias S.A. shares for each share of the Bank.

- (v) Saturn Finance PIc and Saturn Holdings Ltd, United Kingdom In May 2011, the liquidation of the companies was completed.
- (w) Themeleion VI Holdings Ltd and Themeleion VI Mortgage Finance Plc, United Kingdom In July 2011, the liquidation of the companies was completed.

## (x) Themeleion V Holdings Ltd and Themeleion V Mortgage Finance Plc, United Kingdom

In August 2011, the liquidation of the companies was completed.

## Post Balance sheet event

On 9 April 2012, the Group entered into a sale agreement for the disposal of Eurobank Tekfen A.S. and its subsidiaries to Burgan Bank of Kuwait. The completion of the sale is expected in the autumn of 2012, subject to regulatory approvals by the competent authorities. Under the terms of the transaction, Burgan will acquire 99.3% of Eurobank Tekfen, from Eurobank EFG and the Tekfen Group, for an upfront cash consideration of TRY 641 million (1x Book Value). The transaction will increase Eurobank EFG's Core Tier I capital ratio by approximately 60 bps (or capital equivalent of almost  $\in$  300 million) and will improve its liquidity position by  $\in$  800 million.

## 28. Property, plant and equipment

		31	December 2011		
	Land,	Furniture,			
	buildings,	equipment,	Computer		Total
	leasehold	motor	hardware,	Investment	fixed
	improvements	vehicles	software	property	assets
	€ million	€ million	€ million	€ million	€ million
Cost:					
Balance at 1 January	828	297	485	434	2,044
Transfers	(3)	3	(4)	3	(1)
Additions	27	8	19	165	219
Disposals and write-offs	(29)	(17)	(33)	-	(79)
Exchange adjustments	(4)	(2)	(2)	(1)	(9)
Disposal of foreign operations	(40)	(25)	(15)	-	(80)
Balance at 31 December	779	264	450	601	2,094
Accumulated depreciation:					
Balance at 1 January	(194)	(194)	(393)	(26)	(807)
Transfers	0	(3)	2	(0)	(1)
Disposals and write-offs	20	15	28	(0)	63
Charge for the year	(27)	(21)	(23)	(7)	(78)
Exchange adjustments	2	1	1	0	4
Disposal of foreign operations	10	9	10	-	29
Balance at 31 December	(189)	(193)	(375)	(33)	(790)
Net book value at 31 December	590	71	75	568	1,304



## 28. Property, plant and equipment (continued)

		31 December 2010			
	Land,	Furniture,			
	buildings,	equipment,	Computer		Total
	leasehold	motor	hardware,	Investment	fixed
	improvements	vehicles	software	property	assets
	<u>€ million</u>				
Cost:					
Balance at 1 January	833	300	476	398	2,007
Arising from acquisition of subsidiaries	0	0	0	-	0
Transfers	(3)	0	(0)	1	(2)
Additions	29	14	21	39	103
Disposals and write-offs	(31)	(17)	(12)	(1)	(61)
Impairment	(0)	(0)	(0)	(1)	(1)
Exchange adjustments	(0)	0	0	(2)	(2)
Balance at 31 December	828	297	485	434	2,044
Accumulated depreciation:					
Balance at 1 January	(178)	(180)	(376)	(21)	(755)
Arising from acquisition of subsidiaries	(0)	(0)	(0)	-	(0)
Transfers	(0)	(0)	1	0	1
Disposals and write-offs	19	12	11	0	42
Charge for the year	(35)	(26)	(29)	(5)	(95)
Exchange adjustments	0	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)
Balance at 31 December	(194)	(194)	(393)	(26)	(807)
Net book value at 31 December	634	103	92	408	1,237

Leasehold improvements relate to premises occupied by the Group for its own activities.

Included in the above as at 31 December 2011 is € 3 million (2010: € 9 million) relating to assets under construction.

The net book value of finance leases included in property, plant and equipment as at 31 December 2011 was € 16 million (2010: € 18 million).

## Investment property

Investment property is carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is calculated using the straight line method over a period of 40-50 years. The fair value of investment property as at 31 December 2011 was € 607 million (2010: € 484 million). The fair values are open-market values provided by professionally qualified valuers.

During the year ended 31 December 2011 an amount of € 26 million (2010: € 28 million) was recognised as rental income from investment property in income from non banking services. As at 31 December 2011 and 2010, there were no capital commitments in relation to investment property.

## 29. Intangible assets

	31 December 2011		31 December 2010			
	Goodwill <u>€ million</u>	Other intangible assets <u>€ million</u>	Total intangible assets <u>€ million</u>	Goodwill <u>€ million</u>	Other intangible assets <u>€ million</u>	Total intangible assets <u>€ million</u>
Cost: Balance at 1 January	534	324	858	534	269	803
Arising from acquisition of subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	0	0
Transfers	-	0	0	-	(0)	(0)
Additions	-	33	33	-	56	56
Disposals and write-offs	-	(20)	(20)	-	(0)	(0)
Exchange adjustments	-	(3)	(3)	-	(1)	(1)
Adjustment to goodwill (see below)	2	-	2	0	-	0
Disposal of foreign operations	-	(34)	(34)	-	-	-
Balance at 31 December	536	300	836	534	324	858
Accumulated impairment/amortisation:						
Balance at 1 January	(1)	(123)	(124)	(1)	(92)	(93)
Arising from acquisition of subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	(0)	(0)
Transfers	-	(1)	(1)	-	0	0
Amortisation charge for the year	-	(30)	(30)	-	(31)	(31)
Disposals and write-offs	-	6	6	-	0	0
Impairment (see below)	(236)	-	(236)	-	-	-
Exchange adjustments	-	1	1	-	(0)	(0)
Disposal of foreign operations	-	13	13	-	-	-
Balance at 31 December	(237)	(134)	(371)	(1)	(123)	(124)
Net book value at 31 December	299	166	465	533	201	734

Included in the above as at 31 December 2011 is € nil million (2010: € 2 million) relating to assets under construction.

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements



#### 29. Intangible assets (continued)

Goodwill for 2011 was adjusted for contingent purchase consideration and fair value adjustments in accordance with the provisions of the acquisition agreements for Eurobank Tekfen A.S. (€ 2.3 million increase). As at 31 December 2011, the Group proceeded with the write down of goodwill relating to its operations in Turkey (see below).

Goodwill for 2010 was adjusted for contingent purchase consideration and fair value adjustments in accordance with the provisions of the acquisition agreements for Accentis S.A., which was absorbed by Eurobank EFG Telesis Finance S.A. that merged with Eurobank EFG Equities S.A. (€ 1.5 million decrease) and Eurobank EFG A.D. Beograd (€ 1.8 million increase).

#### Impairment testing of goodwill

Goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated, at acquisition, to the cash-generating units (CGUs) that are expected to benefit from that business combination and form part of the Group's primary business segments. The carrying amount of goodwill is allocated as follows:

	2011	2010
	<u>€ million</u>	<u>€ million</u>
Global and Capital Markets	2	2
Wealth Management	64	65
New Europe (NE)	233	466
Total goodwill	299	533

The recoverable amounts of the CGUs are determined from value-in-use calculations. The key assumptions for the value-in-use calculations are those regarding the discount rates, growth rates and cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by Management covering a 5-year period. Cash flow projections for years six to ten have been projected based on operation and market specific assumptions. Cash flows beyond the ten-year period (the period in perpetuity) have been extrapolated using the estimated growth rates stated below. Management estimates discount rates using pre-tax rates that reflect current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the CGUs. The growth rates are based on respective market growth forecasts.

# (i) Wealth Management and Global and Capital Markets segments

The pre-tax discount rate applied to cash flow projections is 15% (2010: 15%). The growth rate used to extrapolate cash flows beyond the initial ten-year period is 3% and does not exceed the average long-term growth rate for the relevant markets.

A goodwill impairment charge amounting to € 1 million was recognised as at 31 December 2011 against the carrying amount of Global Fund Management S.A., reducing its goodwill to nil, as it was no longer supported by the cash flow analysis.

#### (ii) New Europe segment

The pre-tax discount rate applied to cash flow projections for New Europe entities is 11% for Bulgaria (2010: 12%), 13% for Romania (2010: 13%), 13% for Serbia (2010: 15%) and 20% for Ukraine (2010: 22%). The growth rate used to extrapolate cash flows beyond the initial ten-year period is 3% and does not exceed the average long-term growth rate for the relevant markets.

A goodwill impairment charge amounting to € 171 million and € 29 million was recognised as at 31 December 2011 against the carrying amount of Eurobank Tekfen A.S. and EFG Istanbul Menkul Degerler A.S., respectively, reducing the goodwill of both entities to nil. The recoverable amount has been determined by reference to the terms of the sale agreement entered into in April 2012 for the disposal of the Group's subsidiaries in Turkey (note 27).

The Group has also recognised a goodwill impairment charge as at 31 December 2011 in relation to Public J.S.C Universal Bank, Ukraine, amounting to € 35 million, representing the entire amount of goodwill allocated to this entity, as a result of reassessing the projections used to determine the recoverable amount.

The total goodwill impairment loss has been recognised as a separate line item in the Consolidated Income Statement.

## 30. Other assets

	2011	2010
	<u>€ million</u>	<u>€ million</u>
Prepaid expenses and accrued income	48	58
Deferred tax asset (note 16)	1,726	503
Repossessed properties	369	272
Receivable from Deposit Guarantee and Investment Fund	270	188
Income tax receivable	129	96
Settlement balances with customers	9	12
Investments in associated undertakings (see below)	8	14
Other assets	422	400
	2,981	1,543

The movement in investments in associated undertakings is as follows:

	2011	2010
	€ million	<u>€ million</u>
Balance at 1 January	14	44
Additions/(disposals) of associated undertakings	(5)	2
Conversion of associated undertakings to subsidiaries	-	(30)
Dividends collected/(paid)	-	(3)
Cancellation of own shares/other items	-	1
Share of available-for-sale revaluation reserve	-	(0)
Share of results for the year	(1)	(0)
Balance at 31 December	8	14

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## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements



## 30. Other assets (continued)

The financial information of the Group's associates and joint ventures as at 31 December 2011 is presented below:

Name	<u>Notes</u>	Country of Incorporation	Line of business	Percentage Holding	Assets <u>€ million</u>	Liabilities <u>€ million</u>	Share of Net Assets <u>€ million</u>	Share of Profit/ (loss) <u>€ million</u>
Tefin S.A.		Greece	Motor vehicle sales financing	50.00	6	1	3	(1)
Sinda Enterprises Company Ltd		Cyprus	Special purpose investment vehicle	48.00	5	0	2	(0)
Cardlink S.A.		Greece	POS administration	50.00	4	4	0	0
Unitfinance S.A.		Greece	Financing company	40.00	4	0	2	(0)
Femion Ltd	а	Cyprus	Special purpose investment vehicle	66.67	1	0	1	(0)
BD Financial Ltd	b	British Virgin Islands	Investment company	-	-	-	-	0
		13141103			20	5	8	(1)

As at 31 December 2011 all of the Group's associates are unlisted.

Tefin S.A., Sinda Enterprises Company Ltd, Cardlink S.A., Unitfinance S.A. and Femion Ltd are the Group's joint ventures.

## (a) Femion Ltd, Cyprus

In January 2011, the Group acquired 75% of Femion Ltd, a special purpose investment vehicle incorporated in Cyprus. In April 2011, the Group decreased its participation in the above mentioned company from 75% to 66.67%.

## (b) BD Financial Limited, British Virgin Islands

In December 2011, the Group disposed of 49.90% share in its associated undertaking BD Financial Limited. The loss on disposal amounted to € 7 million.

## 31. Due to other banks

	2011	2010
	<u>€ million</u>	<u>€ million</u>
Current accounts and settlement balances with banks	36	89
Deposits from other banks	1,007	1,055
	1,043	1,144

## 32. Secured borrowing from banks

	2011	2010
	<u>€ million</u>	<u>€ million</u>
Secured borrowing from central banks	32,525	21,885
Secured borrowing from other banks	2,363	3,595
	34,888	25,480

## 33. Due to customers

	2011	2010
	<u>€ million</u>	<u>€ million</u>
Savings and current accounts	9,474	13,149
Term deposits and repurchase agreements	21,879	29,787
Unit linked products	571	655
Other term products	535	844
	32,459	44,435

The carrying amount of structured deposits and liabilities of unit-linked products classified as at fair value through profit or loss at 31 December 2011 was  $\in$  638 million (2010:  $\in$  847 million). The fair value change as at 31 December 2011 was  $\in$  25 million loss (2010:  $\in$  10 million loss), which is attributable to changes in market conditions.

The changes in the fair value of structured deposits and liabilities of unit-linked products are offset in the income statement against changes in the fair value of structured derivatives and assets classified as at fair value through profit or loss, respectively.

The difference between the carrying amount and the contractual undiscounted amount that will be required to be paid at the maturity of the structured deposits was € 17 million (2010: € 26 million).



34. Debt issued and other borrowed funds

Medium-term notes (EMTN)
Subordinated
Securitised

2011	2010
€ million	<u>€ million</u>
1,606	3,181
300	495
765	1,713
2.671	5.389

There is an unrecognised valuation gain of  $\in$  446 million (2010:  $\in$  916 million) related to long term debt of  $\in$  2,656 million (2010:  $\in$  5,071 million) carried at amortised cost, whereas its fair value was  $\in$  2,210 million (2010:  $\in$  4,155 million). The remaining long term debt consists of structured notes classified as at fair-value-through-profit-or-loss, the carrying amount of which amounted to  $\in$  15 million as at 31 December 2011 (2010:  $\in$  318 million). The fair value change as at 31 December 2011 amounted to  $\in$  40 million gain (2010:  $\in$  247 million gain). The fair value of the structured notes takes into account the credit risk of the Group. The cumulative change in fair value of these instruments attributable to changes in credit risk, as at 31 December 2011 was a gain of  $\in$  36 million. The respective cumulative change is at 31 December 2010 was  $\in$  244 million gain and included an amount of  $\in$  205 million gain for the Tier II note, which was repaid in April 2011 (see below). The changes in the fair value of the structured notes due to market risks other than the Group's credit risk are offset in the income statement against changes in the fair value of derivatives.

The difference between the carrying amount and the contractual undiscounted amount that will be required to be paid at the maturity of the structured notes was € 39 million (2010: € 250 million).

The EMTNs held by Group's customers which, as at 31 December 2011 amounted to € 535 million (2010: € 844 million) were included in "Due to customers".

The Group's funding consists of the securitisations of various classes of loans, notes under Euro Medium Term Note (EMTN) program, covered bonds and government guaranteed bonds:

#### Asset Backed Securities

#### (a) Residential Mortgage Backed Securities (RMBS)

In June 2004, the Group proceeded with the issuance of residential mortgage backed securities at an average funding cost of three month Euribor plus 19 basis points. As of December 2011, the Group has the option to call the issue at par at each interest payment date (clean-up call option). As at 31 December 2011, the liability amounted to  $\notin$  39 million (2010:  $\notin$  52 million).

In June 2005, the Group proceeded with the issuance of residential mortgage backed securities at an average funding cost of three month Euribor plus 17.5 basis points. The securities' initially expected average life was seven years. As at 31 December 2011, the liability amounted to € 88 million (2010: € 105 million).

In June 2006, the Group proceeded with the issuance of residential mortgage backed securities at an average funding cost of three month Euribor plus 16 basis points. The securities' initially expected average life was seven years. As at 31 December 2011, the liability amounted to € 162 million (2010: € 185 million).

In June 2007, the Group proceeded with the issuance of residential mortgage backed securities at an average funding cost of three month Euribor plus 13 basis points. The securities' initially expected average life was five years. As at 31 December 2011, the liability amounted to € 476 million (2010: € 597 million).

## (b) Credit Card Asset Backed Securities

In August 2011, the Group proceeded with the issuance of credit card asset backed securities amounting to € 900 million. As at 31 December 2011, the securities were fully retained by the Group.

#### (c) Small Business Loan Asset Backed Securities

During the year, the Group proceeded with the repayment of small business loan asset backed securities amounting to € 774 million as at 31 December 2010, issued by the Group's special purpose entity Anaptyxi APC Ltd in October 2006.

In November 2011, the Group proceeded with the issuance of small business loan asset backed securities amounting to € 400 million. As at 31 December 2011, the securities were fully retained by the Group.

## Lower Tier-II

In April 2011, the Group proceeded with the repayment of Lower Tier II unsecured subordinated notes amounting to € 124 million as at 31 December 2010, issued by its special purpose entity EFG Hellas PLC in 2005.

In June 2007, the Group issued  $\in$  750 million unsecured subordinated floating rate notes, through its subsidiary EFG Hellas Plc. The notes have a ten year maturity with a call provision after five years. The notes pay floating rate interest quarterly based on a coupon of three month Euribor plus 30 basis points for the first five years. The notes qualify as Lower Tier II capital for the Group and are listed on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange. As at 31 December 2011 the liability amounted to  $\notin$  300 million (2010:  $\notin$  371 million).

The notes held by Group's customers, which as at 31 December 2011 amounted to € 168 million are included in "Due to customers" (2010: € 180 million).

## Post Balance sheet event

In February 2012, the Group invited the holders of Lower Tier II unsecured subordinated notes to tender existing bonds. The Group has repurchased notes amounting to € 106 million (principal amount), generating a gain for the Group and increasing Core Tier I capital by € 53 million.

#### Medium-term notes (EMTN)

During the year, notes amounting to € 1,438 million, issued under the EMTN Program through the Group's special purpose entities, matured.

#### Covered bonds and Government guaranteed bonds

During the year, the Bank issued an additional amount of  $\notin$  700 million of covered bonds and  $\notin$  5,726 million of bonds under the second stream of the Greek Economy Liquidity Support Program (note 4). As at 31 December 2011, the covered bonds and government guaranteed bonds, totalling  $\notin$  4,450 million and  $\notin$  17,776 million respectively, were fully retained by the Bank and its subsidiaries.

Financial disclosures required by the Act 2620/28.08.2009 of the Bank of Greece in relation to the covered bonds issued, are available at the Bank's website.

## Post Balance sheet event

In February 2012, government guaranteed bonds of € 3,844 million, matured. Upon their maturity, the Bank proceeded with the issuance of government guaranteed bonds of equivalent value (note 4).

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

## 35. Other liabilities

Euro	obank EFG

2.4

3.2

	2011	2010
	<u>€ million</u>	<u>€ million</u>
Insurance liabilities	1,069	972
Acquisition obligations	154	128
Deferred income and accrued expenses	75	119
Standard legal staff retirement indemnity obligations (note 36)	56	75
Trading liabilities	18	58
Deferred tax liability (note 16)	18	16
Settlement balances with customers	14	16
Other liabilities	469	581
	1,873	1,965

# 36. Standard legal staff retirement indemnity obligations

# Movement in the liability for standard legal staff retirement indemnity obligations

movement in the habinty for standard legal stan retirement indemnity obligations	0011	0010
	2011	2010
	<u>€ million</u>	<u>€ million</u>
Balance at 1 January	75	83
Arising from acquisitions	-	0
Cost for the year (see below)	9	15
Benefits paid	(28)	(23)
Exchange adjustments	(0)	0
Disposal of foreign operations	(0)	-
Balance at 31 December	56	75
Expense recognised in profit or loss		
	2011	2010
	<u>€ million</u>	<u>€ million</u>
Current service cost	5	6
Interest cost	4	4
Termination losses/(gains)	8	10
Past service cost	1	4
Actuarial losses/(gains)	(9)	(9)
Total included in staff costs (note 13)	9	15
Actuarial assumptions		
Principal actuarial assumptions (expressed as weighted averages)	%	%
Discount rate	5.7	5.4

Future salary increases

# 37. Ordinary share capital, share premium and treasury shares

The par value of the Bank's shares is € 2.22 per share (31 December 2010: € 2.75). All shares are fully paid. The movement of ordinary share capital, share premium and treasury shares is as follows:

	Ordinary share capital <u>€ million</u>	Treasury shares <u>€ million</u>	Net <u>€ million</u>	Share premium <u>€ million</u>	Treasury shares <u>€ million</u>	Net <u>€ million</u>
Balance at 1 January 2010	1,481	(1)	1,480	1,450	(9)	1,441
Arising from acquisitions (see note below)	-	(2)	(2)	-	(1)	(1)
Purchase of treasury shares	-	(1)	(1)	-	(0)	(0)
Sale of treasury shares	-	1	1	-	0	0
Balance at 31 December 2010	1,481	(3)	1,478	1,450	(10)	1,440
Balance at 1 January 2011	1,481	(3)	1,478	1,450	(10)	1,440
Share capital increase due to merger with Dias S.A.	73	-	73	(2)	-	(2)
Share capital decrease by reducing the ordinary shares' par value	(326)	-	(326)	-	-	-
Purchase of treasury shares	-	(4)	(4)	-	1	1
Sale of treasury shares	-	5	5	-	0	0
Balance at 31 December 2011	1,228	(2)	1,226	1,448	(9)	1,439



#### 37. Ordinary share capital, share premium and treasury shares (continued)

The following is an analysis of the movement in the number of shares issued by the Bank:

		Number of shares		
	Issued ordinary shares	Treasury shares	Net	
ance at 1 January 2010	538,594,955	(594,423)	538,000,532	
sing from acquisitions (see note below)	-	(490,000)	(490,000)	
rchase of treasury shares	-	(277,186)	(277,186)	
le of treasury shares	-	341,040	341,040	
ce at 31 December 2010	538,594,955	(1,020,569)	537,574,386	
ce at 1 January 2011	538,594,955	(1,020,569)	537,574,386	
nare capital increase due to merger with Dias S.A.	14,353,472	-	14,353,472	
rchase of treasury shares	-	(1,563,656)	(1,563,656)	
e of treasury shares	-	1,775,215	1,775,215	
ance at 31 December 2011	552,948,427	(809,010)	552,139,417	

In May 2011, following the registration of the merger between the Bank and Dias S.A. by the Ministry of Regional Development and Competitiveness in the Companies' Registry, the Bank proceeded with the issuance of 14,353,472 ordinary shares and the simultaneous modification of the ordinary shares' nominal value from € 2.75 to € 2.81.

In September 2011, following the decision of the Repeat Annual General Meeting in July 2011 and the relevant approval by the Ministry of Regional Development and Competitiveness, the Bank decreased its share capital by the amount of  $\in$  326 million by reducing the ordinary shares' par value from  $\notin$  2.81 to  $\notin$  2.22, in order to offset transformation losses from previous years' mergers and losses carried forward.

In June 2009, the Annual General Meeting approved the issue, within certain parameters, the terms and timing of which are at the Board of Directors discretion, either in total or gradually in tranches, of a callable bond of up to  $\in$  500 million, convertible to ordinary shares of the Bank (note 39, Series D and E). In July 2011, the repeat Annual General Meeting decided the amendment of the terms of the callable bonds approved by the Annual General Meeting in June 2009 for the amount of  $\notin$  150 million not yet issued/allotted and the increase of the bonds total amount by up to  $\notin$  100 million under certain conditions.

## **Treasury shares**

Under Law 3756/2009, banks participating in the Government's Greek Economy Liquidity Support Program are not allowed to acquire treasury shares under article 16 of the Company Law.

In the ordinary course of business, subsidiaries of the Group may acquire and dispose of treasury shares; the majority of which relates to life insurance activity. Note: During the year the treasury shares arising from the merger with Dias S.A. were disposed.

#### 38. Preference shares

N
Number of 2011 201
shares <u>€ million</u> <u>€ million</u>
<b>345,500,000 950</b> 950
<b>345.500.000 950</b> 950

On 12 January 2009 the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Bank approved the issue of 345,500,000 non-voting, non-listed, non-transferable, tax deductible, non-cumulative 10% preference shares, with nominal value  $\notin$  2.75 each, under Law 3723/2008 "Greek Economy Liquidity Support Program", to be fully subscribed to and paid by the Greek State with bonds of equivalent value. The proceeds of the issue total  $\notin$  940 million, net of expenses, and the transaction was completed on 21 May 2009. In accordance with the current legal and regulatory framework, the issued shares have been classified as Tier I capital.

The preference shares pay a non-cumulative coupon of 10%, subject to meeting minimum capital adequacy requirements, set by Bank of Greece, availability of distributable reserves in accordance with article 44a of Company Law 2190/1920 and the approval of the Annual General Meeting. According to article 39 of Law 3844/2010, five years after the issue of the preference shares or earlier subject to the approval of the Bank of Greece, the Bank may redeem the preference shares at their nominal value. In case of non redemption at the expiration of the five year period, the coupon is increased by 2% each year.

In June 2011, the Annual General Meeting approved the distribution of dividend amounting to € 95 million payable to preference shares for 2010.

Based on the 2011 results, the Directors will not recommend to the Shareholders' Annual General Meeting the distribution of a dividend to either ordinary or preference shareholders.



#### 39. Preferred securities

On 18 March 2005, the Group, through its Special Purpose Entity, EFG Hellas Funding Limited, issued  $\in$  200 million preferred securities which represent Lower Tier I capital for the Group (Tier I Series A). The preferred securities have no fixed redemption date and give the issuer the right to call the issue at par on 18 March 2010 and annually thereafter. All obligations of the issuer in respect of the preferred securities are guaranteed on a subordinated basis by the Bank. The securities pay fixed non-cumulative annual dividend of 6.75% for the first two years and non-cumulative annual dividends that are determined based on the ten year Euro swap rate plus a spread of 0.125% capped at 8% thereafter. The rate of preferred dividends for the Tier I Issue series A has been determined to 3.54% for the period March 18, 2011 to March 17, 2012. The preferred dividend must be declared and paid if the Bank declares a dividend. The preferred securities are listed on the Luxembourg and Frankfurt Stock Exchanges.

On 2 November 2005, the Group, through its Special Purpose Entity, EFG Hellas Funding Limited, issued € 400 million preferred securities which represent Lower Tier I capital for the Group (Tier I Series B). The preferred securities have no fixed redemption date and give the issuer the right to call the issue at par on 2 November 2015 and quarterly thereafter. All obligations of the issuer in respect of the preferred securities are guaranteed on a subordinated basis by the Bank. The securities pay fixed non-cumulative annual dividends that are determined based on the 3month Euribor plus a spread of 2.22% thereafter. The preferred dividend must be declared and paid if the Bank declares dividend. The preferred securities are listed on the London Stock Exchange.

On 9 November 2005, the Group, through its Special Purpose Entity, EFG Hellas Funding Limited, issued € 150 million preferred securities which represent Lower Tier I capital for the Group (Tier I Series C). The preferred securities have no fixed redemption date and give the issuer the right to call the issue at par on 9 January 2011 and quarterly thereafter. All obligations of the issuer in respect of the preferred securities are guaranteed on a subordinated basis by the Bank. The securities pay fixed non-cumulative dividend on a quarterly basis at a rate of 6% per annum. The preferred dividend must be declared and paid if the Bank declares a dividend. The preferred securities are listed on the London, Frankfurt and Euronext Amsterdam Stock Exchanges.

On 21 December 2005, the Group, through its Special Purpose Entity, EFG Hellas Funding Limited, issued  $\in$  50 million preferred securities which are consolidated and form a single series with the existing  $\in$  150 million preferred securities issued on 9 November 2005.

On 29 July 2009, the Group, through its Special Purpose Entity, EFG Hellas Funding Limited, issued  $\in$  300 million preferred securities which represent Tier I capital for the Group (Tier I Series D). This is in accordance with the decision of the Annual General Meeting on 30 June 2009 which allows the Bank to issue in tranches up to  $\in$  500 million of such securities. The preferred securities have no fixed redemption date and give the issuer the right to call the issue after five years from the issue date and quarterly thereafter. In addition the securities, subject to certain conditions, are convertible at the option of the bondholder and the issuer after October 2014 into Eurobank EFG ordinary shares at a 12% discount to the share market price during the period preceding the exchange. All obligations of the issuer of 8.25% per annum. The preferred dividend must be declared and paid if the Bank declares a dividend. The preferred securities are listed on the London Stock Exchange.

On 30 November 2009, the Group, through its Special Purpose Entity, EFG Hellas Funding Limited, issued € 100 million preferred securities which represent Tier I capital for the Group (Tier I Series E). The terms and conditions of the issue are similar to preferred securities issued on 29 July 2009 and the conversion option applies from February 2015. The preferred securities are listed on the London Stock Exchange.

The movement of preferred securities issued by the Group through its Special Purpose Entity, EFG Hellas Funding Limited, is as follows:

	Series A <u>€ million</u>	Series B <u>€ million</u>	Series C <u>€ million</u>	Series D <u>€ million</u>	Series E <u>€ million</u>	Total <u>€ million</u>
Balance at 1 January 2011	97	175	173	287	59	791
Purchase of preferred securities	(7)	(21)	(8)	(13)	-	(49)
Sale of preferred securities	0	1	1	1	-	3
Balance at 31 December 2011	90	155	166	275	59	745

As at 31 December 2011, the dividend attributable to preferred securities holders amounted to € 50 million (2010: € 51 million).

As at 31 December 2011, gain from the redemption of preferred securities amounted to € 21 million (2010: € nil).

#### Post Balance sheet event

In February 2012, the Group invited the holders of preferred securities, series A, B and C to tender existing securities. The Group has repurchased an aggregate principal amount of € 325 million (Series A: € 71 million, Series B: € 147 million, Series C: € 107 million). The repurchase of preferred securities has generated a gain for the Group, increasing its Core Tier I capital by approximately € 195 million.

#### 40. Share options

The Group has granted share options to executive directors, management and employees. All options are equity-settled and may be exercised wholly or partly and converted into shares, at their owners' option provided that the vesting requirements are met.

In April 2006, the Annual General Meeting approved the establishment of an umbrella share options program allowing the Board of Directors (through the Board's Remuneration Committee) to issue share options within the next 5 years totalling up to 3% of the Bank's shares within the defined framework similar to the share options issued in the past. The umbrella program to issue share options expired within 2011. The Repeat Extraordinary General Shareholders' Meeting on 21 November 2007 amended the terms of the program so that throughout its implementation the vesting and exercise periods of the share options may be determined at the discretion of the Board following recommendation by the Remuneration Committee.

The movement in the number of share options outstanding and their related weighted average exercise prices are as follows:

	31 December 2011		31 December 2010	
	Exercise	Number of	Exercise	Number of
	price in €	share	price in €	share
	per share	options	per share	options
Balance at 1 January	11.57	5,169,129	11.55	5,485,110
Expired and/or cancelled	11.75	(675,380)	11.20	(315,981)
Balance at 31 December and average exercise price per share	11.54	4,493,749	11.57	5,169,129

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements



## 40. Share options (continued)

Share options outstanding and exercisable at the end of year have the following expiry dates and exercise prices:

	31 December 2011		31 December 2010	
Expiry date - 31 December	Exercise	Number of	Exercise	Number of
	price in €	share	price in €	share
	per share	options	per share	options
2011	-	-	12.00	421,897
2012	12.00	1,289,565	12.00	1,343,722
2013	13.58	1,268,987	13.58	1,337,700
2014	9.90	1,935,197	9.90	2,065,810
	11.54	4,493,749	11.57	5,169,129

#### 41. Special reserves

	31 December 2010				
	Statutory reserves <u>€ million</u>	Non-taxed reserves <u>€ million</u>	IAS 39 reserves <u>€ million</u>	Other reserves <u>€ million</u>	Total <u>€ million</u>
Balance at 1 January	335	1,111	(505)	(263)	678
Transfers between reserves	58	131	-	(2)	187
Available-for-sale securities					
<ul> <li>net changes in fair value, net of tax</li> <li>impairment losses on investment securities transfer to</li> </ul>	-	-	(193)	-	(193)
net profit, net of tax	-	-	5	-	5
- transfer to net profit, net of tax	-	-	43	-	43
Cash flow hedges					
<ul> <li>net changes in fair value, net of tax</li> </ul>	-	-	(51)	-	(51)
<ul> <li>transfer to net profit, net of tax</li> </ul>	-	-	(2)	-	(2)
Currency translation differences, net of hedging	-	-	-	(27)	(27)
Value of employee services	-	-	-	4	4
Balance at 31 December	393	1,242	(703)	(288)	644

	31 December 2011				
	Statutory	Non-taxed	IAS 39	Other	
	reserves	reserves	reserves	reserves	Total
	<u>€ million</u>				
Balance at 1 January	393	1,242	(703)	(288)	644
Transfers between reserves	36	28	-	45	109
Share capital decrease (see note 37)	-	-	-	79	79
Available-for-sale securities					
<ul> <li>net changes in fair value, net of tax</li> </ul>	-	-	(167)	-	(167)
- impairment losses on Greek sovereign debt transfer to					
net profit, net of tax	-	-	250	-	250
- impairment losses on other investment securities					
transfer to net profit, net of tax	-	-	354	-	354
- transfer to net profit, net of tax	-	-	(13)	-	(13)
Cash flow hedges					
<ul> <li>net changes in fair value, net of tax</li> </ul>	-	-	(2)	-	(2)
- transfer to net profit, net of tax	-	-	(15)	-	(15)
Currency translation differences, net of hedging	-	-	-	38	38
Value of employee services	-	-	-	(1)	(1)
Balance at 31 December	429	1,270	(296)	(127)	1,276

Statutory reserves and IAS 39 reserves are not distributable. Included in IAS 39 reserves as at 31 December 2011 is € 102 million loss (2010: € 85 million loss) relating to cash flow hedging reserve.

Non-taxed reserves are taxed when distributed. As at 31 December 2011, non-taxed reserves include an amount of  $\notin$  246 million which consists of  $\notin$  289 million which following Law 3513/2006 were subject to one-off taxation amounting to  $\notin$  43.3 million. The Bank has contested the above taxation in the courts.

Included in other reserves as at 31 December 2011 is € 217 million loss (2010: € 255 million loss) relating to currency translation reserve, net of hedging.

## 42. Operating leases

Leases as lessee - Non-cancellable operating lease rentals are payable as follows:

31 December 2011		31 December 2010		
Land	Furniture,	Land Furnitu		
and	equipment,	and	equipment,	
buildings	vehicles	buildings	vehicles	
<u>€ million</u>	<u>€ million</u>	<u>€ million</u>	<u>€ million</u>	
31	1	50	2	
31	1	62	3	
4	-	10	0	
66	2	122	5	

Not later than one year Later than one year and no later than five years Later than five years



## 42. Operating leases (continued)

There are no material future minimum sublease payments to be received under non cancellable subleases.

Leases as lessor - Non-cancellable operating lease rentals are receivable as follows:

	31 Decemb	31 December 2011		31 December 2010	
	Land	Furniture,	Land	Furniture,	
	and	equipment,	and	equipment,	
	buildings	vehicles	buildings	vehicles	
	<u>€ million</u>	<u>€ million</u>	<u>€ million</u>	<u>€ million</u>	
Not later than one year	73	1	65	0	
Later than one year and no later than five years	60	2	63	1	
Later than five years	13	-	16	-	
	146	3	144	1	

#### 43. Contingent liabilities and other commitments

	2011 <u>€ million</u>	2010 <u>€ million</u>
Guarantees and standby letters of credit	902	974
Other guarantees and commitments to extend credit	1,337	1,595
Documentary credits	161	165
Capital expenditure	7	9
	2 407	2 743

Included above is a guarantee that the Bank issued in favour of EFG Ora Funding Limited III amounting to € 271 million (2010: € 271 million), against which the ultimate parent company of the Group has guaranteed unconditionally and without the right of cancellation.

#### Post Balance sheet event

In February 2012, the guarantee issued by the Bank in favour of EFG Ora Funding Limited III, as well as the guarantee received by the ultimate parent company of the Group, were reduced to € 67 million.

## Legal Proceedings

There were a number of legal proceedings outstanding against the Group as at the year end. The Group's management and its legal advisors believe that the outcome of the existing lawsuits will not have a significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

#### 44. Segment information

Management has determined the operating segments based on the internal reports reviewed by the Strategic Planning Group (SPG) that are used to allocate resources and to assess its performance in order to make strategic decisions. The SPG considers the business both from a business unit and geographic perspective. Geographically, management considers the performance of its business in Greece and other countries in Europe (New Europe). Greece is further segregated into retail, wholesale, wealth management, and global and capital markets while New Europe is monitored and reviewed on a country basis. The Group aggregates segments when they exhibit similar economic characteristics and profile and are expected to have similar long-term economic development.

With the exception of Greece no other individual country contributed more than 10% of consolidated income. The Group is organized in the following reportable segments:

- Retail: incorporating customer current accounts, savings, deposits and investment savings products, credit and debit cards, consumer loans, small business banking and mortgages.
- Corporate: incorporating direct debit facilities, current accounts, deposits, overdrafts, loan and other credit facilities, foreign currency and derivative products to corporate entities.
- Wealth Management: incorporating private banking services, including total wealth management, to medium and high net worth individuals, insurance, mutual fund and investment savings products, and institutional asset management.
- Global and Capital Markets: incorporating investment banking services including corporate finance, merger and acquisitions advice, custody, equity brokerage, financial instruments trading and institutional finance to corporate and institutional entities, as well as, specialised financial advice and intermediation to private and large retail individuals as well as small and large corporate entities.
- New Europe incorporating operations in Romania, Bulgaria, Serbia, Cyprus, the Ukraine and Turkey.

Other operations of the Group comprise mainly of investing activities, including property management and investment and the management of unallocated capital.

The Group's management reporting is based on International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). The accounting policies of the Group's operating segments are the same with those described in the principal accounting policies.

Revenues from transactions between business segments are allocated on a mutually agreed basis at rates that approximate market prices.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

# 44. Segment information (continued)

## 44.1 Operating segments

1				31 Dece	mber 2011			
	Retail <u>€ million</u>	Corporate <u>€ million</u>	Wealth Management <u>€ million</u>	Global & Capital Markets <u>€ million</u>	Other <u>€ million</u>	New Europe <u>€ million</u>	Elimination center <u>€ million</u>	Total <u>€ million</u>
Net interest income	1,066	546	12	(78)	(59)	552	-	2,039
Net commission income	36	62	38	27	0	129	-	292
Other net revenue	10	(12)	36	12	(77)	26	<u> </u>	(5)
Total external revenue	1,112	596	86	(39)	(136)	707	-	2,326
Inter-segment revenue	96	(1)	(33)	(40)	23	(2)	(43)	<u> </u>
Total revenue	1,208	595	53	(79)	(113)	705	(43)	2,326
Operating expenses	(458)	(110)	(66)	(60)	(85)	(462)	43	(1,198)
Impairment losses on loans and advances	(943)	(146)	(2)	0	(0)	(242)	<u> </u>	(1,333)
Continuing operations before one-offs (see note) One-offs	(193) (1)	339 (162)	(15) (228)	(139) (5,364)	(198) (994)	1	-	(205) (6,749)
Discontinued operations	-	-	-	-	173	-	-	173
Non controlling interest	-	-	0	-	(13)	(1)	-	(14)
Profit before tax attributable to					, <u>,</u>	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
shareholders	(194)	177	(243)	(5,503)	(1,032)	(0)		(6,795)
Excl. one-offs	(193)	339	(15)	(139)	(38)	(0)	<u> </u>	(46)
Segment assets	22,598	16,137	2,019	16,498	3,697	15,873		76,822

				31 Decer	mber 2010			
				Global &				
			Wealth	Capital			Elimination	
	Retail	Corporate	Management	Markets	Other	New Europe	center	Total
	<u>€ million</u>							
Net interest income	1,091	469	4	16	(56)	579	-	2,103
Net commission income	59	61	48	61	2	132	-	363
Other net revenue	27	(20)	45	70	99	43	-	264
Total external revenue	1,177	510	97	147	45	754	-	2,730
Inter-segment revenue	104	2	(32)	(44)	17	(3)	(44)	-
Total revenue	1,281	512	65	103	62	751	(44)	2,730
Operating expenses	(507)	(113)	(69)	(77)	(78)	(480)	44	(1,280)
Impairment losses on								
loans and advances	(909)	(93)	(1)	(0)	(0)	(270)	-	(1,273)
Continuing operations	(135)	306	(5)	26	(16)	1	-	177
Discontinued operations	-	-	-	-	(41)	-	-	(41)
Non controlling interest			0	-	(18)	(1)		(19)
Profit before tax attributable to								
shareholders	(135)	306	(5)	26	(75)	0		117
Segment assets	24,184	18,122	2,101	15,324	5,158	22,299	<u> </u>	87,188

Note: One-off items include impairment losses from PSI+ and other non recurring valuation losses



#### EFG EUROBANK ERGASIAS S.A.

#### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements



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#### 44. Segment information (continued)

#### 44.2 Entity wide disclosures

#### (a) Analysis of revenue by category

Breakdown of the Group's revenue for each group of similar products and services is as follows:

	2011	2010
	<u>€ million</u>	<u>€ million</u>
Lending related activities	2,593	2,603
Deposits, network and asset management activities	(350)	(286)
Capital markets	24	332
Insurance related activities	30	37
Non banking and other services	29	44
	2,326	2,730

The following table breaks down the Group's total revenues and total assets based on the country in which the Group's operation is located:

	31 Deceml	per 2011	31 December 2010	
	Revenues <u>€ million</u>	Total assets <u>€ million</u>	Revenues <u>€ million</u>	Total assets <u>€ million</u>
Greece	1,623	60,949	1,976	64,889
Romania	243	4,541	305	5,355
Bulgaria	172	3,445	171	3,611
Other countries	<u>288</u>	7,887	278	7,640
<b>Total from continuing operations</b>	2,326	76,822	2,730	81,495
Total from discontinued operations Total	47	-	194	5,693
	2,373	76,822	2,924	87,188

#### 45. Post balance sheet events

#### Merger with Alpha Bank S.A.

The merger of Eurobank with Alpha Bank, as announced in August 2011, was approved with a great majority by both shareholders' meetings on 15 November 2011. On 23 January 2012, the last regulatory approval was obtained. Ever since all substansive and formal prerequisites have been fulfilled and only the execution of the notarial deed as legally required is pending. Instead, Alpha Bank on 3 April 2012, following several announcements, has called for a shareholders' meeting for 26 April 2012 with an agenda item to abort the merger procedure. Eurobank has presented with clarity its position and has reserved its legal rights.

Details of other significant post balance sheet events are also provided in the following notes:

Note 4-Greek Economy Liquidity Support Program

Note 7.3-Capital management

Note 15-Income tax

Note 27-Shares in subsidiary undertakings

Note 34-Debt issued and other borrowed funds

Note 39-Preferred securities

Note 43-Contingent liabilities and other commitments

#### 46. Related party transactions

The Bank is a member of the worldwide EFG Group, which consists of credit institutions, financial services and financial holding companies. The operating parent company of the EFG Group is European Financial Group EFG (Luxembourg) S.A., whilst its ultimate parent company is Private Financial Holdings Limited (PFH), which is owned and controlled indirectly by members of the Latsis family. As at 31 December 2011, the EFG Group held 44.7% of the ordinary shares and voting rights of the Bank through wholly owned subsidiaries of the ultimate parent company, the remaining ordinary shares and voting rights being held by institutional and retail investors, none of which, to the knowledge of the Bank, holds 5% or more.

The Bank's annual consolidated financial statements are fully consolidated in the annual consolidated financial statements of European Financial Group EFG (Luxembourg) S.A.

A number of banking transactions are entered into with related parties in the normal course of business and are conducted on an arm's length basis. These include loans, deposits and guarantees. In addition, as part of its normal course of business in investment banking activities, the Group at times may hold positions in debt and equity instruments of related parties. The volume of related party transactions and outstanding balances at the year-end are as follows:

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements



## 46. Related party transactions (continued)

	31 December 2011			31 December 2010		
		Key			Key	
	EFG	management		EFG	management	
	Group	personnel	Other	Group	personnel	Other
	<u>€ million</u>					
Loans and advances to banks	0	-	-	2	-	-
Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	0	-	-	-	-	-
Derivative financial instruments assets	-	-	1	-	-	-
Investment securities	82	-	7	82	-	10
Loans and advances to customers (see below)	1	15	335	64	19	121
Other assets	-	0	0	1	0	0
Due to banks	54	-	-	55	-	-
Due to customers (see below)	4	42	345	1	53	239
Other liabilities	0	1	0	4	1	0
Net interest income	5	(1)	(2)	1	(1)	0
Net banking fee and commission income	0	-	0	(4)	-	2
Other operating income/(expense)	(5)	(0)	(0)	1	0	(2)
Guarantees issued (note 43)	272	-	2	271	1	1
Guarantees received (note 43)	271	0	50	271	0	56

Note: As at 31 December 2011, loans and advances to customers are covered by cash collateral amounting to € 211 million (2010: € nil).

#### Key management compensation (including directors)

Key management personnel includes directors and key management personnel of the Group and its parent, and their close family members.

No provisions have been recognised in respect of loans given to related parties (2010: € nil).

Key management personnel are entitled to compensation in the form of short-term employee benefits of  $\in$  7.3 million (2010:  $\in$  7.5 million), and long-term employee benefits of  $\in$  1.8 million out of which  $\in$  1.3 million are share-based payments (2010:  $\in$  2.6 million and  $\in$  2.1 million respectively).

#### 47. Board of Directors

The Board of Directors of the Bank, as follows, were appointed by the Bank's Annual General Meeting of 25 June 2010:

E. N. Christodoulou	Chairman (non executive)
G. C. Gondicas	Honorary Chairman (non executive)
A. M. L. J. Latsis	Vice Chairman (non executive)
N. C. Nanopoulos	Chief Executive Officer
B. N. Ballis	Deputy Chief Executive Officer
M. H. Colakides	Deputy Chief Executive Officer
N. V. Karamouzis	Executive
N. K. Pavlidis	Non Executive
F. S. Antonatos	Non Executive
E. L. Bussetil	Non Executive
S. J. Latsis	Non Executive
P. P. Petalas	Non Executive
D. A. Georgoutsos	Non Executive
S. L. Lorentziadis	Non Executive
A. J. Martinos	Independent Non Executive (registered as independent on 10 January 2011)
D. T. Papalexopoulos	Independent Non Executive (registered as independent on 10 January 2011)

The three year term of the Board of Directors expires at the Annual General Meeting which will take place in 2013.

#### 48. Dividends

Final dividends are not accounted for until they have been ratified by the Annual General Meeting. In June 2011, the Annual General Meeting approved the distribution of dividend amounting to € 95 million payable to preference shares for 2010 (note 38).

Under Law 3756/2009, as amended by Laws 3844/2010, 3965/2011 and 4063/2012, banks participating in the Greek Economy Liquidity Support Program are not allowed to declare a cash dividend to their ordinary shareholders for 2008 to date. Based on the 2011 results, the Directors will not recommend to the Shareholders Annual General Meeting the distribution of a dividend to either ordinary or preference shareholders.

Athens, 20 April 2012

Nicholas C. Nanopoulos I.D. No AE - 586794 CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Paula N. Hadjisotiriou I.D. No AK - 221300 CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER Harris V. Kokologiannis I.D. No AK - 021124 HEAD OF GROUP FINANCE & CONTROL *IV.* Summary Financial (Solo and Consolidated) Data and Information for the Year from 1 January to 31 December 2011



# EFG EUROBANK ERGASIAS S.A. FINANCIAL DATA AND INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR from 1 January to 31 December 2011

(published according to the Article 135 of Law 2190, for companies preparing annual financial statements, consolidated or not, in accordance with the IFRS)

. The information listed below aims to provide a general overview about the financial position and the financial results of EFG Eurobank Ergasias S.A. and its Group. Consequently, readers are strongly advised to visit the website of the Bank, where the Annual Financial Statements prepared under Interna Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), as well as the certified auditors' opinion are available, before any investment decision or transaction with the Bank is entered into.

Board of directors:

COMPANY'S DATA Registered office: Register No: Appropriate Authority: Date of approval of the annual financial statements (from which data were compiled): Certified Public Accountant-Auditor Audit Firm: Auditors' opinion : Company's website

8 Othonos Street, Athens 105 57 6068/06/B/86/07 Ministry of Development, Competitiveness & Shipping 20 April 2012 Marios Psaltis PricewaterhouseCoopers S.A. Unqualified - emphasis of matte http://www.eurobank.gr

Efthymios N. Christodoulou George C. Gondicas Anna Maria Louisa J. Latsis Nicholas C. Nanopoulos Byron N. Ballis Michael H. Colakides Nikolaos V. Karamouzis Nicholas K. Pavlidis Fotios S. Antonatos Emmanuel L. Bussetil Dr. Spiro J. Latsis Dr. Pericles P. Petalas Dr. Pericles P. Petalas Dimitrios A. Georgoutsos Spyros L. Lorentziadis Athanasios J. Martinos Dimitri T. Papalexopoulos Dr. Panayiotis V. Tridimas

ASSETS

Chairman (non executive) Honorary Chairman (non executive) Vice Chairman (non executive) Chief Executive Officer Deputy Chief Executive Officer Deputy Chief Executive Officer Deputy Chief Executive Officer Executive Non Executive Non Executive Non Executive Non Executive Non Executive (appointed under L. 3723/2008) Independent Non Executive Independent Non Executive Independent Non Executive Independent Non Executive Independent Non Executive

Cash and balances with central banks

Loans and advances to banks

Derivative financial instruments

Debt securities lending portfolio

Own used fixed assets

Investment property

Intangible assets

Other assets

Total assets

LIABILITIES

Due to other banks

Due to customers

Other liabilities

Total liabilities

Ordinary share capital

Less: treasury shares

Non controlling interest

Total equity and liabilities

Hybrid capital-preferred securities

Preference shares

Share premium

Other reserves

EQUITY

Total

Shares in subsidiary undertakings

Secured borrowings from banks

Derivative financial instruments

Debt issued and other borrowed funds

Loans and advances to customers

Available-for-sale investment securities

Held-to-maturity investment securities

Investments in associated undertakings

BALANCE SHEET

Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss

Group 31 Dec 2011 31 Dec 2010

3,606

5,159

1.440

56,268

3,369

3,429

9,765

14

829 408

734

,529

87,188

1.144 25,480

2.681

44,435

5.389

1,965

81,094

1,481

950

1.450

1,113

(13)

791

322

6,094

87,188

638

3,286

6,988

1.818

48,094

3,185

2,206 5,992

8

736 568

465

2,973

76,822

1,043 34,888

3.013

32,459

2.671

1,873

1,228 950 1,448

(3,763)

(11) 745

278

875

76,822

75,947

503

		INCOME STATEMENT		11		
_		Amounts in euro million			_	
Bar 1 Jan-	1 Jan-		Gro 1 Jan-	up 1 Jan-	Ba	nk
31 Dec 2011	31 Dec 2010		31 Dec 2011	31 Dec 2010	31 Dec 2011	31 Dec 2010
Di Dec 2011	51 Dec 2010		51 Dec 2011	51 Dec 2010	31 Dec 2011	51 Dec 2010
1,235	1,213	Net interest income	2,039	2,103		
162	254	Net banking fee and commission income	292	363	1,821	2,2
-	-	Net insurance income	30	37	23,965	29,4
7	9	Income from non banking services	28	34	94	2
20	102	Dividend income	6	7	1,950	1,7
(55)	65	Net trading income	(51)	78	36,087	43,5
(56)	76	Gains less losses from investment securities	(19)	84	1,052	2,2
17	1	Other operating income	1	24	1,492	2,0
1,330	1,720	Operating income	2,326	2,730	3,402	4,3
(674)	(762)	Operating expenses	(1,198)	(1,280)	2,946	2,9
<u>, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i</u>	( - /.	Profit from operations before impairment on loans		<u> </u>	6	,-
656	958	and advances and non recurring valuation losses	1,128	1,450	232	2
(1,086)	(1,003)	Impairment losses on loans and advances	(1,333)	(1,273)	96	_
(5,874)	(.,)	Impairment losses on Greek sovereign exposure	(6,012)	-	73	1
(0,0. 1)		Impairment losses on goodwill asset	(236)	.	2,566	1,1
(332)		Other non recurring valuation losses	(501)	.	75,782	90,3
(002)		Share of results of associates	(1)	(0)		
(6,636)	(45)	Profit/(loss) before tax	(6,955)	177		
(0,000)	(43)	ront/(1035) before tax	(0,355)		3,372	8.3
1,330	10	Income tax	1,316	(60)	34,549	0,3 25,1
(5,306)	(35)	Profit/(loss) for the year from continuing operations	(5,639)	117	34,549	25,1
(5,306)	(35)	Profit/(loss) for the year from continuing operations	(5,639)	117		
	(10)			(00)	26,864	40,5
151	(48)	Profit/(loss) for the year from discontinued operations	143	(33) 84	4,337	8,0
(5,155)	(83)	Net profit/(loss) for the year	(5,496)	84	3,626	5
		<b>.</b>			75,792	85,2
-	-	Net profit for the year attributable to non controlling interest	12	16		
(5,155)	(83)	Net profit/(loss) for the year attributable to shareholders	(5,508)	68		
					1,228	1,4
					950	g
					1,448	1,4
(9.4659)	(0.4260)	Basic earnings/(losses) per share	(10.1274)	(0.1458)	(4,380)	4
					-	
					744	7
		Basic earnings/(losses) per share			<u> </u>	
(9.7421)	(0.2915)	from continuing operations	(10.3895)	(0.0852)	(10)	5,1
					75,782	90.3
				11	/5,/82	90,3

		STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME Amounts in euro million		
Ba	nk		Gro	up
1 Jan- 31 Dec 2011	1 Jan- 31 Dec 2010		1 Jan- 31 Dec 2011	1 Jan- 31 Dec 2010
(5,155)	(83)	Net profit/(loss) for the year	(5,496)	84
122	(177)	IAS 39 revaluation reserve	407	(199)
(2)	(3)	Foreign currency translation	38	(28)
(5,035)	(263)	Total comprehensive income, net of tax	(5,051)	(143)
		Attributable to:		
		Shareholders		
(5,185)	(217)	<ul> <li>from continuing operations</li> </ul>	(5,216)	(128)
150	(46)	- from discontinued operations	153	(29)
-	-	Non controlling interest from continuing operations	12	14

		STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY Amounts in euro million		
			0	
Bar 1 Jan -	1 Jan -		Gro 1 Jan -	up 1 Jan -
31 Dec 2011	31 Dec 2010		31 Dec 2011	31 Dec 2010
5,115	5,486	Balance at 1 January	6,094	6,31
(5,155)	(83)	Profit/(loss) for the year	(5,496)	8
120	(180)	Other comprehensive income for the year Dividends distributed by subsidiaries	445	(227
-	-	attributable to non controlling interest	(10)	(15
(149)	(109)	Preference shares/preferred securities Acquisitions/changes in participating interests	(149)	(108
67	-	in subsidiary and associated undertakings	(3)	48
(7)	(3)	(Purchase)/sale of treasury shares, net of tax	(5)	(6
(1)	4	Other	(1)	4
(10)	5,115	Balance at 31 December	875	6,094

N	o t	e		

The Bank's annual consolidated financial statements are fully consolidated in the annual consolidated financial statements European Financial Group EFG (Luxembourg) S.A., the operating parent company of the EFG Group. As at 31 December 2011, European Financial Group EFG (Luxembourg) S.A. indirectly held 43.6% of the Bank's ordinary shares and voting ents of rights, whilst the EFG Group held in total 44.7%

 The fixed assets of the Bank and the Group are free of material charges or encumbrances.
 The outcome of pending lawsuits is not expected to have a significant impact on the Bank's and the Group's financial statements.

4. A list of the companies consolidated on 31 December 2011 is mentioned in notes 27 and 30 of the consolidated financial statements where information on the percentage of Group's holding, the country of incorporation, as well as, the consolidation method applied is reported. (a) The companies that were fully consolidated for the first time on 31 December 2011 were the acquired Chamia Enterprises Company Ltd, the newly established EFG Istanbul Portfoy Yonetimi A.S. and the newly established special purpose vehicle Anaptyxi II Plc, (b) (i) Fully consolidated on 31 December 2011 but not included in the 31 December 2010 consolidation were the companies NEU II Property Holdings Ltd, NEU III Property Holdings Ltd, NEU IIII Property Holdings Ltd, NEU III Prop established in the third quarter of 2011 and (ii) Consolidated under the equity method on 31 December 2011 but not included in the 31 December 2010 consolidation was Femion Ltd acquired in the first quarter of 2011, (c) On 31 December 2011, the following companies were not included in the consolidated financial statements: (i) Eurocredit Retail Services Ltd which merged with Eurobank EFG Cyprus Ltd in the fourth quarter of 2011, (ii) Eurobank EFG Asset Management Investment Firm S.A. which merged with Eurobank EFG Mutual Fund Management Company S.A. in the fourth quarter of 2011, (iii) Themeleion V Mortgage Finance PIc and Themeleion VI Mortgage Finance PIc which were liquidated in the third quarter of 2011, (iv) Saturn Finance PIc which was liquidated in the second quarter of 2011, (v) Eurobank EFG Fin and Rent S.A. which merged with EFG Eurobank EFG (action 2011, (vi) EFG Poldystrybucja Sp. z.o.o., EFG Property Savies Pick Sp. z.o. act SFE( Services Polska Sp. z.o.o. and EFG Leasing Poland Sp. z.o.o. which are part of Polish operations, the disposal of which was recorded in the first quarter of 2011 (see note 9 below), (vii) Dias S.A. which merged with the Bank in the first quarter of 2011, (viii) Tavros Protypi Anaptyxi S.A. which merged with Eurobank Properties R.E.I.C. in the first quarter of 2011 and (ix) BD Financial Limited which was disposed in the fourth quarter of 2011 and d) The companies that are not included in the consolidated financial statements of 31 December 2011 due to immateriality are mentioned in note 27 of the Group's financial statements

5. a) The Bank has been audited by tax authorities up to 2009, b) Of the Group's bank subsidiaries: i) Bancpost S.A. (Romania) has been audited by tax authorities up to 2010, (ii) Eurobank EFG Cyprus Ltd has been audited by tax authorities up to 2009, (iii) Eurobank EFG Bulgaria A.D. and Eurobank EFG Private Bank Luxembourg S.A. have been audited by tax authorities up to 2007 and iv) Eurobank ErG A.D. Beograd (Schia) has been audited by tax authorities up to 2007 and iv) Eurobank ErG A.D. Beograd (Schia) has been audited by tax authorities up to 2006. The remaining of the Group's subsidiaries and associates (notes 27 and 30 of the consolidated financial statements), which operate in countries where a statutory tax audit is explicitly stipulated by law, have open tax years from 1 to 8 years. 6. The total number of employees as at 31 December 2011 was 7,209 (2010: 9,840 including Polish operations) for the Bank and

19,156 (2010: 22,717 including Polish operations) for the Group. 7. The number of treasury shares held by subsidiaries of the Bank as at 31 December 2011 was 809,010 at a cost of € 11m. 8. The related party transactions of the Group are as follows: receivables € 426m., liabilities € 403m., guarantees issued € 274m., guarantees received € 321m., expenses € 15m. and revenues € 13m. The related party transactions of the Bank are as follows: receivables € 20,567m., liabilities € 13,197m., guarantees issued € 8,236m., guarantees received € 280m., expenses € 779m. and revenues € 944m. The transactions of the Group with the key management personnel are as follows: compensation  $\notin 9.1$  m., receivables  $\notin 15$  m., liabilities  $\notin 43$  m., guarantees received  $\notin 0.4$  m., expenses Compensation € 3. min, receivables € 15m., iabilities € 45m, guarantees received € 0.4m, expenses € 1.5m. and revenues € 0.5m. The transactions of the Bank with the key management personnel are as follows: compensation € 8.5m., receivables € 15m., liabilities € 31m., guarantees issued € 0.1m., guarantees received € 0.4m.,

expenses € 1.1m, and revenues € 0.3m. In February 2011 the Group entered into an investment agreement to form a strategic partnership with Raiffeisen International

		CASH FLOW STATEMENT Amounts in euro million			AG ("RBI"), in relation to their Polish operations. Based on the terms of the agreement the Group has recorded, as of 31 March 2011, the disposal of its Polish operations. As at 31 December 2011, the resulting gain of € 151m. (net of tax) is presented within the profit for the year from discontinued operations. Further information is provided in notes 15 and 17 of the Bank's and the Group's financial statements, respectively.
Bar 1 Jan - 31 Dec 2011	nk 1 Jan - 31 Dec 2010		Gro 1 Jan - 31 Dec 2011	oup 1 Jan - 31 Dec 2010	<ol> <li>On 9 April 2012, the Group entered into a sale agreement for the disposal of its Turkish operations which is expected to be completed in the autum of 2012. Further information is provided in note 27 of the Group's financial statements.</li> <li>The Bank and the Group recognised an impairment loss amounting to € 5.641 million and € 5.779 million, before tax, respectively, as of 31 December 2011, for GGBs and other securities which were exchanged in 2012 under the voluntary debt exchange</li> </ol>
1,650 1,141 (3,861)	201 720 (7,325)	Net cash from/(used in) continuing operating activities Net cash from/(used in) continuing investing activities Net cash from/(used in) continuing financing activities	1,757 377 (3,026)	3,832 (1,448) (2,436)	programme, as agreed by Euro Area finance ministers on 21 February 2012. The key terms and conditions of the final voluntary debt exchange package (PSI+) and further information on credit exposure to Greek sovereign debt are provided in note 5 of the Bank's and the Group's financial statements. 12. Given the severity of the impact of the Greek Bond exchange programme (PSI+), on 21 February 2012 the Euro Area finance
	-	Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents Net increase/(decrease) in cash and	(35)	(5)	ministers allocated a total of € 50 bn of the second support programme for Greece specifically for the recapitalisation of the Greek Banking system. The Bank of Greece (BoG) is currently assessing the viability of each Greek Bank and estimating its capital needs, taking into consideration both the PSI+ impact and the difficult economic environment of the next three years.
(1,070) 37 (30)	(6,404) (312) 286 (55)	cash equivalents from continuing operations Net cash flows from discontinued operating activities Net cash flows from discontinued investing activities Net cash flows from discontinued financing activities	(927) 36 (29)	(57) (312) 286 (55)	The Group has obtained HFSF's commitment for a € 4.2 bn capital support, which would bring the Group's Total Capital Adequacy Ratio above 8%. In addition, the Group continues the implementation of its medium term internal capital generating plan, which includes initiatives which generate or release EBA equity capital and/or reduce Risk Weighted Assets. Further information is provided in notes 6, 34 and 39 of the Group's financial statements. 13. On 15 November 2011, each of the Extraordinary General Meetings of Eurobank and Alpha Bank resolved the merger of
7	(81)	Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents from discontinued operations Cash and cash equivalents	7	(81)	the two banks. The completion of the merger was subject to relevant Greek regulatory approvals, the last of which was obtained on 23 January 2012. On 3 April 2012, Alpha Bank called for an Extraordinary General Meeting on 26 April 2012 to approve the cessation of the merger procedure of the two Banks and revoke the decisions of the 15 November 2011 General Meeting. Further information is provided in notes 42 and 45 of the Bank's and the Group's financial statements, respectively.
3,235 2,172	9,720 3,235	at beginning of year Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	<u>4,044</u> <u>3,124</u>	4,182 4,044	
				Athens, 20	April 2012
	I.D. N	s N. Christodoulou o AB - 049358 IE BOARD OF DIRECTORS	Nicholas C. Nanopoulos I.D. No AE - 586794 CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER		Paula N. Hadjisotiriou     Harris V. Kokologiannis       I.D. No AK - 221300     I.D. No AK-021124       CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER     HEAD OF GROUP FINANCE & CONTROL

V. Reference Table to the Information Required by Law 3401/2005, article 10

Date	Announcement	Web Address
Regulatory	Announcements	
10/1/2011	Notice to the Shareholders' Repeat Extraordinary General Meeting on 27 January 2011	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=514&Code=ANNOUNCE
10/1/2011	Resolutions of the Bank's Extraordinary General Shareholders' Meeting of 10.01.2011	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=514&Code=ANNOUNCE
27/1/2011	Announcement – Postponement of decision making	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=514&Code=ANNOUNCE
3/2/2011	Announcement – Partnership with RBI in Poland	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=514&Code=ANNOUNCE
7/2/2011	Merger EUROBANK with DIAS / Proposal for new share exchange ratio	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=514&Code=ANNOUNCE
8/2/2011	Resolutions of the A' Repeat Extraordinary General Shareholders' Meeting	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=514&Code=ANNOUNCE
8/2/2011	Shareholders approved the merger of Eurobank EFG and DIAS Portfolio Investment Company	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=514&Code=ANNOUNCE
11/2/2011	Announcement dates of Financial Results	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=514&Code=ANNOUNCE
30/5/2011	Merger approval & cessation of trading of DIAS S.A. shares	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=514&Code=ANNOUNCE
2/6/2011	Listing of new ordinary shares issued from the share capital increase due to the merger by	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=514&Code=ANNOUNCE
6/6/2011	absorption of DIAS S.A. Notice to the Shareholders' Annual	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=514&Code=ANNOUNCE
	General Meeting on 28 June 2011	
6/6/2011	Report of Directors as per art. 13 par. 10 of c.l. 2190/1920	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=514&Code=ANNOUNCE
7/6/2011	Dates of Announcement of Financial Results	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=514&Code=ANNOUNCE
7/6/2011	Draft Amendment of the Articles of Association	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=514&Code=ANNOUNCE
15/6/2011	Announcement of Distribution of the Proceeds from the Sale of Fractional Rights	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=514&Code=ANNOUNCE
28/6/2011	Annual General Shareholders' Meeting 28.6.2011	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=514&Code=ANNOUNCE
	Announcement Resolutions of the Bank's Annual General Shareholders' Meeting of 28.06.2011	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=514&Code=ANNOUNCE
11/7/2011	Announcement Resolutions of the Bank's Repeat Annual General Shareholders' Meeting of 11.7.2011	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=514&Code=ANNOUNCE

	Eurobank EFG reviewing	
14/7/2011	strategic options in Turkey	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=514&Code=ANNOUNCE
15/7/2011	Stress Test Results EBA	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=514&Code=ANNOUNCE
29/8/2011	Eurobank EFG to merge with Alpha Bank	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=514&Code=ANNOUNCE
20/9/2011	Approval of draft merger agreement between ALPHA BANK and EUROBANK EFG	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=514&Code=ANNOUNCE
22/9/2011	Reduction of the nominal value of the ordinary share of the Bank through a corresponding share capital decrease	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=514&Code=ANNOUNCE
22/9/2011	Summary of the Draft Merger Agreement of ALPHA BANK and EUROBANK	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=514&Code=ANNOUNCE
30/9/2011	Notice to the Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders on 24 October 2011	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=514&Code=ANNOUNCE
24/10/2011	Resolutions of the Bank's Extraordinary General Shareholders' Meeting of 24.10.2011	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=514&Code=ANNOUNCE
31/10/2011	Reply to the Hellenic Capital Market Commission's request dated 27.10.2011	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=514&Code=ANNOUNCE
4/11/2011	Postponement of discussion and decision making	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=514&Code=ANNOUNCE
15/11/2011	Resolutions of the A' Repeat Extraordinary General Shareholders' Meeting of 15.11.2011	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=514&Code=ANNOUNCE
7/12/2011	Announcement	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=514&Code=ANNOUNCE
8/12/2011	Announcement	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=514&Code=ANNOUNCE
Press Relea		
12/1/2011	Eurobank EFG selected as Primary Dealer by EFSF	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=707&Code=PRESS
12/1/2011	Greek Tourism 2020 Study	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=707&Code=PRESS
20/1/2011	Supranational Funding for SMEs	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=707&Code=PRESS
31/1/2011	Eurobank EFG Cyprus named Best Private Bank	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=707&Code=PRESS
1/2/2011	Joint Event with the Piraeus' Commerce of Industry	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=707&Code=PRESS
3/2/2011	Announcement – Partnership with RBI in Poland	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=707&Code=PRESS
7/2/2011	Forum Go International Cyprus	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=707&Code=PRESS
8/2/2011	Shareholders approved the merger of Eurobank EFG and DIAS Portfolio Investment Company	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=707&Code=PRESS
10/2/2011	Euro 900mn Syndicated Loan Facility for OTE	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=707&Code=PRESS
24/2/2011	Full Year 2010 Results	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=707&Code=PRESS
1/3/2011	EUROBANK EFG:	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=707&Code=PRESS

	Eurobank EFG Concludes Repo	
	Agreements	
11/4/2011	Thessaloniki showcases Innovation Competition shortlisted candidates	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=707&Code=PRESS
21/4/2011	Adjustment of interest rates	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=707&Code=PRESS
2/5/2011	New Management Consultant	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=707&Code=PRESS
17/5/2011	Tax and Utility Payments Using Eurobank Credit Cards via a Phone Call	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=707&Code=PRESS
25/5/2011	First Quarter 2011 Results	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=707&Code=PRESS
20/6/2011	GO INTERNATIONAL: Greek – Serbian Bilateral Trade & Regional Synergies	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=707&Code=PRESS
22/6/2011	New Electronic Invoicing (e-Invoicing) Services offered by Business Exchanges SA	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=707&Code=PRESS
24/6/2011	Adjustment of interest rates	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=707&Code=PRESS
28/6/2011	"Investor Forum Athens"	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=707&Code=PRESS
28/6/2011	Annual General Meeting	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=707&Code=PRESS
6/7/2011	Greece Innovates: Awards Ceremony	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=707&Code=PRESS
8/7/2011	Program €pistrofi flavors	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=707&Code=PRESS
14/7/2011	Eurobank EFG reviewing strategic options in Turkey	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=707&Code=PRESS
15/7/2011	Stress Test Results EBA	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=707&Code=PRESS
15/7/2011 15/7/2011	E-Payments and E- Receipts with Live-Pay by Eurobank	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=707&Code=PRESS http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=707&Code=PRESS
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15/7/2011	E-Payments and E- Receipts with Live-Pay by Eurobank Eurobank EFG Factors: Once again at the top of	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=707&Code=PRESS
15/7/2011 25/7/2011	E-Payments and E- Receipts with Live-Pay by Eurobank Eurobank EFG Factors: Once again at the top of the World Rankings Eurobank EFG holds leadership position in	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=707&Code=PRESS http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=707&Code=PRESS
15/7/2011 25/7/2011 2/8/2011	E-Payments and E- Receipts with Live-Pay by Eurobank Eurobank EFG Factors: Once again at the top of the World Rankings Eurobank EFG holds leadership position in Green household loans A successful first collaboration between the Health Procurement Committee and BE- Business Exchanges SA	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=707&Code=PRESS http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=707&Code=PRESS http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=707&Code=PRESS
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15/7/2011 25/7/2011 2/8/2011 3/8/2011 8/8/2011 10/8/2011	E-Payments and E- Receipts with Live-Pay by Eurobank Eurobank EFG Factors: Once again at the top of the World Rankings Eurobank EFG holds leadership position in Green household loans A successful first collaboration between the Health Procurement Committee and BE- Business Exchanges SA on E-Auctions Eurobank EFG invests in NGP PLASTIC Adjustment of Interest Rates Eurobank EFG to merge with Alpha Bank First Half 2011 Results	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=707&Code=PRESS         http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=707&Code=PRESS         http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=707&Code=PRESS         http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=707&Code=PRESS         http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=707&Code=PRESS         http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=707&Code=PRESS         http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=707&Code=PRESS         http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=707&Code=PRESS
15/7/2011 25/7/2011 2/8/2011 3/8/2011 8/8/2011 10/8/2011 29/8/2011	E-Payments and E- Receipts with Live-Pay by Eurobank Eurobank EFG Factors: Once again at the top of the World Rankings Eurobank EFG holds leadership position in Green household loans A successful first collaboration between the Health Procurement Committee and BE- Business Exchanges SA on E-Auctions Eurobank EFG invests in NGP PLASTIC Adjustment of Interest Rates Eurobank EFG to merge with Alpha Bank	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=707&Code=PRESS
15/7/2011 25/7/2011 2/8/2011 3/8/2011 8/8/2011 10/8/2011 29/8/2011	E-Payments and E- Receipts with Live-Pay by Eurobank Eurobank EFG Factors: Once again at the top of the World Rankings Eurobank EFG holds leadership position in Green household loans A successful first collaboration between the Health Procurement Committee and BE- Business Exchanges SA on E-Auctions Eurobank EFG invests in NGP PLASTIC Adjustment of Interest Rates Eurobank EFG to merge with Alpha Bank First Half 2011 Results "Greece innovates!" : Salonica Forum on New	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=707&Code=PRESS         http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=707&Code=PRESS

5/10/2011	"New Frontiers" Fund of Funds from the Eurobank EFG Group	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=707&Code=PRESS
12/10/2011	Presentation of Website Moneypedia.gr	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=707&Code=PRESS
17/10/2011	Best Domestic Cash Manager in Greece by Euromoney	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=707&Code=PRESS
25/10/2011	Go International in Serbia	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=707&Code=PRESS
10/11/2011	TradePlanet.gr: New internet portal for Greek exporters.	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=707&Code=PRESS
15/11/2011	Eurobank EFG Shareholders approve of the merger with Alpha Bank by a majority of 98.06%	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=707&Code=PRESS
22/11/2011	European Distinction for the Group Client Relations Office	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=707&Code=PRESS
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14/12/2011	Eurobank EFG invests in MLS Multimedia S.A.	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=707&Code=PRESS
20/12/2011	Eurobank EFG was named Best Trade Finance Bank by Global Finance magazine	http://www.eurobank.gr/online/home/news.aspx?mid=707&Code=PRESS
Financial Re		
24/2/2011	FY 2010Results – Press	http://www.eurobank.gr/Uploads/pdf/Eurobank%20EFG%20FY2010%20Results%20Press%20Releas
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22/3/2011 22/3/2011	Consolidated Financial Statements 2010 Summary Financial Data and Information for the year ended 31 December 2010 Annual Financial Report for the year ended 31 December 2010 Consolidated Basel II Pillar 3 Report	http://www.eurobank.gr/Uploads/pdf/Consolidated%20Financial%20Statements%202010_new.pdf http://www.eurobank.gr/Uploads/pdf/Summary%20Financial%20Report%20for%20the%20year%20en ded%2031%20December%202010.pdf
22/3/2011 22/3/2011 22/3/2011	Consolidated Financial Statements 2010 Summary Financial Data and Information for the year ended 31 December 2010 Annual Financial Report for the year ended 31 December 2010 Consolidated Basel II	http://www.eurobank.gr/Uploads/pdf/Consolidated%20Financial%20Statements%202010_new.pdf http://www.eurobank.gr/Uploads/pdf/Summary%20Financial%20Report%20for%20the%20year%20en_ded%2031%20December%202010.pdf http://www.eurobank.gr/Uploads/pdf/REPORT10%2011_5_11.pdf
22/3/2011 22/3/2011 22/3/2011 22/3/2011	Consolidated Financial Statements 2010 Summary Financial Data and Information for the year ended 31 December 2010 Annual Financial Report for the year ended 31 December 2010 Consolidated Basel II Pillar 3 Report 1Q 2011 Results – Press Release 1Q 2011 Consolidated Interim Financial Statement	http://www.eurobank.gr/Uploads/pdf/Consolidated%20Financial%20Statements%202010_new.pdf         http://www.eurobank.gr/Uploads/pdf/Summary%20Financial%20Report%20for%20the%20year%20en         ded%2031%20December%202010.pdf         http://www.eurobank.gr/Uploads/pdf/REPORT10%2011_5_11.pdf         http://www.eurobank.gr/Uploads/pdf/Pillar_3_Report%202010_Final%20Values.pdf
22/3/2011 22/3/2011 22/3/2011 22/3/2011 25/5/2011	Consolidated Financial Statements 2010 Summary Financial Data and Information for the year ended 31 December 2010 Annual Financial Report for the year ended 31 December 2010 Consolidated Basel II Pillar 3 Report 1Q 2011 Results – Press Release 1Q 2011 Consolidated Interim Financial Statement Summary Financial Data and Information for the period ended 31 March 2011	http://www.eurobank.gr/Uploads/pdf/Consolidated%20Financial%20Statements%202010_new.pdf         http://www.eurobank.gr/Uploads/pdf/Summary%20Financial%20Report%20for%20the%20year%20en         ded%2031%20December%202010.pdf         http://www.eurobank.gr/Uploads/pdf/REPORT10%2011_5_11.pdf         http://www.eurobank.gr/Uploads/pdf/Pillar_3_Report%202010_Final%20Values.pdf         http://www.eurobank.gr/Uploads/pdf/1Q%202011%20ResultsPress%20Release30.pdf         http://www.eurobank.gr/Uploads/pdf/30Consolidated.pdf         http://www.eurobank.gr/Uploads/pdf/S0Consolidated.pdf
22/3/2011 22/3/2011 22/3/2011 22/3/2011 25/5/2011 30/5/2011	Consolidated Financial Statements 2010 Summary Financial Data and Information for the year ended 31 December 2010 Annual Financial Report for the year ended 31 December 2010 Consolidated Basel II Pillar 3 Report 1Q 2011 Results – Press Release 1Q 2011 Consolidated Interim Financial Statement Summary Financial Data and Information for the period ended 31 March	http://www.eurobank.gr/Uploads/pdf/Consolidated%20Financial%20Statements%202010_new.pdf         http://www.eurobank.gr/Uploads/pdf/Summary%20Financial%20Report%20for%20the%20year%20en         ded%2031%20December%202010.pdf         http://www.eurobank.gr/Uploads/pdf/REPORT10%2011_5_11.pdf         http://www.eurobank.gr/Uploads/pdf/Pillar_3_Report%202010_Final%20Values.pdf         http://www.eurobank.gr/Uploads/pdf/1Q%202011%20ResultsPress%20Release30.pdf         http://www.eurobank.gr/Uploads/pdf/30Consolidated.pdf
22/3/2011 22/3/2011 22/3/2011 22/3/2011 25/5/2011 30/5/2011 30/5/2011	Consolidated Financial Statements 2010 Summary Financial Data and Information for the year ended 31 December 2010 Annual Financial Report for the year ended 31 December 2010 Consolidated Basel II Pillar 3 Report 1Q 2011 Results – Press Release 1Q 2011 Consolidated Interim Financial Statement Summary Financial Data and Information for the period ended 31 March 2011 1H 2011 Results – Press	http://www.eurobank.gr/Uploads/pdf/Consolidated%20Financial%20Statements%202010_new.pdf         http://www.eurobank.gr/Uploads/pdf/Summary%20Financial%20Report%20for%20the%20year%20en         ded%2031%20December%202010.pdf         http://www.eurobank.gr/Uploads/pdf/REPORT10%2011_5_11.pdf         http://www.eurobank.gr/Uploads/pdf/Pillar_3_Report%202010_Final%20Values.pdf         http://www.eurobank.gr/Uploads/pdf/1Q%202011%20ResultsPress%20Release30.pdf         http://www.eurobank.gr/Uploads/pdf/30Consolidated.pdf         http://www.eurobank.gr/Uploads/pdf/Fin.%20Stat.%20and%20Information.pdf         http://www.eurobank.gr/Uploads/pdf/Fin.%20Stat.%20and%20Information.pdf

	period ended 30 June 2011				
29/8/2011	Financial Report for the six months ended 30 June 2011	http://www.eurobank.gr/Uploads/pdf/REPORT2011T2SITE.pdf			
28/11/2011	9M 2011 Results – Press Release	http://www.eurobank.gr/Uploads/pdf/A3Q%202011%20Results%20Press%20Release.pdf			
28/11/2011	9M 2011 Consolidated Interim Financial Statement	http://www.eurobank.gr/Uploads/pdf/EUROBANK%20Fin.%20Stat.%20Full%20Notes%20Consolidate d%202011_T3.pdf			
28/11/2011	Summary Financial Data and Information for the period ended 30 September 2011	http://www.eurobank.gr/Uploads/pdf/eurobankS.A.Fin.%20Stat.%20and%20Information%202011_T3.p df			
Annual Rep	Annual Report – Annual Financial Report for the year ended 31 December 2010				
22/3/2011	Annual Financial Report for the year ended 31 December 2010	http://www.eurobank.gr/Uploads/pdf/REPORT10%2011_5_11.pdf			
5/5/2011	Annual Report 2010	http://www.eurobank.gr/Uploads/pdf/Eurobank%20FIN%20AR%202010%20en.pdf			
Announcem	ents of Transactions				
2011	Transactions' announcements according to article 13 of I.3340/2005 and article 6 of Capital Market Commission's Regulation 3/347/2005.	http://www.eurobank.gr/Uploads/pdf/Trade%20Aknowledgements%2030.12.2011.pdf			

VI. Website Address for Information on Subsidiaries of the Bank

The Financial Statements of the companies which are required by law to publish financial statements in their local language prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union, which are included in the Consolidated Financial Statements of EFG Eurobank Ergasias S.A, accompanied by their Auditor's Report and the Directors' Report, are posted to at the website address: http://www.eurobank.gr